

THE WEATHER
Fair and continued cold tonight
and Saturday; moderate westerly
winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

THE LOWELL SUN

6
O'CLOCK

LOWELL MASS. FRIDAY MARCH 1 1912

16 PAGES 1 CENT

Wages Are Advanced MORE PAY GRANTED Notices Posted in Mills of American Woolen Company

BOSTON, March 1.—The American Woolen Co. today notified its agents in all of its 33 mills in New England and New York state to advance wages five percent. The order affects about 30,000 operatives employed by the company.

The notices were posted in all the mills of the company shortly before noon. A copy of the notice follows:

"In all mills of this company a new schedule of wages will be put into effect March 4, 1912, involving increases in the rates now paid by the hour and the piece. The wages will be readjusted according to classes and occupations but in every case the increase will amount to at least five percent."

The action of the American Woolen Co., which is the largest manufacturer of woolen and worsted goods in the world, is expected to have far-reaching effect in the woolen industry of the country. There are a large number of independent mills, especially in New England, which generally follow closely the schedule paid by the American company, and it is expected by mill men here that many of these independents will also decide to advance wages. There is also a strong feeling in Boston textile circles that the action of the American Woolen Co., Arlington mills and Uxbridge mills in Lawrence in posting notices of a wage advance will contribute materially to a speedy ending of the strike in that city.

REJECT WAGE INCREASE

LAWRENCE, March 1.—The general strike committee of the Industrial Workers of the World voted in executive session this afternoon to insist on their original demands, namely, a wage increase of 15 per cent., double pay for overtime work, the abolition of the premium system and no discrimination against strikers. The committee voted further to insist that Joseph J. Ettor and Arturo Giovannitti, the strike leaders now in jail awaiting grand jury action on charges of being accessories to murder, be released before the strikers will return to work.

This afternoon a committee of the strikers prepared to go to Boston to meet the mill owners in a conference. The general strike committee declares that no proposals for a settlement of the strike have been officially submitted to the committee. Ettor is chairman of this committee, but on account of his enforced absence from the conference the committee will act without him.

Continued to page nine

LOOTERS EXECUTED

They Were Put to Death by
Loyal Soldiers

PEKING, March 1.—Ten looters captured in the act of carrying off property have been executed on the spot by loyal soldiers, several regiments of whom are patrolling the streets.

The incendiary fires which were started last night have now all been extinguished or have died out. The loss is estimated approximately at \$15,000,000.

The number of the casualties that have occurred among the civilians and soldiers is not known but it is believed that the loss of life has been

heavy. The outbreak was a complete surprise both to the government and the foreign legations and there is some apprehension of a recurrence of the disorders tonight.

The smouldering fires in many districts of the city are this evening being taken over by throngs of poor who pay no attention to the patrolling soldiers, as they have nothing to lose and much to gain. No fresh fires have occurred today but there has been some further looting in remote quarters of the city.

Some detachments of old style European troops have been brought to the city today and it is reliably reported that Yuan Shih Kai is also bringing back the Manchu troops who were recently ousted from the city because it was believed that they were a dangerous element. This was evidently an error of judgment of Yuan Shih Kai, who has since been endeavoring to retain the loyalty of the soldiers in Peking by permitting his bodyguard to do as they pleased. Only a small body of Yuan Shih Kai's men now remain loyal to him.

The delegates from Nanking succeeded in escaping yesterday from the burning residence, where they wore the gowns of the city. They are now staying at hotel in the legion quarter.

The streets have been thronged all day but the shops and houses are all closed. Long lines of carts continue to bring valuable into the legion quarter, where they are stored in foreign banks and warehouses.

Space being allotted in the legion quarter only a few of the better class Chinese are being permitted to take refuge there. Many Christians, however, are being harbored in the mission compounds.

The trains departing for Tien Tsin are crowded with fugitives.

During last night's disturbances the number of killed was small. There were probably under 100 altogether.

The object of the rioters was evidently loot and not slaughter and the continued firing was apparently designed to intimidate the people.

J. A. McEvoy
Cameras and Supplies
Optical Goods. Eyes Examined
222 MERRIMACK STREET

OUR REGISTERED Pharmacists
Just ask your doctor if we can fill
your prescriptions.
CARTER & SHERBURNE
PHARMACEUTICAL DRUGS
In the Waiting Room

Deposit All
Surplus Cash

Promptly in the bank, then you
will not run the risk of losing
or having it stolen.

We cordially invite you to
start an account with us.

4 PER CENT. INTEREST PAID

MERRIMACK RIVER
SAVINGS BANK

417 Middlesex Street,

ONE MAN WAS KILLED

In Train Wreck at Anniston, Ala.

ANNISTON, Ala., March 1.—At least one man was killed and three hurt in the wreck near here today of south-bound passenger train number 45 on the southern railroad. The wires are down and details are unavailable.

BILL OF LADING

DISCUSSED BY GENERAL COUNSEL SEL BOND

WASHINGTON, March 1.—General Counsel Bond of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad declared before the senate committee on inter-state commerce that as compared with holding up taxicabs the frauds possible under the present bill of lading practice would be a comparatively safe industry.

Mr. Bond was one of a number of railroad attorneys who testified regarding proposed reforms in lading bill methods, designed to safeguard these documents and to hold railroads to strict liability for them.

General Counsel A. P. Thom of the Southern railroad also testified for the railroads, calling attention particularly to cotton bills of lading and to large forgeries that have taken place.

Interest
BEGINS
Tomorrow

SATURDAY, Mar. 2

MECHANICS
SAVINGS BANK

222 MERRIMACK ST.

ESTABLISHED 1859

J. F. O'Donnell & Sons

UNDERTAKERS

Complete equipment for city or out-

of-town funerals.

A chapel where services may be held or bodies kept when desired. Advice and information given.

Telephone Office, 439-81; residen-

ce 439-81.

818-324 MARKET STREET, COR-

NERWORTHEN

COAL ARGE STOCK
LOWEST PRICES
FRED H. ROURKE
LIBERTY SQUARE TEL-1177

THE FRENCH MINERS

Say They Will Go on Strike

PARIS, March 1.—The French Federation of Miners today telegraphed to the British miners congratulations on the coal strike, adding "in a few days the French miners will strike."

REP. SULLOWAY

DEPLORES THE USE OF THE TOOTH BRUSH

WASHINGTON, March 1.—"If I had my way I'd make it a penal offense for any mother to put a tooth brush in the mouth of a child," declared Rep. Cyrus A. Sulloway of New Hampshire today at a hearing before the District of Columbia committee on a bill to regulate dentistry.

Rep. Sulloway denounced the use of the tooth brush vigorously and lauded the good old days of tobacco chewing and dipping snuff.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our appreciation for the loving sympathy and kindness shown us when our little daughter, Laurette, left us for her heavenly home.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Parent.

TO GET WAGE INCREASE

DOVER, N. H., March 1.—The 300 employees of the Sawyer Woolen mill, owned by the American Woolen Co., will receive an increase in wages of five per cent. beginning next Monday. Notices to that effect were posted in the mill today. No changes in the wage schedules of the other mills of this city had been reported up to date this afternoon.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Men Who Mix

Those men, who once kneaded bread by hand, are good friends of the electric dough-mixer.

It has saved them many an hour of real work.

Bakers! Surprise your men. Order an electric today.

LOWELL ELECTRIC
LIGHT CORP.

50 Central Street

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS FROM

Saturday, Mar. 2

MECHANICS
SAVINGS BANK

222 MERRIMACK ST.

ESTABLISHED 1859

J. F. O'Donnell & Sons

UNDERTAKERS

Complete equipment for city or out-

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COMMITTED SUICIDE

Man Shot Himself While Riding in a Taxicab

BOSTON, March 1.—Frederick Sands, a traveling salesman, who had been living for some time in New York, shot himself in the right temple about 8.30 last evening in a taxicab in front of Hotel Maxim, at 25 Harrison Avenue in Clinton Hill, and was rushed to the Tufts Emergency Hospital, where he died at 10.30.

Sands was out of work and had grown despondent owing to the lack of money. He was in the cab with his brother, who had been heard distinctly in the street.

A great amount of excitement was created, as it was thought it was the report of a shooting from the automobile.

At 10 o'clock yesterday Sands arrived from New York and went to the home of his brother, Elsie M. Sands, at 41 Brewster Street, Melrose Highlands.

Last evening the brothers came in town and were joined by William P. Harrington of 13 Righton Street, Dorchester, Elsie M. Sands, a local agent for the Logan Coal Company, with offices at 11 Milk Street, Boston.

The three spent a short time together, and then the brothers got into a taxicab to drive to the North Station, where they were to take a train for Melrose Highlands. The brothers were seated in the cab and Mr. Harrington had just said "good night," when there was a report of a revolver shot.

David Kaplan of 68 West Concord

MRS. ELIZABETH LEW

Observing Her 91st Birth-day Today

Today is the 91st birthday of Mrs. Elizabeth Lew, of Ayer, and the day is being celebrated by many friends at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary Hazard, with whom she is staying for the winter.

Mrs. Lew made the journey from the home of her son in 82 Mt. Hope street, this city, to Ayer recently, all alone. In appearance, this aged-colored woman is not more than middle-aged.

Mrs. Lew was born in Derry, N.H., and came to Lowell when a young woman, where she married Ernest Lew, at that time one of the prosperous farmers in this locality. She has four sons, Irving, John, and William of Lowell; Fred of Marion, and James of Cambridge. All her sons are engaged in the dying business.

When Mrs. Lew first came to Lowell, the place where she lives on Mt. Hope street did not look much as it does

ENDLESS TROUBLE

Follows an Attack of the Grip Unless the Blood Is Built Up and Purified.

Few diseases so shatter the health as the grip. Its victims all tell the same story. They are left despondent, tired, faint and wretched in every way. They have no appetite, ambition or strength, cannot sleep, and suffer from headaches, backaches and nervousness. In this weakened condition lies the real danger of the grip. The body falls an easy prey to bronchitis, pneumonia and even consumption. Nearly every form of nervous trouble has also been known to follow an attack. The work of the grip is so complete that many of its victims die their years off weakness from a single attack.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People give the quickest and most thorough relief from the after-effects of the grip. They build up and purify the blood, drive the poisons out of the system and give strength and tone to the entire body. They make the body able to resist the dangerous diseases which follow an attack.

Mr. M. D. Rowland, of No. 123 Allegan Street, East Lansing, Mich., says:

"After an attack of the grip my stomach was lost in a very bad condition. My appetite was poor and what little I did eat my stomach could not digest. After each meal I had terrible pains and cramps which could be relieved only by vomiting. I was going in bad shape and worked only part of the time. I doctor for over a year and was relieved for a time but would soon feel as bad as ever. I noticed in a paper that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were good for my trouble and gave them a trial. I was helped after taking them a while and finally entirely cured. The cure must be permanent as I haven't had a return of my trouble in any form."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the most correct cure for all diseases due to impure or impoverished blood, as anemia, chlorosis, rheumatism, weakness following fevers or operations and a general run-down condition due to overwork and worry.

A valueable fact, "Diseases of the Blood," containing helpful information will be sent upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, per box, six tablets, \$2.50, by Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

QUINN'S Red Star Nut Coal

For the kitchen range or parlor stove has no equal. A trial order will convince you.

Telephones 1180 and 2180.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Shop With Us

—OR—

We Both Lose

The Bon Marché
OPEN DAILY 9 A.M. TO 9 P.M.

Satisfaction

—OR—

Your Money Back

LADIES OF THE HIGH STREET CHURCH OPENED A FOOD SALE TODAY AT 10 O'CLOCK

A Big Sale of New Spring Silk and Wool Dresses

Opened This Morning at 8 O'Clock

These dresses were purchased from three different New York manufacturers; the quantities were large in each case. The manufacturers were eager for early business and besides we made "Spot Cash" transactions in each instance. See these dresses in our window. Where alterations are necessary we shall be obliged to make a small charge, as at the very low prices at which these dresses will be sold, we cannot make free alterations.

Special New Serge Dresses in Tan, Copenhagen, Navy or Black..... \$5.98

New Serge Dresses in all colors, Value \$8.75..... \$5.98

White Serge Dresses \$5.98

White Serge is in great demand, hard to procure, and that is one reason why this lot of Dresses should appeal to every woman, when the low price is considered.

These Dresses are made round neck, 3-4 sleeves, have wide band of wide soutache down front, neck and sleeve of plain satin in Copenhagen, Royal, Black or Red.

Cream Serge Dresses \$5.98

This lot of Dresses made with square sailor collar of Copenhagen Blue, Royal Blue, Black or Red Satin, sleeve cuff, tie and buttons down front in color to match collar and cuff. All sizes in this lot for Women and Misses, 14, 16, 18 and 24 to 46 bust.

\$7.50, \$8.75 and \$10.00

Messaline Silk and Wool
Serge Dresses

All at
One
Price

\$5.98

Silk Messaline Dresses

\$5.98

These Silk Dresses are less than half price. We say not a dress in the lot worth less than \$10.00, some \$15.00. The colors are Black ground with White stripe or Navy ground with White stripe, also Copenhagen ground with White stripe. Sizes for Misses and Women. Sizes 34, 36, 38 only.

A Showing in NEW HAMBURGS AT POPULAR PRICES

Swiss Embroidered Flouncing—45 inches wide, beautiful designs, at

\$2.50 a yard

Batiste Embroidered Flouncing—with Irish crochet effects, 45 inches wide, at \$2.00 a yard

Swiss Embroidered Flouncing—in Van Dyke effects, 45 inches wide, at

\$1.75 a yard

Swiss Embroidered Flouncing—in eyelet and floral effects, 45 inches wide, at

\$1.50 a yard

Swiss Embroidered Flouncings—Beautiful patterns, 45 inches wide, at

\$1.19 and 69c a yard

Swiss Embroidered Flouncings—in Irish crochet effects, 27 inches wide, at

69c, \$1.00 and \$1.19 a yard

Swiss Embroidered All-Overs—in eyelet effects, 20 inches wide, at

69c to \$1.00 a yard

Swiss Embroidered Gauze Bands—to match flouncings, all widths, at

19c to 45c a yard

Nainsook Flouncings—18 inches wide, at

25c a yard

Convent Needlework—Edgings and insertions to match, at

25c to 39c a yard

Cambric Edgings and Insertions to Match—in solid and eyelet effects, from

10c to 50c a yard

Beadings—in all widths, on Swiss, nainsook and cambric cloth, at

10c to 50c a yard

NEW DESIGNS IN

Stamped Goods

Corset Covers—in fine batiste. Regular price 39c. Sale price 25c

Night Robes—to match. Regular price 75c. Sale price 59c

Stamped Continental 42 in. Wide Tubing—for pillow slips. Regular price 75c pair. Sale price 50c pair

Belts, Jabots, Collars, Baby Kimonas, Bonnets, Pillow Covers, Booties, etc.—Large variety at attractive prices.

New Spring Dress Goods

Ready For Your Inspection

Our Entire Department devoted to Dress Goods All This Week. Come In and Look Them Over. You will not only see the prettiest line of goods we have ever shown, but you will also find the prices (as usual) very reasonable.

36 in. Latonia Suiting, half wool, in all the staple shades, also cream and black. Special at 25c yard

36 in. Storm Serge, navy, garnet, brown and black. Special at 39c yard

Women's \$5.00

Queen Quality Boots

\$1.98

Patent leather, buttons and lace with brown suede tops.

All sizes and widths. \$5.00 grade,

\$1.98

CHILDREN'S

Patent Leather

Lace and

Blucher Boots

Well known makes, such as Educator, Buster Brown, Nature Shape, etc. For this sale only. They cannot be duplicated:

\$2.00 grades **\$1.59**

\$1.75 grades **\$1.35**

\$1.50 grades **\$1.15**

\$1.25 grades **98c**

Clean Up Sale

Shirt Waists

Exactly 115 Waists in the lot.

Regular prices run from \$5.98 to \$10.98

Clean Up Sale Price

\$2.98 Each

Fine Batiste, Voiles and Lawns in most every style; trimmed with handsome embroideries, laces and Panels.

Not every size in every style, but your size in several models; you seldom get the chance to buy \$5.98, \$6.98, \$7.50, \$8.98 and \$9.98 Waists at

\$2.98

DON'T FAIL TO ASK FOR

YOUR GRAPHOPHONE COUPONS

A Graphophone Free

When your purchases amount to \$25.00 you simply have to buy 27 records.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

THE SCHOOL AGE BILL Was Defeated in Lower Branch of Legislature Yesterday

BOSTON, March 1.—The Massachusetts house yesterday, after a heated debate, rejected the bill providing that children shall remain in school until they are 15 instead of 14, as at present. The vote on rollcall stood 77 to 131.

The committee on military affairs unanimously reported a bill to abolish the naval bureau. The bill substitutes an aid of naval rank in the department of the adjutant general and one inspector of naval rank in the department of the inspector general.

The committee on taxation reported the two-cent stock transfer bill.

Mr. Underhill of Somerville renewed the discussion on the school-children bill referred to above.

He expressed surprise at the attack made on the bill by Representative Parks of Fall River. He defended the bill as in the interest of the children.

The bill was opposed by Messrs. McGrath of Boston and Mr. Burdick of Adams, who contended that it would cause great hardship in many cases.

South Boston Men Clash

The debate was enlivened by a clash between Reidy and Sullivan of South Boston. The latter opposed the bill causing Representative Reidy to declare that Representative Sullivan "misrepresented" his district. Representative Sullivan replied that he informed his constituents last fall that he had voted against the bill last year and promised that he would do so again if re-elected.

Representative Parks opposed the bill, saying that there is no question of the value of an education, but the poorer families are facing an actual condition.

Representative Sanborn of Lawrence favored the bill, as did Representative Gifford of Barnstable and Representative Halves of Melrose, while it was opposed by Representatives Bothfeld of Newton, Smith of Gloucester and James J. Brennan of Boston.

On a rising vote the bill was defeated, 49 to 79, and on a rollcall this

result was sustained by a vote of 77 to 131.

Committee Reports

The house committee concurred with the senate in the adoption of an order requesting the directors of the port of Boston to transmit certain information relative to dry docks and their uses.

These reports were received:

Roads and Bridges—Leave to withdraw on all the bills relative to the use of signaling devices on automobiles and relative to the operation of automobiles at intersecting ways.

Counties—A bill providing for the reconstruction of Fox Hill bridge, between Lynn and Saugus.

Education—Leave to withdraw on bill of Mayor Fitzgerald, providing for the establishment of an independent agricultural school for the Metropolitan district.

Education—Leave to withdraw on petition of Norman H. White for investigation by state board of education of the economic and physical condition of graduates of the public schools.

Agriculture—A bill appropriating \$2000 to be expended by the state board of agriculture in holding special exhibitions devoted to the products of special lines of agriculture.

Agriculture—Reference to the next general court on the bill to provide for the licensing of cats.

Education—Leave to withdraw on bill to authorize cities and towns to provide free meals for school children.

Mercantile Affairs—Leave to withdraw on bill to prohibit the use of trading stamps.

Electoral Laws—Leave to withdraw on bill to require registration of voters to sit each Monday and Thursday evening during August.

Electoral Laws—Leave to withdraw on bill to make voting compulsory.

Public Health—Leave to withdraw on bills to amend the vaccination laws.

Representative Cost of Lowell dissents and favors a bill permitting parents to excuse their children from vaccination.

On a rising vote the bill was de-

Any Voter in the Town of Chelmsford

Who wishes to be a candidate for any of the following town offices, to be voted on at the caucus to be held Thursday, March 7th, 1912 at 3 o'clock p.m., will please send his name to any member of the committee on or before Tuesday, March 5th, 1912 at 2 o'clock p.m.

Town Clerk for three years.
Three selectmen, one for one, one for two and one for three years.

Three overseers of poor, one for one, one for two, and one for three years.

Town Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for one year.

One Assessor, for three years.

One School Committee man for three years.

One Sinking Fund Commissioner for three years.

One Cemetery Commissioner for three years.

One trustee of Adams Library for three years.

Three Auditors for one year.

One Constable for one year.

One Tree Warden for one year.

One Park Commissioner for three years.

E. T. ADAMS, Centre,
W. H. CHURCH, North,
F. E. BUCKFORD, West,
D. P. BYAM, South,
H. Q. BUNTON, East,
Ballot Committee.

EXPORTATION OF EGGS

Was the Largest Ever Reported

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Exportation of eggs from the United States last year, notwithstanding high prices, was the largest ever recorded. While current market reports and current discussions of the cost of living indicate unusually high prices in the domestic markets for this article of consumption and commerce, the bureau of statistics is reporting a larger exportation in this line than ever before.

The number of eggs sent to foreign countries in the year ending December, 1911, was 134 million dozen valued at \$24 million dollars, while the highest record of any earlier calendar year was 84 million dozen, valued at \$14 million dollars in 1907.

In addition to these, there were sent to Hawaii and Porto Rico about 150,000 dozen. Meantime the importation of eggs in 1911 amounted to less than one million dozen, valued at about \$100,000.

Trade currents in this article of commerce have shown a remarkable change in recent years. Formerly the importation of eggs was large and the exportation small. A quarter of a century ago an importation of 15 million dozen eggs was not unusual, the imports of 1881, 1882 and 1886 having in each year exceeded 16 million dozen, while the exports at that time averaged but about one quarter of a million dozen annually. Last year the imports were less than a million dozen, while the exports, as above indicated, were 134 million dozen. The reduction in the importation of eggs occurred immediately following the enactment of the tariff law of 1892 which placed a duty upon that article of commerce, and the imports of eggs which had ranged as high as 15 million dozen per annum, exceeding 15 million in the fiscal year 1886, dropped to 4 million dozen in 1892, 13 million dozen in 1894, less than 1 million in 1896, and a quarter of a million in 1899, since which time the number seldom exceeded 300,000 dozen until 1910, when the number imported increased to over 300,000 dozen, during 1911, to 1½ million dozen. In the calendar year 1911, as above indicated, the total was slightly less than 1 million. On the export side, the number sent out of the country was, in the calendar year 1910, but \$8,000 dozen; in 1896, \$82,000 dozen, in 1897 1-3 million dozen; in 1900, practically 6 million dozen; in 1907, 7 million dozen and in the calendar year 1911, as already indicated, 134 million dozen, valued at \$1,700,000.

This large exportation of eggs in the face of the extremely high prices existing in the United States suggests that prices of this class of merchandise must also be high in other parts of the world, and this is confirmed by consular reports reaching the department of commerce and labor, which indicate that prices of eggs and other provisions are unusually high in England, France, Austria, Germany, Spain, Japan and many other countries.

ROOSEVELT BUSY

Holds Conferences With Political Leaders

NEW YORK, March 1.—Col. Roosevelt came into his office this morning for further conferences with the political leaders engaged in furthering plans for his presidential nomination. The announcement of the selection of an executive committee, with United States Senator Dixon of Montana as chairman, was expected today to be followed by the announcement of names of an administrative committee to be formed with Truman H. Newberry of Detroit, ex-secretary of the navy, as chairman.

Alexander Revell of Chicago, chairman of the national Roosevelt committee, says that Senator Dixon is to have sole charge of the political matters of the campaign while Mr. Newberry and the administrative committee will look after the business and financial end. Senator Dixon will make his headquarters at Washington, where, it is stated, a general Roosevelt committee will be formed next week.

Gov. W. R. Stubbs of Kansas was expected at Col. Roosevelt's office today for a conference.

Just what part Col. Roosevelt will take in the campaign for nomination has not been learned.

MASKED MAN

GOT AWAY WITH MONEY AND JEWELRY IN SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, March 1.—The apartments of Matilda Shalan, on the second floor of 940 Worthington street, were entered by a masked man about 8 last evening, and \$40, a woman's watch and other articles of jewelry were taken.

Miss Shalan, who left the rooms for a few minutes, returned, in time to get a description of the man, who finding himself cornered leaped from the second story window, breaking the glass and injuring himself in the fall, it is believed. Detectives are at work on the case.

"Come in and make a noise like a new hat."

The new suit makes the old hat look rusty, but a new hat helps the looks of the old suit. Moral, a new hat anyway. Here's every new fad, fact or fancy in head gear; soft, stiff, or the shining topper.

Prices \$1 to \$5

MACARTNEY'S
Apparel Shop
72 MERRIMACK STREET

FROZEN DYNAMITE

Found in Freight Car in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, March 1.—What was at first believed a plot to destroy a freight train carrying products of the American Woolen Co. of Lawrence, Mass., where a strike is in progress has been discovered to be nothing more than the finding of fourteen sticks of frozen dynamite which is harmless until thawed out. While inspecting a freight train in the freight yard of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad Wednesday an employee found the dynamite wrapped in a newspaper on the truck of a car loaded with paper. It was said that the freight train had come to this city from New England stopping at Lawrence and the rumor gained circulation that the dynamite had been placed under the freight at that place. The police now believe the dynamite was stolen in this city and hidden on the car trucks.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Talbot Asks the Question

Will You Buy a Last Spring's Suit At About One-Half Price

THIS is our Annual Sale of all Suits carried over from last Spring, about 800 in all, and in addition to this we have added about 250 heavy weight Suits from last season's stock. The combined stock amounts to over ONE THOUSAND SUITS in Men's and Young Men's Models, largely in the finest grades and highest priced lines, including "HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX" Superb Clothes. "FASHION CLOTHES," the exclusive line of Young Men's Stunning Styles, and "KIRSCHBAUM'S" dependable line of guaranteed clothes. Three of the best known and most reliable makes of clothing are offered to you now at "ABOUT HALF PRICE."

REMEMBER THIS

IS A SALE OF "GOOD CLOTHES." OVER SEVEN HUNDRED SUITS OUT OF THE THOUSAND SOLD LAST SPRING FROM \$15.00 TO \$28.00.

Men's and Young Men's Suits

LIGHT AND HEAVY WEIGHT

125 Suits Both light and heavy weight, largely odd suits and small lots that sold at \$10.00 and \$12.00, now.....

\$6.75

150 Suits Men's and Young Men's Models, heavy and light weight in a big variety of colors and styles that sold at \$12.00 and \$15.00, now.....

\$7.75

225 Suits Fancy Worsteds, Serges and Cheviots, all splendid Suits and desirable styles that sold at \$15.00 and \$18.00, now.....

\$9.75

The balance of our SPRING OVERCOAT STOCK, mostly large sizes, COVERTS, FANCY CHEVIOTS and HERRINGBONE STRIPES, that sold at \$10.00 and \$12.00, now.....

\$5.00

250 Suits Are our best selling styles, fancies, plain blue nobby Cheviot mixtures, light and heavy weight that sold at \$16.50, \$18.00 and \$20.00, now.....

\$12.50

175 Suits Some of our finest styles and nobby Suits, all of them just as good this spring as last, sold then at \$20, \$22 \$25, sold now at.....

\$14.50

125 Suits The cream of our stock and equal in every way to the new styles just coming in, but they are 1911 goods and are cut from \$25 and \$28 to.....

\$16.50

Boys' and Children's Clothes

A CLEAN-UP OF ALL SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS 3 TO 17 YEARS, IN THE DOUBLE BREAST JACKET SUIT, NORFOLKS, SAJORS AND RUSSIANS.

BOYS' SUITS in all styles and sizes that sold at \$3.50 and \$4.00, now.....

\$2.50

BOYS' SUITS, light and heavy weight, that sold at \$5.00 and \$6.00, now.....

\$3.75

BOYS' SUITS, all fine goods and nobby styles, that sold at \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00, now.....

\$5.00

BOYS' SUITS, our best grades in all styles, that sold at \$10 and \$12, now.....

\$7.00

LOOK AT LOWELL'S BIGGEST CLOTHING DISPLAY

The TALBOT CLOTHING CO.

AMERICAN HOUSE BLOCK Central Street, Corner of Warren

BILLERICA

The prize offered by the Billerica Improvement association for the best flowering bulbs in the Talbot school

have been awarded. The judges were Mrs. J. L. Whiteside, a chairman, and Mrs. George Preston. The winners were as follows:

Grade 1—Evelyn Gunther, first prize, hyacinths and daffodils; Doris Fairbrother, second prize, hyacinths.

Grade 2—Grace Switzer, first prize, hyacinths and daffodils; Edward Damon, second, daffodils.

Grade 3—No first prize, Lillian Higgins, second prize, hyacinths.

Grade 4—Merriam Smith, second prize, daffodils and hyacinths.

Grade 5—James Delaney, first prize, hyacinths and daffodils; Gertrude Mahoney, second prize, daffodils.

Grade 6—Mary Rule, first prize, hyacinths and daffodils; Nora Condon, second prize, crocus, daffodils and hyacinths.

Iolen Hutchins received the award of the special prize for the best display in the whole school.

There were no awards made in grades 6 and 7.

THE NEW IRELAND TO BE ILLUSTRATED IN LECTURE HERE MARCH 17

The United Irish League will hold a meeting in the reception room A.O. Hall Sunday evening to complete the arrangements for the illustrated lecture and concert on March 17. The lecturer, Mrs. J. J. Jordan, Esq., of Boston and he brings with him Mr. William Flynn, the most noted singer of Irish melodies in Boston at the present time. He is in great demand at the present time and had to cancel other engagements to come to Lowell with Mr. Jordan. The views illustrate the new Ireland of today and the old of twenty or thirty years ago. The musical numbers are interspersed with the lecture as suggested by the views.

FLESHY PEOPLE SUFFER FROM SKIN TROUBLES

Fleshy people are often troubled with itching and irritation of the skin, caused by perspiration and chafing, which frequently develops into eczema or other skin trouble, and, if neglected, may become chronic. It matters not how long you have suffered or what kind of skin troubles you have, the new remedy, Cadum, should be given a

TAFT'S TARIFF PLAN

The President Explains His Position On Tariff-Making

NEW YORK, March 1.—President Taft has given an authorized interview on tariff-making. It is entitled "Common Sense vs. Haphazard Methods," and appears in the current issue of *The Outlook*. It was secured by a special representative of *The Outlook*, and is in part, as follows:

"Not that I wish to see the tariff question made the mere football of politics," President Taft explained; "we have had too much of that already. But I should like to have the people of the United States pass their deliberate judgment on the issue as it has been made up within the last year—the difference between the haphazard way of making a tariff law, as you know, I am a believer in the republican policy of protection. I want to see it continued; but I also want to see our party strengthen it by giving it an underpinning which cannot be swept away by the first passing flood of popular sentiment."

"And this purpose could be accomplished—how?" I asked.

"First, by fixing the rates at figures not dictated by a group of domestic producers for their own enrichment,

and granted in exchange for party support, but based on the difference between the cost of production here and the cost of production abroad, ascertained by means which preclude all doubt of the substantial accuracy of the calculation."

"Second, by establishment on a permanent foundation the machinery for collecting the data of cost, so that it can be in continuous operation and its work ever more and more easily done. This machinery, I need not tell you, should be in charge of a tariff commission or board, corresponding in a general way with the non-partisan tariff board we now have."

Purpose of Tariff Board

"A good many persons evidently think that the whole purpose of a tariff board is to collect material for a single tariff bill or series of bills; and, not unnaturally, those who wish to see the government economically administered question the wisdom of spending so much money and employing so many experts for the preparation of the tariff legislation of 1912, in view of the possibility that all this work may be torn up and

done over as soon as a new set of hands take charge of our public affairs. Now, it is just such a contingency that the tariff board is designed to avoid. The collection of data to guide this year's legislation is only a first step from now on; if Congress consents to prolong its existence, the board will continue collecting data through the changes it has already opened, and with the aid of men trained in their duties."

After reviewing the work of the board at considerable length the interview continues:

"To return to the board question of tariff revision, you are not disheartened by what some critics say about the danger of keeping the country in a perpetual ferment of nervous apprehension regarding coming changes?"

"Nothing could do more to prevent such a ferment than the very plan we are now considering. Hitherto, we have seen the whole tariff structure torn to pieces and rebuilt whenever there has been a change of parties in control at Washington, and, even sometimes when the same party has remained responsible but the personnel of the group in command has changed. Such overhaulings are always accompanied by a more or less violent convulsion of business, followed by a whole state of stagnation protracted through the whole period, while the outcome continues at all in doubt. The new bill is talked about for a long time before it is framed; there are extended hearings in committee, and afterwards a series of secret sessions behind barred doors and debates at some length on the floors of congress; and after all these there is a possible interval of ten days during which, if the bill is suspected of being distasteful to the president, its fate at his hands remains uncertain. At the committee hearings ex parte statements are presented by men peculiarly interested in the several trades and industries which are liable to be affected by the proposed legislation. Everybody with an ax to grind either urges it on congress himself or tries to influence that body through an agent on the ground. In every instance the length of time which has elapsed since the last revision, and the changes of conditions in various lines of production and commerce in the interval, raise a general dread lest there be heavy increases of duty in one quarter or deep cuts in another; and, unluckily, a feeling has widely prevailed that the decision where to make such increases and cuts would be reached, not by a calm consideration of the merits of each case, but by a log-rolling or back-scratching process."

Patching the Tariff

"Such unsystematic ways of patching a tariff together open wide the avenues for perfidy and other fraud, for special pleading, for appeals to the most sordid political motives, for the exercise of gross favorites and the wreaking of petty revenges, and have given rise even to charges of bribery and investigations shadowing the good repute of men high in the councils of the nation. Is it a pleasant reflection that such an atmosphere is liable to continue surrounding our tariff legislation indefinitely?

"What have we to offer as a substitute? A system which keeps always at the disposal of congress, and open to the people, a chart of the world's producing activities, corrected almost from day to day. The changes noted in the foreign cost of production of various commodities are doubtless individually slight; in one case they may swing, pendulum-like, a little this way and a little that, ending their agitation at about the same point where it began. In another, there may be a steady trend to one side for a while, due to causes not difficult to discover through the machinery of the tariff board; but by the time the divergence has become so marked and continued so long as to make a change in this method desirable, everybody will be prepared for it and can estimate just about how much of a change it ought to be. This eliminates the new customary shock of surprises. Thus we have a highly important part of the work of lawmaking brought down to an almost automatic basis; at any rate, we can always be sure of an automatic warning of what had better be done; and if congress doesn't do it, or the president withholds his approval from a tariff amendment manifestly right, the people will know where to place the responsibility. A single stroke we can get rid of a lot of the old scandals about log-rolling and favoritism, and the charges of perfidy and bribery, which were freely bandied between the parties in past times; make our tariff changes gradual instead of precipitate and partial instead of sweeping; and be able to defend a rate, when fixed, by showing with substantial accuracy the measure of protection it extends to the home producer. Can any reasonable citizen object to such a logical and self-consistent plan, as a substitute for our present



Anty Drudge Visits the School

Schoolteacher—"Why are you late, Theodora?"
Theodora—"Please, Miss Brown, my mother was so busy stirring the boiling clothes in the washboiler that she couldn't get us our breakfast and dress us in time."

Anty Drudge—"Theodora, you tell your mother to use Fels-Naptha next Monday, and I'll guarantee you'll never be late for school on account of the washing."

The old-fashioned boiling is uncertain in its action on disease germs. Epidemics of typhoid fever have been traced to the mingling of clothes in a washing, done in the old, boiling manner. Fels-Naptha soap, while it is fatal to germs, contains no substance which will harm clothes in the slightest manner. This is a scientifically-proven fact. Be sure and get the genuine Fels-Naptha. It has a red and green wrapper, with directions which you should follow carefully.

... substance which will harm clothes in the slightest manner. This is a scientifically-proven fact. Be sure and get the genuine Fels-Naptha. It has a red and green wrapper, with directions which you should follow carefully.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

New Spring Dresses

Styles that are practical and very smart looking. \$5.98 to \$10
Serges in black, navy and colors

MEN'S DEPARTMENT

The New Spring Suits Have Arrived

It isn't too early to come in and look at them—Many are buying now while the selection is largest. Prices..... \$12.50 to \$27.50

Cesar Mich Store
ALEXANDER STRASSINGER
220 CENTRAL STREET

CREDIT

NO MONEY DOWN

CREDIT

THE DEPENDABLE DRUG STORE

IN our service, in our advertisements, in the quality of goods we sell, our one aim is to impress you with the fact that Riker-Jaynes is the safe drug store always.

By experience you will learn that Riker-Jaynes prices are the lowest, not for a day or a month, but for every day in the year. We make it our business to keep in touch with the lowest prices quoted anywhere and you can save many tiresome steps in shopping by coming to Riker-Jaynes first.

We pledge our reputation with every sale we make and guarantee every article we sell, regardless of price, to be the best value for your money.

If a reduction in price is possible without sacrificing quality you may be sure that we are the first to reduce our price to you.

Peroxide Hydrogen

This wonderfully efficient product is fast becoming a necessity in every home. It has hundreds of uses, such as a mouth and throat wash, complexion and nail bleach, as an antiseptic on cuts and sores, etc. We guarantee this to be the highest grade produced. At one time it sold for 50c a pound and over. Modern process of manufacture has brought the cost down to, 19c

5c Chewing Gums

Including all the popular brands; 3 packages for

10c

Riker-Jaynes Employees

The seventy Riker-Jaynes drug stores in New York, New England and New Jersey furnish employment to over three thousand people. We believe that we have a body of men and women who, for intelligence, skill, courtesy and honesty, cannot be duplicated in any similar institution. We are as particular about the quality of our employees as we are about the quality of our Drug Store Goods.

If among these thousands of loyal, industrious men and women there should come by chance one who does not practice the principles of fairness, courtesy, honesty and politeness, which we preach, we would consider it a great favor to ourselves and a matter of simple justice to our loyal employees if customers would report such shortcomings to the management. In this way and only in this way, can we maintain to the fullest extent the integrity of the Riker-Jaynes institution.

A Choice Bit of Confectionery

Be sure and take home a pound of delicious Fudge Walnut Caramels, a dainty confection that will be enjoyed by every member of the family.

33c Lb. 17c ½ Lb.

A GOOD SPRING TONIC

Jaynes' Blood & Nerve Tonic, a simple home remedy, made from wholesome herbs. Large bottle..... \$1.00

20 Stores in New England. Shop at the Nearest We give Legal Trading Stamps.

119-123 MERRIMACK ST., LOWELL



You are SAFE when you buy at Riker-Jaynes

Protects Fair Complexions From March Winds

Riker's Violet Cerate, the greaseless, dainty complexion cream and skin food. In Porcelain Jars.... 50c

out practice of revising the tariff by rule-of-thumb?

Payne Tariff Act

"For a very recent illustration, take the Payne Tariff Act. There has been a loud outcry against it on the part of public speakers and writers, sometimes for cause and with a fair motive, and sometimes for the mere purpose of stirring up the people by showing them only half the facts. Now, let us suppose that three years ago, instead of having to depend wholly on newspaper abstracts of the tariff hearings, a few published speeches in congress, and editorial comments which necessarily reflected the political or personal feelings of each commentator, the people at large had had within easy reach a non-partisan bureau of information from whose files they could ascertain just what the condition of the iron and steel trades, the wool and woolen trades, and all the rest, had been at the time of the passage of the Dingley Tariff Act in 1890, and what changes had occurred in them, in any part of the world, since then. They had had the republican party in power for four years more, and had a right to hold it to account for carrying out, as well as it was humanly possible, the promises of its platform of 1892, including the clause demanding a revision of the tariff with the obvious intent that the revision should be downward."

"Isn't it plain that instead of seeing a law passed by congress in the way that the Payne law was turned out and having the air rent afterward by accusations and recriminations for thirty months continuously, we should have witnessed a cool-headed, direct, and orderly procedure leading up to the passage and promulgation of the act, and then either a general popular acquiescence in the result, or an opposition based on facts which could be proved from original sources if challenged? Can there be any difference of intelligent opinion on the question which of these pictures makes the pleasanter impression on the mind, and which presents our institutions of self-government in the more dignified

aspect? As it was, neither congress nor the American public had the first-hand knowledge needed for the proper performance of its part; congress, to enable it to frame a bill most responsive to the demands of the platform; or the people, to criticize justly an act which congress had evolved with such poverty of equipment for the task?"

"But, you are aware that a good many protectionists object on prudential grounds to the sort of tariff you have set up for your ideal?"

"I am not unmindful of the argument made by some zealous critics,

that the effect of reducing our tariff to what they call the 'competitive' basis will be that it will really drop below that, and cause our markets to be flooded with cheaply made foreign goods, so that our producers will be driven out of business by insufficient protection. Well, there are two answers to that. The first is that the platform whose promises we are trying to fulfill does not contemplate such a cut in rates as would cripple any American industry. It takes account of the right of the American producer to a reasonable profit. The difference between the foreign producer's figures and those of the American producer, which I want to see used as the measure of protection for the American, is the difference between what each expects to get for his goods, allowing for a fair competitive profit for himself. I have already said his in another form, but it will bear repeating, as it is a point

on which so many people speak apparently without understanding, or at least without consideration.

"The second issue is that congress is never as indifferent to the will or the welfare of our people as to cut the quick in such matters. We are as far from the bold ideal of free trade as from that of the Chinese wall. Each has had its day and gone its way. It is everywhere recognized now that the foreigner is not going to be turned loose on our market. His only function is that of a restraining influence. We consider what he might do if we

let him have his way, in order to keep the demands of our manufacturers for protection down within bounds which will be just to the consuming public as well as to themselves."

"Doubtless you are still hearing echoes of the criticism called forth by your action on the wool and woolen tariff committing yourself to a reduction, and then voting the first bill which offered you a substantial one?"

"Certainly, I hear them, but they only make me wonder how their authors can become so absorbed in one

Continued to page five.

Every Woman's Complexion

Is bound to show whether or not she is in good physical condition. If the complexion is mucky, the skin sallow; if pimples or skin blemishes appear it is then attention must be given to improve the bodily condition. There is one safe and simple way. Clear the system and purify the blood with a few doses of

Beecham's Pills

This well known vegetable family remedy is famous for its power to improve the action of the organs of digestion and elimination. They will regulate the bowels, stimulate the liver, tone the stomach and you will know what it is to be free from troubles, from headaches, backaches, lassitude, and extreme nervousness. They will make you feel healthier and stronger in every way. By clearing your system of poisonous waste Beecham's Pills will have good effect upon your looks—these they

Will Beautify and Improve

The directions with every box are of great value and importance to women. Sold everywhere. In boxes 10c, 25c.

I Am the Big Business Tailor



SPECIAL

My window display of new Spring creations is the talk of the town, and then some. I am featuring six new shades in olive and wine color browns. This is one of the most beautiful shades I have seen. In a corner of my window I display this cloth made up in a sack coat, lined with alpaca serge to match at a price to order \$15.

The Spring season business is on in the clothing line if I can judge by the spirited demand in my Lowell store during the past two weeks.

I scorn dull seasons—I revel in activity—the click of the chopper's shears is music to my ears and the salesman's cry "Take a measure please," drives me to ecstasy.

Give Me Your Business—Give Me a Chance to Show You My Withering Contempt for Value.

Have No Reverence for What Clothing Ought to Sell For—With Me It's What They Will Sell For

I say if woolens are too good to sell for low prices, they are too good to keep, to look at, to frame, to admire—while the moths gorge themselves in destructive feast upon the wool that may rot before it sells higher. I want business—there is plenty of cloth always if I can get the business to use and pay for that cloth. I am surprising more new customers these days than at any time during my three years in Lowell. I want new customers—the prices and qualities that keep my old customers ought to be guarantee enough for an especially large increase this week in the number of the new.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

I Am Featuring a Wanskuk Blue Serge

If it makes a hit with you, tell me to make a suit of it to your measure for \$12.50. That means I fit you to your satisfaction. Made any style you want. If my cutter slips up on an occasional customer, I don't want the customer to keep the suit and say nothing. I am perfectly willing to make you a new suit.

**Suit \$12.50
to
Order**

Mitchell, THE TAILOR 24 Central St., Lowell

Open Evenings Till 9.

SILVER LOVING CUP

Presented Judge Quinn
by Jurors

PLYMOUTH, March 1.—At the close of the session of Plymouth county superior court here yesterday afternoon Judge Quinn discharged the jurors for the February term. Sheriff Henry S. Porter arose and said that the jurors had something to say to his honor and then introduced William Stedman of Brockton, who would speak for them. Mr. Stedman said that the jurors were very much impressed with the way justice had been given out by Judge Quinn; that it had always been tempered with leniency. He then presented Judge Quinn with a handsome silver loving cup in behalf of the jury as a token of their appreciation.

Judge Quinn was for a moment taken back and then said he greatly ap-

preciated the gift and was gratified to know that the jurors were well satisfied with his rulings. Sometimes in the course of his duty, he said, he felt that he was a little alone as he had to hold the scales of justice impartially between the parties and as court work had been finished he thanked them man to man. "The cup," said Judge Quinn, "will always bring pleasant memories and have a conspicuous place in my home, and whenever I look upon it I shall remember this jury with personal satisfaction."

The loving cup is of silver, gold lined

and stands nearly a foot high and suitably inscribed.

Judge Quinn has been sitting here

at all the criminal sittings of the super-

ior court of this county since Febr-

uary of last year, when he was ap-

pointed to the bench by Gov. Foss and

he has not only endeared himself to all

the court officials and lawyers, but to

all the townspeople with whom he has

come in contact.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

12TH ANNIVERSARY

Observed by Welch Bros.
the Plumbers

Yesterday rounded up just twelve years of the successful business career of Welch Brothers, plumbers. For several years it has been the custom of Welch Bros. to celebrate the anniversary of their business career by tendering to their employees a first-class dinner. So last evening after the day's work was finished they all repaired to the large supply room of the firm where tables were set for the fifty guests, all employees of this popular firm. The tables were laden with good things and the employees showed that they eat in as good a job at the banquet board as they eat at a plumbing job. The place was beautifully decorated with American flags and bunting. There were a number of mottoes and signs appropriate to the occasion. During the progress of the supper an Italian orchestra played beautiful music and there was also a large Victor phonograph on which several selections by Lander and other singers were rendered. After dinner chairs were pulled back and cigars were passed around, and the evening was passed in socializing and a general good time. It was agreed by all present that this was the very best. Three rousing cheers for Welch Bros. were given before the company dispersed.

The employees will be looking forward to the 13th anniversary as it is one of the events of the season.

A mammoth bouquet of jack roses sent with compliments of the employees to their generous hosts, was placed on the table.

COSTUME PARTY WAS HELD AT THE ELIOT CHURCH

A most enjoyable costume party was given by the Young People's society of the Christian Endeavor of the Pilgrim church in the church vestry last evening. The costumes of the many young people were very pretty and grotesque. Some typified soldiers, sailors, Indian braves, and Indian maidens, Colonial girls and Colonial ladies and gentlemen, pirates and Puritans, Pierrottes, clowns, daisy girls and almost every conceivable sort of a costume.

The first number of the evening's entertainment was the conversational program. This part of the program was a huge success. It was followed by the peanut hunt. The prize for the one finding the largest number was awarded to Miss Ruth Bachelder, who collected 40. The prize for the prettiest costume was won by Miss Florence Hall who was costumed as a sun-flower girl. At 10 o'clock refreshments were served. After 10 o'clock the affair was brought to a close. The success of the party is due to the social committee of

the Christian Endeavor society of which Miss Ethel Egan was chairman.

WATER IN MILK

COST BROCKTON MILKMAN A FINE OF \$100

PLYMOUTH, March 1.—Jesse R. Leonard of Brockton charged with violation of the milk law, was found guilty yesterday in the superior court, and was contended that Leonard watered his milk, and the defense claimed that a young boy who worked with one of the drivers was responsible for the deed. Upon rendering the sentence Judge Quinn said:

"I am inclined to believe that all milkmen are more or less poor, and this fellow does not look as though he could afford a fine of \$100."

Attorney E. H. Fletcher of Brockton

then made an appeal to the court and

by agreement with District Attorney A. F. Barker the fine was reduced to \$100, and Leonard with "thank you" honor

collected the money, which he had already paid to the sheriff and walked away with a smile.

TAFT'S TARIFF PLAN

WATER IN MILK

phase of a subject as to lose all sight of another equally important and equally pertinent to the discussion. You remember, of course, the grounds on which I voted that wool and woolen tariff bill, knocked together as it was with a few blows of the ax and mallet, instead of being laid off with measuring instruments and adjusted with fine tools as it ought to have been? I frankly said that I was unwilling to sign such a bill on insufficient knowledge, when by waiting a few months we should have before us all the material gathered by the tariff board, and could proceed with our eyes open. They declared that it was almost a crime to wait for the report of the tariff board; for here was winter coming on, and the people would be shivering with cold, but unable to buy warm clothes because they cost so much under the onerous terms of schedule K; yet here I was standing heartlessly, all alone, in the way of a reduction in price—and so forth, and so forth.

Wool and Woolen Bill

"What happened? The tariff board brought in its report, which I sent to congress at once, so that they could get to work on a wool and woolen bill. Up to date this has not been forthcoming. They have switched their attention to another schedule, and brought in a bill to reduce the steel tariff, in which the Payne act had already made some radical cuts. As far as I can learn, this has been most widely exploited as a blow aimed at the United States Steel corporation. If such was its purpose, it must have fallen far short of the mark. The big trust doesn't seem to care whether the present tariff rates stay or go. The fellows who do care are the smaller men—the makers of machine tools and the like, whose factories dot the country here and there and on whose success depends the prosperity of a hundred little towns.

"In a week or ten days the tariff board will make its report on the cotton schedule, and then it will have exhausted its appropriation, or nearly so, and we shall need more money to secure a satisfactory report on the metal schedule and the chemical schedule and the sugar schedule. I don't know whether congress will give us what we need or not. I hope so. If not, the issue is sharply raised and must be fought out.

"So there you have the outlines of my tariff plan, and of the conflict between my administration and its opponents, in congress and elsewhere, on the tariff question. I am quite content to let the sober thinking people of the United States decide between us.

FINE MUSICALE

GIVEN AT RESIDENCE OF MRS. A. A. ROBINSON

At all druggets, 25 doses 25c, a

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

of the ladies of the Y. M. C. A. auxiliary for the purpose of raising the \$700 remaining on the pledge of \$500 given by the women for the Y. M. C. A. building fund.

The affair was largely attended and the soiree was one of the best in that line given for a long time. The program was as follows: Valet trio, piano solos by Miss Shattuck, reading by Miss Sullivan, violin solo by Miss Pearl Morgan; a poem of the war, recited by Mr. Fred L. Stearns, and songs by Miss Norma. Misses Weston, Fields and Carroll, and Miss Norma are professionals from Keith's theatre. The accompanists were Misses Helen Savage and June Davis. Mrs. F. J. Sherwood had charge of the program.

After the entertainment refreshments were served. Mrs. F. D. Munro was at the head of the committee in charge of the event. The ladies in the dining room were: Mrs. C. E. Meader, Mrs. Barton, Mrs. Potter, Mrs. Dixson, Misses Florence Knowlton, Greta Cadby, Charlotte Meader, Helen Stearns, Mildred Daggett, Ella Pease, Raynah Robinson, and Florence Rainey. The pourers were Mrs. F. E. Harris and Mrs. Burton H. Wiggin, and Misses Ruby Hill, and Emily Wiggin, served punch. Two pages were in constant and alert attendance upon the ladies. Weston, Milton Washington and Clarence Harris.

The matrons were Mrs. D. D. Yarnell and Mrs. J. T. Roy.

George H. Brown was last night ten-

anted a surprise when a number of his friends assembled in the Tremont

dining room in Merrimack street, and after partaking of a dainty luncheon,

After the entertainment refreshments were served. Mrs. F. D. Munro was at the head of the committee in charge of the event. The presentation was followed by a social gathering.

A LITTLE DANDERINE WILL MAKE YOUR HAIR LUSTROUS, SOFT, FLUFFY, ABUNDANT

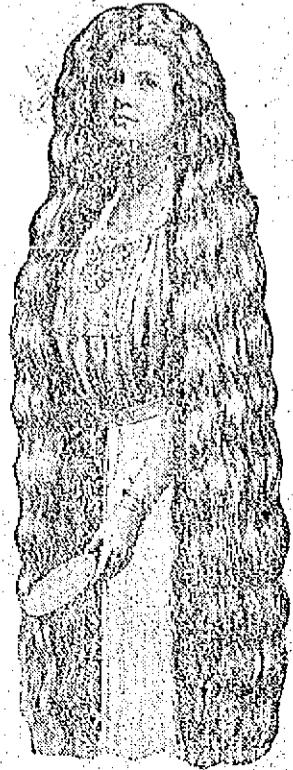
Get a 25 Cent Bottle Now and Forever Stop Falling Hair, Itching Scalp and Dandruff

If you Wish to Double the Beauty of your Hair in Ten Minutes surely Try a Danderine Hair Cleanse

Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a Danderine hair cleanse. Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

A delightful surprise awaits particularly those who have been careless, whose hair has been neglected or is scraggy, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

Try as you will, after one application of Danderine you cannot find any dandruff or a loose or falling hair, and your scalp will never itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yet—but really new hair sprouting all over the scalp. Danderine makes the hair grow long, heavy and luxuriant and we can prove it. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it surely get a 25 cent bottle of Knowledge's Danderine from any druggist or toilet counter, and just try it.



Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

will help you, as they have helped others.

Good for all kinds of pain. Used to relieve Neuralgia, Headache, Nervousness, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Kidney Pains, Lumbarago, Locomotor Ataxia, Backache, Stomachache, Coughs, Colds, Irritability and pain in any part of the body.

"I have always been subject to neuralgia and have suffered from it for years. While visiting my son and daughter from one of the old states, he brought me a box of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I used them as directed and after taking them the first time in years the neuralgia ceased from the use of medicine." MRS. E. C. HOWARD,
408 Green St., Dowagiac, Mich.

FINE MUSICALE

GIVEN AT RESIDENCE OF MRS.

A. A. ROBINSON

A delightful musicale was given last night at the home of Mrs. A. A. Robinson, 276 Elm street, under the auspices



Stevens-Duryea Company Chicopee Falls Mass.
Pioneer Builders of American Sixes

GRAND TRUNK ROAD

Plans to Build a Big Terminal in Boston

BOSTON, March 1.—That he has a precedent for every section of the Hill before the legislature authorizing the Southern New England Railway corporation to enter Boston, was the statement of Earl H. Fitzhugh, president of the Grand Trunk Lines in New England, yesterday afternoon to the committee on railroads.

Pres. Fitzhugh's reference to precedents was in answer to the expressions of surprise shown by members of the committee at previous hearings in regard to the exceeding powers asked by the Grand Trunk power subsidiary. In closing his remarks he said on this subject:

"The Southern New England Railway Corporation is only asking for such privileges in Massachusetts as we have enjoyed in other states and in the Dominion of Canada. We have a precedent for everything that is asked for in our bill. Such powers are not new. In the west or the east either, and they are very important for any transportation line that will serve you well."

Pres. Fitzhugh revealed some of the plans of his railroad if it is allowed to extend its lines to Boston.

"In connection with the building of our line in Boston from the north and south," he said, "it is our intention, if the legislature gives us the right, to connect these two lines by what may be termed an outer belt line." In other words, together with other railroads with which we may form a connection, we hope to reach every industry in the city of Boston, of course offering reciprocal advantages to all other existing railroads.

"We desire to own stock in terminals and terminal railroads in order that all the lines may come in one terminal and become one great terminal railroad in the city of Boston. That is what lies in our minds as to future development."

Concerning the proposed acquisition of docks, he said: "We are heartily in accord with the state of Massachusetts adopting the policy of owning the docks. We simply ask this right in order that if the state does not acquire the docks of Boston we may get docks ourselves. We simply wish to protect that traffic which comes to us." "We hope, however," he added, "that we may arrange a satisfactory agreement with the great lines now running

NIGHT OF RIOTING

Burning and Looting Continued in Peking

LONDON, March 1.—The situation in Peking this morning was much quieted according to the Exchange Telegraph Co.'s despatch from Tien-Tsin. Burning and looting continued more or less actively throughout the morning hours, however. In the course of the night's rioting one Japanese subject was wounded but there were thus far no reports of other casualties among the foreigners. The property of people of all nationalities outside the Legation quarter suffered heavy damage at the hands of the rioters. It was reported that there was trouble during the night at Peng-Tai, 23 miles from Peking. Attributed to bandits, it was said, destroyed the railway station.

At the request of Judge Kenfield, counsel for the Southern New England, Mr. Fitzhugh told of the many subsidiary corporations of the Grand Trunk system of which he is president vice president. At present he holds no position on the Grand Trunk railway itself, having resigned to devote his time to the extensions of the system in New England.

System's Feeding Territory

He then went on to explain the reach of the Grand Trunk railway system and the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, the latter being an entirely separate organization from the former and consisting of some 6000 miles of road in the Northwest. He told of the marvelous growth of the Canadian Northwest. The Grand Trunk Pacific is building under an act of the Dominion of Canada a line from Winnipeg to Prince Rupert on the Pacific coast and is also engaged in constructing a number of important lateral lines, including well-developed cities.

From Winnipeg east to Montreal the Canadian government is building a railroad which, upon completion, will be leased and operated by the Grand Trunk system. Over other lines it will then reach the ports of St. Johns and Halifax. The Grand Trunk railway system has 5000 miles of road, he said, of which 1800 miles are in the United States. It round numbers 1000 miles of the system is double-tracked, including a line from St. Johns to Chicago.

Pres. Fitzhugh told of the wonderful growth of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. In trips to that region a few years ago he saw only a few white settlers, but during a trip last year he noted thousands of acres of land devoted to the raising of wheat, oats and barley, and well-developed towns. Last October, he said, only 25 per cent. of the grain crop was threshed near the close of navigation in Canadian ports, yet the railroads were unable to cope with the situation. He told of the many cities in the United States at present reached by the Grand Trunk, including Chicago, Detroit, Buffalo, Toledo and Milwaukee.

Control of Subsidiaries

Pres. Fitzhugh said the Central Vermont and Southern New England are operated under separate organizations but are parts of the Grand Trunk system. The Central Vermont is one of the pioneer roads of New England, he said. In 1855 the Central Vermont leased the New London Northern and through a subsidiary now operates a line of steamers from New London to New York.

The Central Vermont is controlled through the ownership of a large majority of the capital stock and the Grand Trunk is guarantor of the interest on the bonds of the Central Vermont. Of its capital of \$2,000,000, the Grand Trunk owns about \$2,100,000, he said. The Grand Trunk also has a line from Portland, Me., running up into the provinces.

"The intention of the Grand Trunk through the Southern New England Railway corporation," he went on to say, "is to extend its lines to Boston from the Massachusetts-New Hampshire line from the north and from Blackstone on its new road to Providence from the southwest, and also to build from Douglas to Worcester. Our purpose is to protect the bridges we have built up in New England and to further develop our traffic in that section."

Pres. Fitzhugh especially emphasized this point: "We are coming to Boston, we hope, to connect up our eastern states with our western states. In order that we may carry carriages between these two sections on our own rails. This business has been secured to this territory through the National Dispatch company, a fast freight line that not only serves Eastern New England but Western Massachusetts to some extent. There is a vast amount of business between these two sections and we both wish to preserve our own traffic and to increase it."

SITUATION NOT SO SERIOUS

LONDON, March 1.—The British foreign office received a despatch this morning from Sir John Jordan, British minister at Peking, indicating that the outbreak in Peking itself was of a sporadic character and intimating such a favorable view of the situation that the grave fear experienced by the first despatches received here has been greatly allayed.

Sir John cables Yenan Shih Kai has notified the foreign legations that only two regiments stationed in Peking are concerned in the mutiny and that he is confident that he will be able to control the situation. The British minister advised that the damage in the Tatar city is not nearly so great as was at first reported. Sir John has not asked for troops to act as liaison guards so the British government does not contemplate the despatch of more troops to Peking. The British government considers that Sir John Jordan's report is so favorable that it eliminates all further necessity for the contemplation of any international action looking to the occupation by foreign troops of Peking.

MORE LOOTING TODAY

PEKING, March 1.—Throughout the day looting of stores and residences has been going on in many parts of the city and there have been several skirmishes between the loyal troops and the mutineers in the outskirts. The majority of the mutineers, however, had left the central districts before morning.

MAY LOSE AN EYE

Boy Injured in a Coasting Accident

Wifrid Cossette, aged 10 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Emile Cossette, of 81 Ford street, met with a painful accident yesterday afternoon while coasting in Perkins street and the boy might lose one eye.

The little chap with several other boys was coasting in back of the old nail shop in Perkins street on a hill which is pretty steep. The rumors of his sled struck a rock, which caused the sled to turn away from its course. The boy struck his head against a tree and a wire sticking out of the ground stuck in the corner of his eye.

He was picked up in a semi-conscious condition and removed to his home where a doctor was called. The little fellow also received a bad gash on the head.

GEORGE GROSSMITH

A WELL KNOWN ENGLISH ACTOR, IS DEAD

POLKESTONE, England, March 1.—George Grossmith, senior, one of the best known English actors and public entertainers, died here today in his 55th year.

George Grossmith, senior, who started his career as a police court reporter, made his first appearance before the public as an amateur reciter and was so successful that he decided to become a professional entertainer. For several years he confined himself giving humorous recitals with his own musical accompaniment but then went on the regular stage. He made such a hit that he was engaged by D'Oyley Carte to play the leading parts in most of the Gilbert and Sullivan comic operas. In 1888 he returned to the humorous recital platform and since then had been touring continually in Great Britain, Ireland, the United States and Canada.

He was the composer of hundreds of songs and sketches.

DEATHS

RONDEAU—Beatrice, infant daughter of Joseph and Adeline Rondeau, aged 1 day, died today at the home of her parents, 150 Salem street.

ROURKES—Mrs. Margaret Bourke died yesterday in Taunton, aged 55 years. Her body will be brought to this city today by Undertakers C. H. Molley & Sons.

COUVARES—Mela Couvares, infant son of Louis and Dora Couvares, died yesterday at the Lowell hospital, aged two months. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertakers C. H. Molley & Sons.

SIMITH—Edward Smith, an old resident of this city, died yesterday afternoon at the Chelmsford Street hospital, at the age of 62 years. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker C. H. Molley & Sons.

KELLY—William Kelleher, son of Thomas and Honoria Kelleher, died yesterday at the Lowell hospital, aged two years, 11 months and 20 days. Besides his parents, he is survived by three brothers, Thomas, Frank and Daniel Kelleher; also three sisters, Sarah, Helen and Vera. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker C. H. Molley & Sons.

COURT—Mrs. Robert B. Coburn, an old resident of this city, died yesterday at her home, 179 Holden street, aged 84 years.

HYDE STILL UNCONSCIOUS

The condition of John J. Hyde, foreman at the Helme Electric company, who was driving an automobile which collided with a sand car in Lawrence street about 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning, remains unchanged. At the time of going to press this afternoon he was still unconscious.

MARRIAGE INTENTION

The following marriage intention was registered at the city clerk's office this forenoon:

Walter Fair, 31, machinist, 38 St. Germain street, Boston, Mass., and Helen M. Wood, 27, stenographer, 115 Hall street.

How much did you get from Spa-

PERFECT SODA

Made Right
Served Right
HOT CHOCOLATE
With Whipped Cream
FRESH STRAWBERRY COLLEGE ICE

5c
10c

YAH & LYON CO.

OF NEW ENGLAND
APOTHECARIES CIGAR STANDS

John K. Liggett, Pres.

25c
40c

The Sweetest
S. Ever
To
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Caillored Costumes Less Somber In Color This Spring



WHITE SERGE COSTUMES IMMENSELY SMART.

SPRING styles are going to add another trial to the already long list of tailoring troubles of the woman burdened with too solid flesh, for the new spring tailored suits are of light colored cloth. But now that hips have been sternly repressed and avoid dupes has in many cases yielded to heroic fasting and exercise an era of light toned tailored costumes may not be the distressing thing it would have been, but there are still plenty of women who will do well to cling to dark shades. Indeed, all in-

dications point to a season of costumes less somber in hue than those of last year. Light shades of fawn and sand and brown and gray and charming sufflings in all the light tones are now to be seen in the shops. There are many attractive possibilities among the light toned fabrics, and all the whirlwind varieties of cloth and the Bedford cords are much approved of fashion this season. In soft two-toned fawns and light grays these materials make up delightfully into coat and skirt suits for early spring wear. There

are, too, charming loose woven diamonds and basket weaves in these mixtures, and of serges flax and soft there is no end.

A very lightweight covert cloth is finding acceptance in Paris, and it is both practical and good looking. Years ago when this cloth was popular many women objected to it on account of its heavy weight. This objection has been overcome by the present covert cloths, which are light in weight and color,

Very Lightweight Covert Cloth Is Indorsed
by Parisian Tailors—A Great Season
For White Fabrics

PRETTY EASTER SUIT OF VIOLET CLOTH.

TOUCH OF COLOR BRIGHTENS THIS SPRING SUIT.

though firm and strong in weave, of ratine and is usually to be found in a deep cream color, with smooth reverse surface of a warmer tone, such as green, rose, violet and soft old blue. And speaking of ratine, which answers to the name of sponge and terry cloth as well as to the better known title, there is again a revival of this

stuff for trimmings on tailored coats. Too much popularity before the season is well under way is apt to make collar and cuffs of this material not desirable for the woman who likes exclusive trimmings. Leather trimmings are the swagger things this year, and when the leather is soft and pliable it is treated to an embroidered design.

Big revers or collars figure upon many of the best looking models in spring tailor made suits, some originality in the collar in many instances constituting the costume's only claim to distinction. But, on the other hand, one often finds a suit of this type which is collarless, the model usually crossing in front to fasten down the left side, giving more or less of the Russian effect.

It is to be a great white season; but, strangely enough, all the white fabrics have a tinge of cerise or cream in their coloring, and in sheer materials they tone toward a yellowish tint. For the tailored suit cream serge is very smart with a touch of black in the coat trimmings. But white corduroy is the newest short coats show the cut-away effect, some models having only a slight departure from the more usual straight closing; but others are cut away abruptly in front. Short cutaway coat lines are not for every figure, however fashionable they may become. Where the hips are small enough they are very becoming, but on a dumpy, stout woman the silhouette is grotesque.

Coat sleeves in the more severely tailored modes are, of course, long, but more dressy models show the three-quarter sleeve, which is very dressy and pretty for warm weather.

Skirts, despite the rumors of more fullness, are tight and slim in outline, but they are not as severely plain as have been the winter models. Straps, buttons and trimmed panels give variety to many of the smartest spring models. As for length, they are not so short that from a distance a woman might reasonably be mistaken for her sixteen-year-old granddaughter, but they do clear the ground about two inches, or three in some cases. Trotting skirts are naturally shorter than the skirt designed for occasions when a tailor made suit is in order.

A stunning white serge suit is pictured among the cuts. It will figure prominently in the Easter parade. It has a slashed tunic and a short, straight coat trimmed with black velvet closely sautched with white.

Another smart Easter suit is illustrated of a new material consisting of a mohair in worsted weave which is much favored by Paris tailors. The color is a rich violet, the beauty of tone being enhanced by trimmings of silver braid and facings of gray bengaline. Hat and parasol are in shades of violet.

A touch of color brightens many of the smartest spring suits and proves a dominant note in the pretty little suit of pale gray worsted that is illustrated. This note is accomplished by the aid of the chiffon cape collar, which is in a vivid shade of cerise. Black velvet trimmings on the dove gray material somewhat soften the effect of this cerise color contrast, but the effect is striking and undeniably attractive. The skirt has a peculiar cut, the front portion opening over a petticoat of gray satin, and the same gray satin appears on the revers of the coat. The hat is cerise straw trimmed with white and black. CATHERINE TALBOT.

VERY STYLISH SUMMER FROCK

THE hat worn with this pretty lingerie frock is a Panama model faced with black and trimmed with green and white ribbon. To match



NEW RETICULE WITH HAT TO MATCH.

There is a smart reticule made of very wide Dresden ribbon in shades of plum and green, with a frilling and loops of green ribbon in narrow width.

MAKING JABOTS

MANY of those who admire the fancy neckwear and dainty jabots with frills and lace to be seen in the shops may not know that some of these designs can be copied quite easily.

To make one of white and pale pink linen take a triangular piece of pink linen and apply to the white by means of a row of buttonhole stitching. Groups of embroidery spots are then worked on the linen, and a narrow lace edging is sewed around the linen, which is then laid in narrow plait and stitched in place.

An oblong piece of fine white cotton voile with a pointed end has three tiny thread tucks on the point run by hand. Wide lace is then sewed fast to the edge, with the corners turned where the point turns. This is then laid in a triple box plait, the straight edge turned over and sewed down and a row of small black satin buttons sewed down the center.

From the topmost button two little inverted rovers of black satin extend halfway to the point. This makes a novel looking jabot.

The jabot of embroidery, net and Irish lace is very elaborate, but with little trouble it can be made at home.

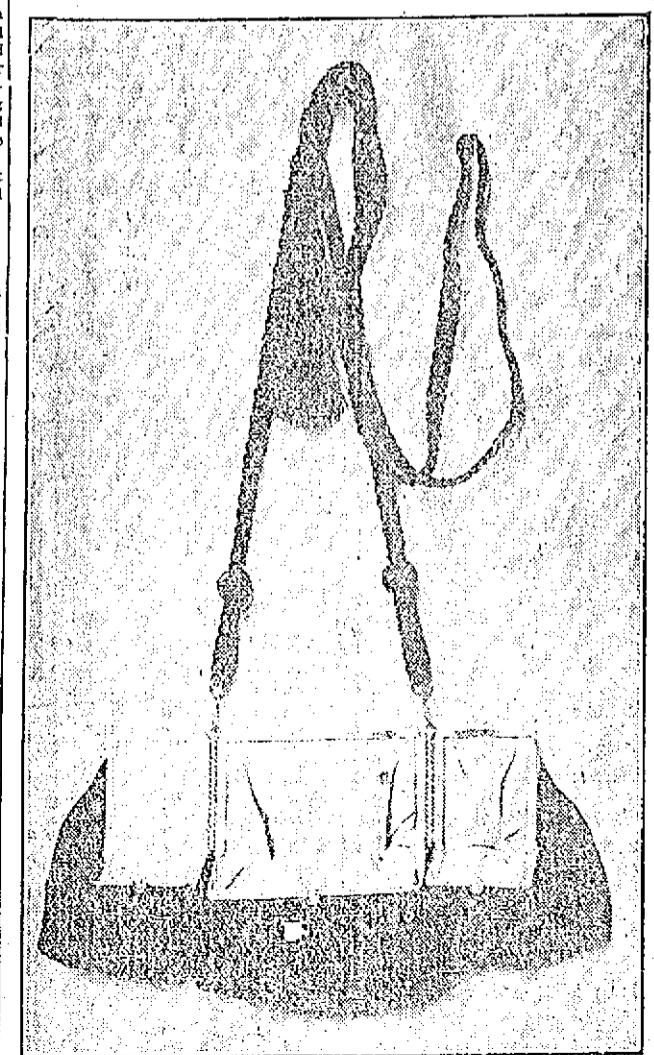
Not the Right Kind

A YOUNG bachelor, who was beset by a sewing machine agent, told the latter that his machine would not answer his purpose.

"Why," said the agent with volatile praise, "it is the best on the market in every respect."

"That may be," replied the supposed customer, "but the sewing machine I am looking for must have Baxon hair and blue eyes."

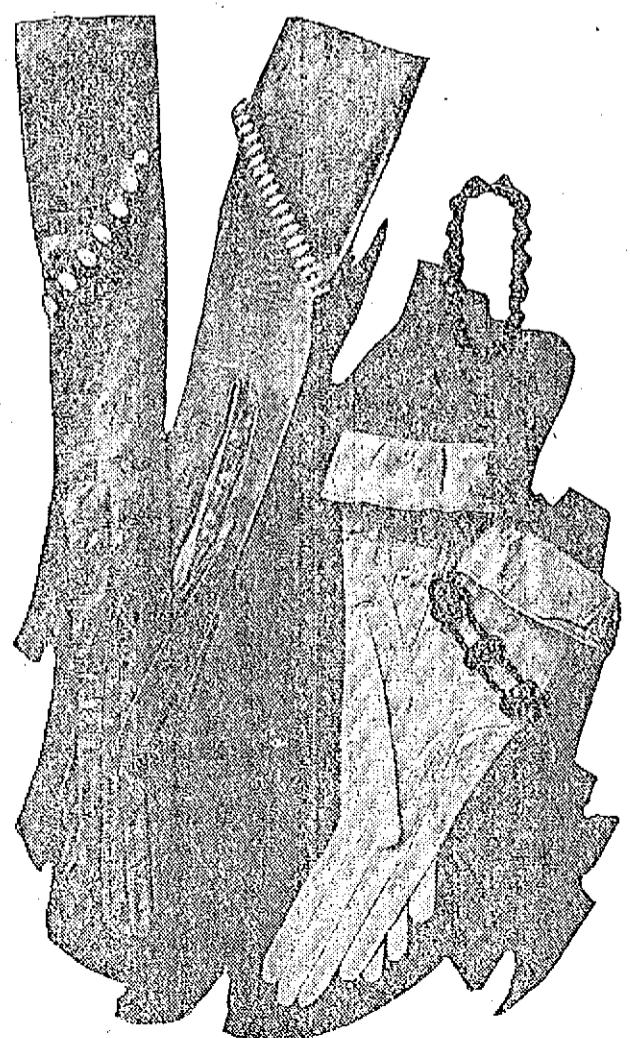
The Latest In Hand Bags



A CONVENIENT LIMOUSINE NOVELTY.

THIS bag may be carried in the hand when desired, but it is really intended for use in the limousine, where it hangs for ready convenience. The vanity center pocket will hold various belongings, and the side pockets are for

Smart Glove Newness



THE BRACELET GLOVE.

THE SHAMPOO QUESTION

THE shampoo question is to be treated from many standpoints. Some skilled hair doctors say it should be done once in six weeks; others advocate half that time as the limit to go unshampooed. Of course every one knows that oily hair must be washed often than dry hair. The way to dress it at night has also been disputed. "Loosely braid it," cries one adviser. "Tightly braid it," declares another. "If it is in loose strands one hair will brush against and bruise another."

There is one treatment that few heads enjoy as much as they should—namely, an airing. Once a day, for an hour if possible, it should hang and blow and stray and do all the pretty poetic things a breeze can help it to do.

Twice a week the following is good for the scalp: Comb and part the hair from the middle of the forehead (where the bad little girl's curl came) to the middle of the nape of the neck. Divide each side into three strands, then roll each strand into a tight coil, secured with a hairpin. This will expose the scalp, or a great part of it, to the air, always a remedial agent when the temperature permits.

Zero weather is not the best time, of course, to sit with one's hair so coiled by an open window.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Brass polished only with rottenstone and oil will have a deep, rich, yellow tone, while the acid polishes leave it whiter and more brilliant.

Rub flatirons over a layer of salt occasionally while using them on starched goods. It removes any starch that may stick to the iron.

WHITE BLOUSES WILL BE POPULAR

TUERIE is to be a revival in white blouses for the spring, according to fashion reports from Paris. The smartly dressed woman in tailored costume is to have a blouse of snowy lawn, with long sleeves ruffled at the wrists and high collar, in place of the shirtwaist, to tone with the costume of the present season.

After having stoutly insisted on blouses of the latter type for some seasons back Parisians have already gone over to white and cream blouses entirely, the models being in fine net, daintily embroidered and trimmed with lace and fine tucks or the lawn with similar trimmings.

Blouses in white lawns and nets are being worn in Paris even with the heaviest of velvet or tweed costumes, and there are many smart designs in white satin, white mousseline de sole or white crepe.

Two Parisian ideas of the white blouse for tailor made were seen recently. In one design of fine lawn, inset with insertion and trimming with lace and embroidery, there was a na-

ARTISTIC TABLE COVER

THE woman who is interested in needlework as employment for the long winter evenings will enjoy making a table cover or scarf of monk's cloth applied with linen figures. Cut the cloth the size you desire of a very dark green shade and basic in a two inch hem all around for a square cover—and at each end on a scarf—then cut out fancy figures from natural colored linen, using either flowers simple in design, leaves like the clover and oak, hearts, circles or small triangles.

Baste these on the cloth just above the hem and sew them fast by buttonholing around with rope floss in a burnt orange shade.

One clever girl made a table scarf, cushion cover and window curtains to correspond for her room at college of monk's cloth applied with figures representing books, dumbbells, Indian clubs and various things associated with college life.

One advantage of the work is that it is quickly done and when finished is very attractive.

To Bone High Collars

A CONVENIENT way to bone high collars on wash blouses is to sew narrow linen tape on the collar in as many strips as you wish bones. Stitch the bottom of the tape across and from the top slip in the featherbone, then fold over the end of the tape and sew it fast by hand.

When the blouse is to be laundered unfasten the hand sewing, slip the bones out and lay them aside until the blouse is ironed ready to wear again. It is then very little trouble to replace them.

WHITE BLOUSES WILL BE POPULAR

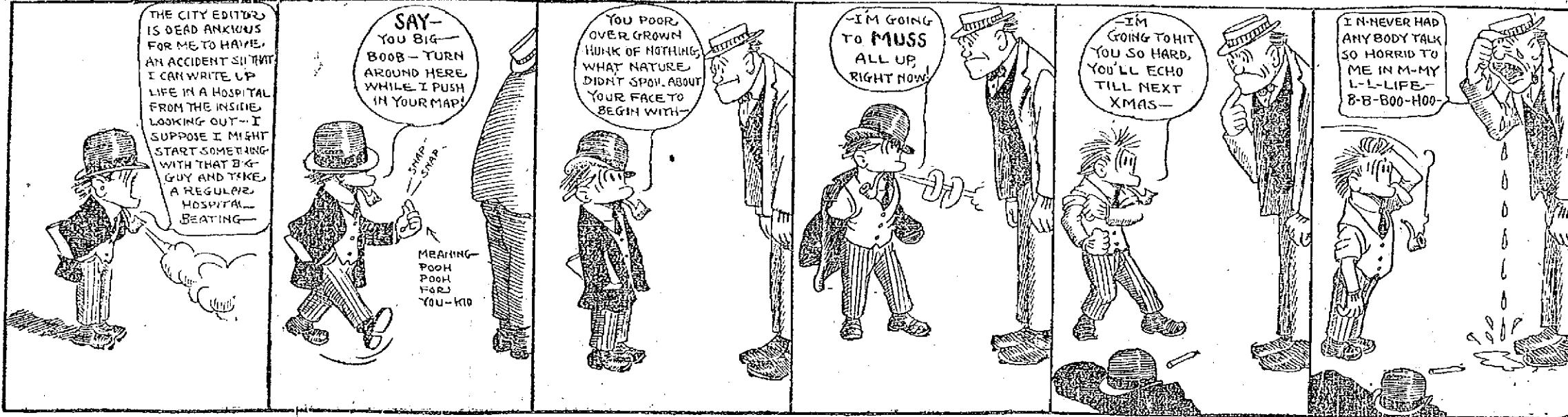
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SCOOP EXPLODES ANOTHER WHITE HOPE—NO CHANCE TO CALL THE AMBULANCE



TWO GIRLS SENTENCED

They Came from Manchester and Led Dissolute Lives

Rose Hamel, aged 17 years, and Amy Malloux, aged 18 years, were arrested in a room in a tenement at the corner of Market street and Cummings's alley yesterday afternoon on a warrant charging them with being lewd and wanton persons in speech and behavior. After being brought to the police station it was found that the Hamel girl was the one whom the police had been looking for since last November, for having robbed a man of \$120, therefore an additional complaint was preferred against her. The arrests were made by Inspectors Walsh, Laflamme and McCloskey and Patrolman Abbott.

When arraigned in police court this morning the Hamel girl was charged with being a lewd person and also with the larceny of \$120 the property of John Flaherty. She pleaded guilty to both complaints, and the Malloux girl pleaded guilty to being a lewd person.

Despite the fact that the Hamel girl is 17 years old she has been married for some time and her husband at the present time is serving time in Manchester for stabbing a man. Last November Mr. and Mrs. Hamel occupied a room in Tyler street and they managed to entice Flaherty into the house and when he left he was minus his roll of \$120.

The Malloux girl belongs in Concord, N. H., but of late has been in Manchester, N. H. She testified that she and Mrs. Hamel came to this city a week ago today and engaged a room at 27 Central street and later moved to Market street, where they were arrested. Both girls showed signs of dissipation and the fingers of the right hand of each were stained with nicotine, showing that they are cigar smokers.

Questioned by the court relative to the company she kept the Malloux girl said that her steady is in jail in Manchester, serving time for larceny.

The court after considering the case found Mrs. Hamel guilty and ordered her committed to jail for six months and the Malloux girl was sentenced to three months in jail.

ROOSEVELT MEETING

TO BE HELD AT NEWARK, N. J.

THIS EVENING

NEWARK, N. J., March 1.—Gov. Stiths of Kansas, Governor Bass of New Hampshire and Gov. Carey of Wyoming were announced today as principal speakers at the Roosevelt mass meeting to be held here tonight.

ORDERS HIS COFFIN

Man Says He Expects to Use it Soon

Ordering a coffin before one dies is very seldom done, but this is what occurred last night when a stranger called at A. Archam's undertailing rooms in Merrimack street, paid \$4 down for a casket and said he would pay so much a week. He also made the remark that he probably would soon use the casket.

At nine o'clock last night a fine young man entered the funeral parlor of Undertaker Archambault and



POGGEBURG, AMATEUR BILLIARD CHAMPION, WILL COMPETE IN EUROPEAN TOURNEY

NEW YORK, March 1.—J. F. Poggenburg, who captured the title of international amateur champion at 18.2 bank billiards at the tournament held in this city recently, will participate in the European championship

asked to be shown the caskets. The undertaker thinking someone was dead took the stranger to his show room and displayed a number of coffins at different prices. The man after looking them over carefully, selected a silk and chiffon casket, sofa model, with silk and chiffon trimmings and asked that it be put away as he was going to pay for it by weekly installments. He was then informed the price was

\$150 and that made him smile.

"Who is dead?" queried the undertaker. "No one," answered the purchaser, "this casket is for me. I will give you five dollars down and pay the balance in weekly payments, and I assure you it will be paid for in a short time and will probably be useful in a short time." Then he placed a five dollar bill on the desk and asked for a receipt. The undertaker refused to take the money, but the man in-

sisted and finally he took it and asked him his name in order to make a receipt. The strange man then told him to make the receipt out to John Smith. He also informed the undertaker he was from Providence, R. I., and was a traveling salesman in the employ of a small firm, and said he would call every week.

The receipt was given him with the understanding that if he changed his mind at any time he would be given back his money by producing the receipt. The man then thanked the undertaker and went away wearing a smile.

PLAINTIFFS WIN

Verdict in Automobile Accident Case

The jury in the suits brought by Mrs. Clara L. Reynolds and William B. Reynolds of the Lowell road, Nashua, N. H., who were struck by an automobile two years ago, while driving to their home, returned a verdict late Wednesday evening. In the suit for damages to Mrs. Reynolds the jury brought in a verdict of \$700, against Thomas P. Glynn of this city. In the suit of William B. Reynolds a verdict of guilty was returned against Glynn and damages were assessed at \$500. The charges against the other defendants, Chester H. Queen and the two as the Merrimack Auto company were dismissed—that is to say, Glynn is declared by the jury to be the responsible party for the accident. Glynn was not at the trial. Watson & Moran were counsel for the plaintiffs and Atty. Albert G. Howard of Lowell for the defendant, valued at \$20,000.

Many lawyers have been requested by the petition and the proceedings thereon are so irregular and the evidence so unsatisfactory and wanting that the petition is denied. A fresh petition conforming to the statute brings the matter and the questions involved in proper form for action.

"The petitioner's request for rulings is overruled."

HABEAS CORPUS WRIT

Denied Former Lawyer Who is in Insane Asylum

SALEM, March 1.—Judge Pessendon in the superior court here has denied the petition of Simon G. Crosswell of Cambridge, formerly a prominent writer of legal text books and editor of wide reputation, for a writ of habeas corpus freeing him from the Dauvers State hospital for the insane, where he has been an inmate since Dec. 12, 1907.

Crosswell, in bringing the matter before the court, alleged that a murder plot has been started against him, as a result of which his sister, Mary C. Crosswell of 19 Berkeley street, Cambridge, and his brother, James G. Crosswell of New York, are aiming to possess themselves of his estate, valued at \$20,000.

Many lawyers have been requested by the petition and the proceedings thereon are so irregular and the evidence so unsatisfactory and wanting that the petition is denied. A fresh petition conforming to the statute brings the matter and the questions involved in proper form for action.

"The petitioner's request for rulings is overruled."

TO LET

All sufferers from piles, old sores and all skin diseases know that ST. THOMAS' SALVE has no equal. Try it. All leading druggists, 35c.

MACARTNEY'S
EARLY SHOWING OF
SPRING SUITS

To encourage early buying we have put on sale the finest lines of suits that we have ever shown for

\$10.00

They consist of all wool cassimeres, cheviots and worsteds, in the newest styles and effects. Positive satisfaction guaranteed. If these suits do not give satisfaction we will gladly give you a new suit.

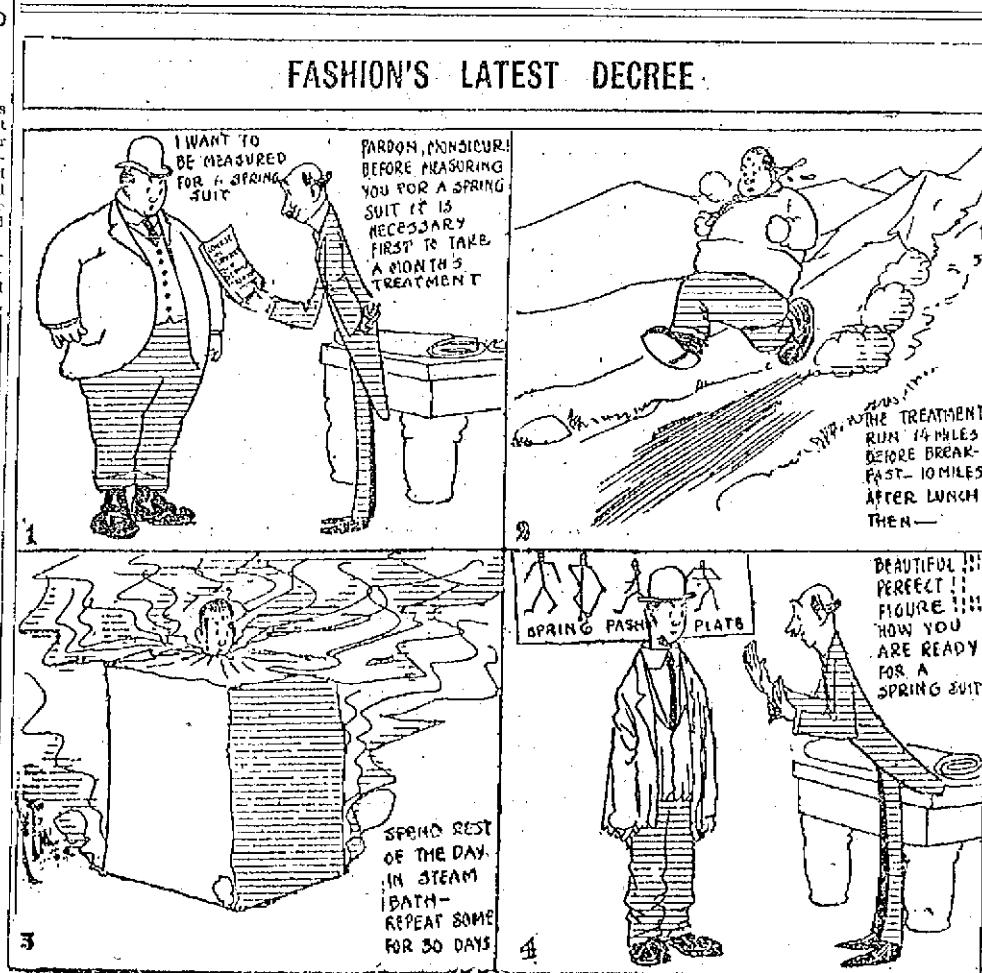
NEW GOODS AND IDEAS ALWAYS

At Macartney's "Apparel Shop"

72 MERRIMACK STREET,

Hathaway Theatre
"THE SUNSET TRAIL"

Next week the company will play "The Preacher and the Conqueror" by John Lawrence.



16 PAGES 1 CENT

LOWELL MASS. FRIDAY MARCH 1 1912

16 PAGES 1 CENT

THE APPROPRIATIONS

Voted by the Municipal Council at Meeting Yesterday

The following tables show the city's finances, the estimates and appropriations for the year together with the expenditures of last year. The biggest cut is in the street department estimate, but that department will be allowed to borrow for permanent improvements and if the suggestions offered by Alderman Barrett at yesterday's meeting are adopted there will be lots of work for street laborers and others when the season opens.

The street department estimate was cut from \$250,000 to \$140,000 and Alderman Brown, who has charge of that department, says that the amount allowed him is not sufficient to keep the streets in proper condition.

CITY'S FINANCIAL STATUS

Amount to be raised by Taxation..... \$1,410,100.00
Estimated Department Revenue..... 470,300.00

Appropriated for Departments..... \$1,430,146.00
Fixed Charges..... 449,299.20

\$1,879,445.20

Total Estimated Revenue..... \$1,880,400.00
Total Appropriations..... 1,879,445.20

To Credit of General Fund..... \$ 854.80

Fixed Charges:
City Debt..... \$278,799.20
Interest..... 140,000.00
Sinking Funds..... 30,500.00

Total..... \$449,299.20

Department	Estimated	Voted Amount or Cut
Public Safety	\$401,951.62	\$562,265.00
Finance	62,362.18	56,740.00
Streets and Highways	419,201.37	268,500.00
Fire and Water	431,105.05	15,646.07
Buildings and Licenses	156,982.70	136,936.00
Education	438,000.00	20,045.76
Specials; Council	14,500.00	14,500.00
Totals	\$1,924,052.92	\$1,653,849.98

ALLOWED THE DEPARTMENTS

	Expended 1911	Estimate	Voted
Assessors	\$ 15,344.65	\$ 14,453.60	\$ 14,500.00
Auditor	5,968.75	6,881.00	6,000.00
Buildings	23,565.41	25,172.70	21,000.00
Charity, Hospital	62,875.76	65,446.50	50,000.00
Charity, O. D. Relief	42,652.43	39,113.00	33,000.00
Cemeteries	8,730.32	8,001.00	8,000.00
City Clerk	6,805.16	7,638.00	7,300.00
City Messenger	18,568.31	18,600.00	18,000.00
City Sealer	2,530.00	2,630.00	2,300.00
City Treasurer	15,341.65	14,453.60	11,500.00
City Weigher	810.16	810.00	810.00
Elections	9,465.91	8,131.00	6,800.00
Engineer	16,008.00	16,500.00	16,500.00
Fire	176,600.88	207,401.07	191,755.00
Fish Warden	40.00	100.00	100.00
Health	73,425.97	80,753.52	71,000.00
Insurance	3,883.91	3,800.00	4,500.00
Inspector of Animals	510.00	510.00	510.00
Inspector of Wires	2,521.29	2,526.00	2,526.00
Law	6,054.32	7,938.25	5,250.00
Library	15,600.00	18,000.00	14,500.00
Lighting	100,334.12	104,201.37	85,000.00
Mayer	5,083.55	4,900.00	4,000.00
Moth Extermination	8,775.62	12,000.00	8,500.00
Parks	14,314.33	20,680.15	12,000.00
Postmaster	5.00	5.00	5.00
Police	151,279.74	159,191.25	153,000.00
Registers	5,172.74	5,053.00	4,000.00
Rifle Range	1,565.82	1,168.00	1,000.00
Schools	101,965.74	420,000.00	385,000.00
Schoolhouses	29,351.23	26,000.00	21,000.00
Sewer Maintenance	20,552.83	23,500.00	18,000.00
Smoke Inspector	83.80	400.00	400.00
State Aid	40,720.35	40,300.00	40,000.00
Supplies	6,871.26	7,110.85	6,610.00
Streets	214,938.09	256,000.00	140,000.00
Street Watering	20,890.30	24,000.00	19,000.00
Water Dept.	227,221.61	223,703.98	223,703.98

*Plus receipts.

At a meeting of the municipal council held yesterday the question of department appropriations for the year was settled. The council had held several meetings, public and private, and when it was finally announced that the matter had been settled everybody was happy.

Mayor O'Donnell called to order at 2:45 and read a petition for ap-

7-10-4
C. SULLIVAN'S
10c CIGAR
Output for 1911
29,356,736
Increase during the year, 6,282,834.
FACTORY AT MANCHESTER, N. H.

Cut Flowers
and floral designs for all occasions, at reasonable prices. We grow them and they are always fresh and reliable.

McManmon, Florist
11 PRESCOTT STREET

LOWELL SOCIAL and

ATHLETIC CLUB

Young Doyle vs. Young Jasper
Young Walsh vs. Sulter Murphy
Gardner Brooks vs. Joe Seneca
Timmy Doyle vs. Young Hutton
Matthew Hall, Friday Eye, March 1

BRIGHT, SEARS & CO.
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR

fixed charges and \$223,503.03 for the water works.

The usual order instructing the board of assessors to raise money for current expenses for the year was passed. This completed the work on the appropriations and Mayor O'Donnell then called on Alderman Barrett to say a few words relative to the general work of departments.

Alderman Barrett congratulated the members of the council on the completion of its work on the appropriations, stating that everyone knew it to be a hard year. He said the city would be obliged to spend more money this year and every member is confronted with a tremendous task.

Relative to the street department, Alderman Barrett said that more money had been given than department this year than any other year in the history of the city and that nothing unfair had been parceled out to that department. The improvements which he recommended were the extension of Dummed street to Merrinack street, extension of Tanner street to Gorham street, either widening Decatur street or extending Aiken street to Salem, rebuilding of Pawtucket bridge, and widening of School street. He said: "I believe, as I have before expressed it, that ordinary expenses should be taken care of by current revenue and permanent improvements may very properly be taken care of by loans."

Adjourned to Tuesday at 2 p.m.

LAWRENCE STRIKE

Continued

COL. SWEETSER

CHEERED BY THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BOSTON, March 1.—About 350 members of the Boston chamber of commerce participated in a dinner at Hotel Somerset last evening given by the chamber assembly. The topic assigned

speaker of the house, who spoke warmly in behalf of the mill owners. William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen company, was present though not conspicuous.

D. Chauncey Brewster, president of the North American Girls League for Immigrants, presided and made a plea for extension of the kind of work his organization is doing, namely, meeting immigrants on the docks of the various ocean ports, protecting them from sharpers and doing what can be done to give them a knowledge of American institutions and ideals, and to disperse

he said, "you find a great undigested lump in the community."

Must Not Go to Red Socialism

Owing to difference in language there is no adequate means of communication between that class of population and the local officials. In the next generation he claimed, upward of 10,000,000 of that sort of immigrants are coming here, and are going to settle in the east. It is up to men like those he was talking to, he said, to see that they do not fall into the hands of leaders that will lead them into the ranks of red socialism.

DON'T BE BASHFUL

Ask for a sample of Howard's Pine-Balm for coughs and we'll give it to you gladly. Enough to prove what a really good remedy it is. Pleasant to take and safe for children. Large bottles 25c. Howard, the Druggist, 127 Central street. (For roughness of skin use Howard's Like Cream.)

intended to advance wages until this morning.

"I have not recovered from the strike," he added.

It was learned that Max Mitchell of Boston and Archibald Adamson and Thomas E. Riley, the latter two representing the Industrial Workers of the World, would confer with the American Woolen Co. during the day.

A sentiment prevailed among the operatives of the Pacific cotton mills, constituting one of the largest plants of its kind in the country, that an early announcement would be made by the management regarding the wage question. E. W. Scott, secretary to W. E. Parker, agent of the corporation, when asked if the Pacific intended to increase the pay of the operatives said that when Mr. Parker took action he would make the announcement public.

William Whitman, president of the Arlington corporation, whose wage announcement placed an entirely new face on the local situation, was for many years president of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers and is also prominent in the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers and in the American Cotton Manufacturers Association. He controls mills in New Bedford and North Adams and is the largest shareholder in the Arlington mills. He was born at Round Hill, Annapolis county, Nova Scotia, in 1842. He is well known as a writer on economic subjects especially on the tariff. His mill interests are not connected with the American Woolen Co., a corporation which controls more than thirty woolen and worsted plants in New England and New York state.

JOHN GOLDEN

SAYS A GENERAL STRIKE IS THREATENED

LAWRENCE, March 1.—John Golden, president of the United Textile Workers of America, last night gave out the following statement:

"I am in Lawrence to decide upon the official demands to be made by the United Textile Workers of America, the American Federation of Labor and the representatives of the local Central Labor Union, and failing to secure favorable consideration of these demands, which will affect the wages and working conditions of all the textile workers, skilled and unskilled, to plan for the immediate inauguration of a general strike which will affect every department in every mill in this city."

"If it becomes necessary to call such a strike, it will be done in the usual deliberate and effective manner which characterizes the procedure of American Federation of Labor unless in general."

"This means that it will embrace not only the textile workers, but also affect the entire force of mills, from the man who shovels coal under the boilers up to the highest skilled operative in those mills."

"We shall request a higher percentage of increase for hitherto low-paid, unskilled help, than will be asked for the more highly paid, skilled operatives, and I feel sure that the latter will heartily fall in with such a plan, which simply means doing something more for those who need it most."

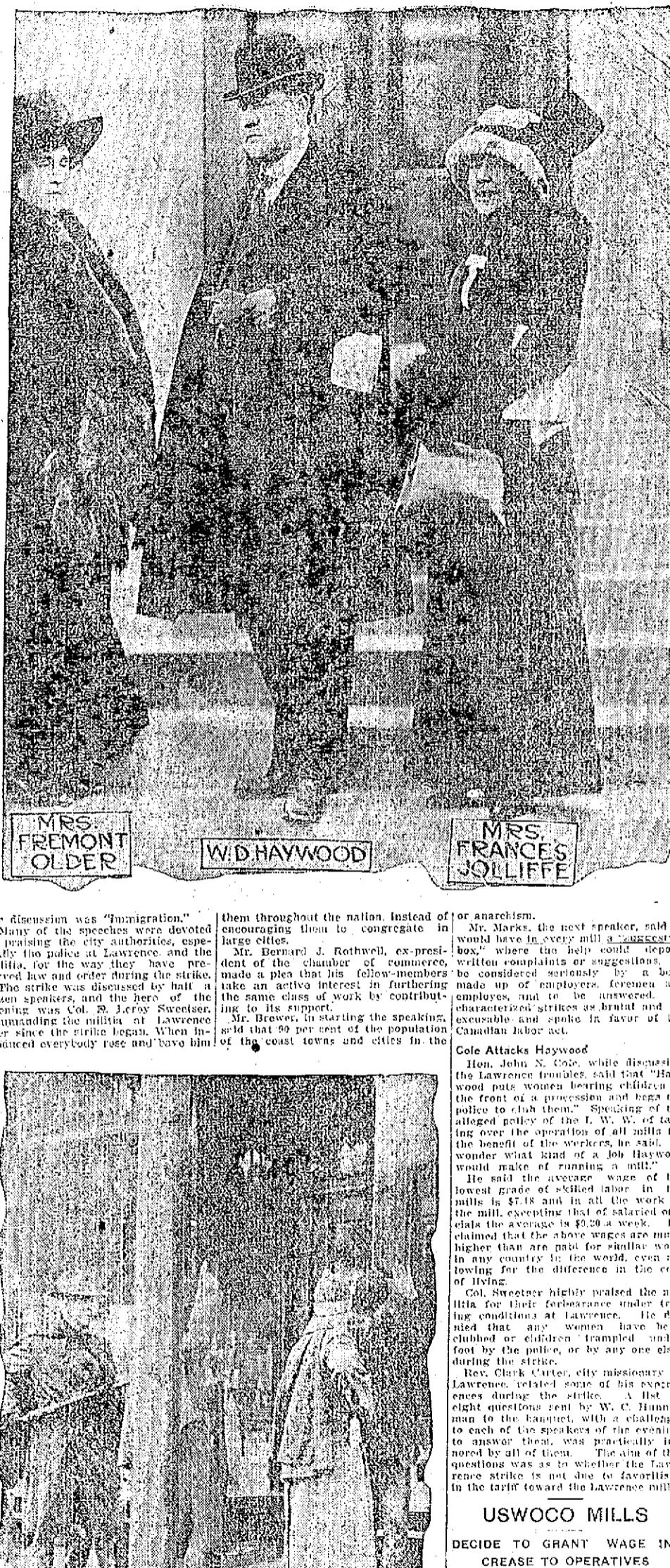
"The other grievances, such as the premium system, etc., also will be attended to, and a definite plan outlined for their adjustment by the representatives of the legitimate trade movement, who have been working very patiently and assiduously toward that end for several weeks."

"I trust that no such drastic step as the calling of a general strike will be necessary. In saying this, I feel sure that I voice the sentiment not only of the trade union movement, which is now firmly established in Lawrence, but of the whole community. And if the mill owners of Lawrence really are in earnest in their expressed desire for industrial peace, we will give them an opportunity to make good."

"If they fail to rise equal to the occasion, a general strike of necessity must follow, and whatever the consequences, the responsibility rests entirely upon the shoulders of the mill owners."

"Our whole object is the bringing about of industrial peace and a better understanding between employer and employee in the future, with collective bargaining eventually to be established in this city, such as now obtains in many of the other large textile cities of our country between the organized employers and organized employees today."

Continued to last page



"POLLARD PLEDGE"

For Drunks is Tried in Germany

ST. LOUIS, March 1.—Judge William Jefferson Pollard, who devised the Pollard pledge plan by which "tops" are released from police courts on taking the pledge to abstain from drinking for a specified time, has received word that the states of Lippe

them throughout the nation. Instead of encouraging them to congregate in large cities.

Mr. Bernard J. Rothwell, ex-president of the chamber of commerce, made a plea that his fellow-members take an active interest in furthering the same class of work by contributing to its support.

Mr. Brewster, in starting the speaking, said that 99 per cent of the population

of the coast towns and cities in the

or anarchism.

Mr. Marks, the next speaker, said he would have in every mill a "suggestion box" where the help could deposit written complaints or suggestions to be considered seriously by a body made up of employers, foremen and employees, and to be answered. He characterized strikes as brutal and inexcusable and spoke in favor of the Canadian labor act.

Cole Attacks Haywood

Hon. John N. Cole, while discussing the Lawrence troubles, said that "Haywood puts women bearing children in the front of a procession and begs the police to club them." Speaking of the alleged policy of the L. W. W. of taking over the operation of all mills for the benefit of the workers, he said, "I wonder what kind of a job Haywood would make of running a mill."

He said the average wage of the lowest grade of skilled labor in the mills is \$7.18 and in all the work of the mill, excepting that of salaried officials

THE SCHOOL CHILDREN

In This City Are Provided With Individual Towels

It has been brought to the attention of educators and others interested in school expenses by the state, Mr. Whitecomb said, that the amount of tuition has been spent by towns. Paper towels are being used in the schools of several cities, but it is said that they are very expensive.

Asked today as to the towel supply in the public schools of Lowell, Superintendent Whitecomb said the individual towels, small hand towels such as are used in hotels, and other towels provided for the children and are distributed by the teachers or janitors, Mr. Whitecomb said that the school committee of last year was responsible for the present system of towel supply and he thought it would be impossible to improve upon it. The towels are supplied by a laundry company, said Mr. Whitecomb, and at a surprisingly low cost. The laundry company collects and delivers, and, according to the superintendent, it would be pretty hard to improve upon the system of towel appropriation in the public schools.

Appropriation for Schools

Asked if he had anything to say relative to the appropriation for schools as allowed by the municipal council, Mr. Whitecomb said he had no fault to find. Discussing the reimbursements

MURDER IS CHARGED

Husband and Wife Placed Under Arrest at Lewiston

LEWISTON, Me., March 1.—The known as Mary Montivane, is said to be murderer of an unidentified man at Baye, an American woman whose maiden name was Cochrane. She admitted to the police that she and her husband were in the camp when trouble broke out. Rossi and the unknown man whom she thought to be a Scotchman, had been drinking, she said, and quarreled. Her husband then sent her out and she did not know what happened afterward. She and her husband left the camp and came here, by way of various Canadian and Maine points. Rossi is between 30 and 40 years of age and his wife about 35.

The couple made no objection to going back to Canada and it is planned that officers shall start with them for Quebec tonight.

MICHAEL A. LEE

Read Interesting Report to Local Carpenters

The first report of the convention of the state council of the carpenters' union which was held in Lawrence was made by Michael E. Lee, the Lowell delegate and member of the council at the meeting of the Lowell union this week. Mr. Lee reported that the convention was one of the most successful that has ever been held by the carpenters.

Mr. Lee's report was as follows:

As a delegate to the convention of the state council of carpenters held at Lawrence I would report, that in my opinion, it was one of the best and most instructive meetings ever held by the council. It was largely attended by fraternal delegates. The convention had the honor of the presence of four national officers, including Secretary Frank Duffy.

The roll call the afternoon of the first day showed 66 delegates present. On the afternoon of the first day the delegates listened to Secretary Frank Duffy who gave an account of the work of the unions throughout the country. He also answered some questions and gave some decisions. One of his decisions was to the effect that if a member of the brotherhood went into another jurisdiction to work and did not transfer, according to section 105, he loses his death benefit should he die while in an outside jurisdiction.

Another decision was that no member of the brotherhood should use the words "seal" or "unfair contractor." Such terms should never be entered on the books, such terms or names have caused much litigation and expense to the general office. General organizer Bottrell gave a very interesting explanation of the compensation act as applied at the present time. He is an eloquent speaker.

Brother Geo. H. Wright, fraternal delegate from the New York state council spoke concerning the conditions of trade and legislative work as carried on in that state.

A resolution was presented to the effect that an apprentice system be established at the ratio of one apprentice to six journeymen. This was referred to the executive board.

The working card question was considered.

Samuel Bottrell gave some very good advice and suggestions, stating that funds in the district council made conditions, and not the fund at headquarters.

The council made a gain of 22 locals during the year, two-thirds of all carpenters locals are now connected with the state council.

The object of the state council now is to get universal trade rules throughout the state.

The council accomplished much during the past year and spent much time trying to get all locals to act in conjunction.

Mr. Lee said that at the executive board meeting when nomination of committees came up he had the pleasure of getting Brother Mandley of Lowell on the committee on officers' report. This is a very important committee and Mr. Mandley was made secretary. Mr. Lee also had the pleasure of getting Brother J. Plan on the committee on constitution.

He also read many resolutions adopted and said that at the convention all delegates reported that the meetings were well attended.

In conclusion Mr. Lee thanked the members for the honor of representing them and the latter gave him a standing vote of thanks.

Saturday Sale

On VIOLETS and JEWELS at 20c. Mammon's the Jewel. As we grow the men and the overclothes, you get the benefit.

Large Bunch of Violets 50c

WAGES ADVANCED

IN MILLS OWNED BY MOSES STEVENS & SONS

HAVERHILL, March 1.—An advance in wages in the mills of this city, North Andover and Franklin, N. H., owned by the Moses Stevens & Sons Co., manufacturers of woolens, was announced today. The amount of the increase is not specified. The company employs about 2,000 hands.

There has been a strike in the Stevens Co. mills in this city for some time based on disputes over a new line of goods and rates of wage increase. About 100 of the weavers went out but the strike did not extend to the other mills.

It is expected that the new wage schedule will assist in adjusting the difficulty.

GOV. WILSON

TO SPEAK AT MEETING IN DES MOINES

DES MOINES, Ia., March 1.—Accompanied by a party of leading town democrats who are to join him at Grinnell, Gov. Woodrow Wilson is scheduled to arrive here tonight for an address in the Coliseum.

State Woman Suffrage associations have appointed a committee that will submit to Gov. Wilson a letter asking for an explanation of certain statements he is credited with having made in criticism of woman suffrage.

TEACHING IN JAPAN
Another note had to do with American male teachers in Japan and stated that they receive from \$50 to \$100 a month. In the smaller places the cost of living is \$15 a month if the teacher lives in native style, and \$50 a month if he lives in foreign style. In large foreign communities the cost of living ranges from \$10 to \$50 a month.

WESTERN ECONOMIC SOCIETY
CHICAGO, March 1.—The regulation of industrial combinations was the theme scheduled for discussion at the sessions of the third conference of the Western Economic society which began here today. Among the topics of addresses were listed "Regulation through trade commissions," C. C. Batchelder of Boston, and "Trust control," Wade Ellis, former attorney general of Ohio.

FUNERALS

SAVARD—The funeral of the late Pierre Savard was held this morning from his late home, 39 Marshall street. High mass of requiem was celebrated at Notre Dame de Lourdes church at 8:30 by Rev. Leon Lamotte, O. M. I. The choir was under the direction of Mr. H. A. Racicot with Miss Alma Alexander at the organ. The bearers were Archie, Joseph and Jerry Thibault, Joseph Provost, George Marchand and Joseph Savard. The floral tributes were as follows: Sprays, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Merrill; Roster Brothers, H. A. Walsh, Archie and Emma Thibault. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery, Rev. Fr. Laganiere, O. M. I. reciting the committed prayers at the grave. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Joseph Albert.

PAULINT—The funeral of Julius J. Paulint took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his brother, Lucius F. Paulint, 101 Livingston street, at 2 o'clock. Burial took place in the Edison cemetery in charge of Undertaker John A. Weinbeck.

COLGAN—The funeral of the late Thomas Colgan took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers Higgins Bros. and proceeded to the Sacred Heart church where, at 9 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was celebrated by the Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O. M. I. The choir rendered the Gregorian mass. At the offertory, "Pie Jesu" was sung and the body was being borne from the church to the bier by the following bearers: Messrs. John McCarron, Patrick French, Anthony McCarron and Frank McGrath.

The casket was borne from the church to the bier by the following bearers: Messrs. John McCarron, Patrick French, Anthony McCarron and Frank McGrath.

After leaving the church the funeral cortège proceeded to St. Patrick's cemetery, burial being in the family lot where the last sad rites of the Catholic church were read at the grave by Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O. M. I. The funeral was largely attended and under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

MCCARRON—The funeral of the late John J. McNamara took place this morning from the home of his sister, Mrs. Patrick Foranigan, number 179 Fayette street at 8:30 o'clock and was largely attended. The cortège proceeded to the Immaculate Conception church where at 9 o'clock a funeral mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Owen McQuaid. The choir, under the direction of Mr. Charles P. Smith, rendered the Gregorian chant. At the of-

THE LOWELL SUN FRIDAY MARCH 1 1912

THE SHOE STOCK OF

The 20th Century Shoe Store

E. H. Pearson Co.

120 Merrimack Street

Has Been Sold Out

THE ENTIRE STOCK ON SALE AT A FRACTION OF ITS COST

MR. I. H. MORSE, THE WELL KNOWN SHOE MAN, HAS TAKEN OVER THE STOCK AND WILL CONTINUE IT AS A CORPORATION. ALL OF THE PEARSON STOCK WILL BE CLOSED OUT TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW SPRING GOODS.

MEN'S \$3.50 and \$4 BUTTON or LACE, all styles, all leathers,

\$2.69

LADIES' \$3, \$3.50, widths, A, B, C, sizes 2 1-2 to 4 1-2, kid, calf and patent leathers,

98c Pr.

MEN'S \$4 TAN, PATENT CALF and KID, button or lace,

\$2.98

LADIES' \$2.50, all styles, kid, calf and patent, button or lace,

\$1.79

MEN'S \$4 and \$5 TAN and PATENT VICI and CALF, with invisible eyelets,

\$3.49

ELITE or NESMITH

MEN'S \$5 and \$6 BLACK and TAN, all leathers, all styles,

\$3.98

HURLEY or STETSON

LADIES' DOROTHY DODD, tan, kid, calf and patent, all styles, button or lace,

\$2.29

LADIES' DOROTHY DODD, button or lace, all leathers,

\$2.98

MISSSES' \$2 EDUCATORS, all leathers, Goodyear welt,

11 to 2 \$1.69
8 1-2 to 11 \$1.49
5 to 8 \$1.29

BOYS' \$2.50 EDUCATORS, all leathers,

1 to 2 1-2 \$2.19
11 to 1 \$1.79

CHILDREN'S \$1.50 CALF and VICI, button or lace,

\$1.24

WOMEN'S FIRST QUALITY RUBBERS, with heavy rolled heels,

49c Pr.

ALL STYLES and SIZES

30,000 TAILORS ON STRIKE

BERLIN, March 1.—Thirty-one cities in Prussia, including Berlin and other large centers, have been affected by the strike today of 30,000 men's tailors. Their demand for an increase in wages has been refused by the employers.

POLOUARDES.—The funeral of Stella Polouardes took place this morning at 9 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers Charles H. Molley & Sons. The interment was in the Edison cemetery, services being conducted at the grave.

FUNERAL NOTICE

WALTERS.—Died, Feb. 24th, at the Lowell hospital, Miss Bertha J. Walters, aged 17 years and 27 days. Miss Walters resided at 1148 Lakeview avenue. She is survived by her father, Joseph Walters, five brothers, George, Edward, William, Charles, Frank, and three sisters, Harriet, Mabel, and Lillian. Funeral services will be held at 1148 Lakeview avenue, Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice; burial private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

DEMURRSERS WERE OVERRULED

BOSTON, March 1.—The demurrers of the investment committee of the Greenfield Savings bank, which was taken in charge by the state bank commissioner sometime ago against liability for losses on investments, were overruled today by the supreme court. The losses amounted to \$300,000, part of which was on the \$400,000 loaned on real estate in North Adams. The investment committee consisted of Robert Abercrombie, Levi J. Gunib, William A. Forbes, S. P. Blake and Charles L. Lowell, all of Greenfield. Lowell died a year ago. After taking charge of the bank, the bank committee brought suit against the committee for the losses covering a period of 18 years.

With the overruling of the demurrers the case returns to the equity session of the supreme court to be tried on its merits.

COL. FERARE WITHDRAWS RESIGNATION

HAVANA, March 1.—After a conference between Jose Miguel Gomez and the members of the cabinet at the government palace last night, Col. Orestes Ferare made the announcement that he would withdraw his resignation as representative but that he would no longer serve as speaker of the house of representatives which position he has held since the foundation of the republic. Another result of the conference is believed to be that President Gomez will recognize Alfredo Zayas, the vice president of the republic, as the presidential candidate of the liberal party.

Gentlemen—We Are Ready

WITH AS FINE A LINE OF SPRING WOOLENS as ever graced the inside of a tailor shop. All the newest and late shades of GRAY, BLUE-GRAY and BROWN EFFECTS, with the same wonderful Serges that have made BELL'S BLUE SERGE SUITS the talk of the town, guaranteed not to fade under any conditions, will stand the sun and salt sea air.

Nobody can, or does, give better woolens than Bell the Tailor, but good woolens do not make good clothes—we have a workshop of our own on the premises; we employ only skilled master tailors; our clothes are made RIGHT, INSIDE and OUT. Every garment is cut by separate pattern, tried on before finishing, once, twice, as many times as necessary to insure a Perfect Fit.

To start the season, to make new friends, to show that the woolens, fit and workmanship in our garments are the same you pay \$25, \$30, \$35 for everywhere, we have 300 patterns of mill samples of Spring Suitings of fine Worsted and Australian Wool, of all new shades, which we will make to your measure while they last for

P. S.—Order early; get your order in now at these prices; you can take the suit at your leisure, a month or two later.

\$15.00

BELL, the Tailor

320 MERRIMACK ST.

Open Evenings

The Wolf Tone Guards are preparing to celebrate the anniversary of their organization and at the drill to be held today evening at 11 o'clock it is expected that every member will be present.

TEWKSBURY MEETING

Candidates for Town Offices Are Kept Quite Busy

All is now in readiness for the Tewksbury town meeting which will be held on Monday, March 4th. The candidates are doing their utmost to secure the votes, and the town warrant has been in shape for the past week, and the selectmen were this year congratulated for having things in shape as quick as they did, for generally, according to a number of residents of the town, the warrant was never in shape until the last minute.

There is great enthusiasm over the coming meeting especially in the selection contest, for each candidate is a sure winner although there are five on the list and only three to be chosen.

Buzzell King, the present chairman of the board of selection, declared he will not be a candidate for office under any consideration, although many voters urged him to run again. Mr. King has served the town for the past five years in an honest and efficient way and he says it is now up to somebody else to assume the responsibilities of the town affairs.

The candidates for selection are J. K. Chandler and Harry J. Shedd, the present selectmen, and C. C. Wal-

erman, Irving French, and Charles F. Twiss, the latter of the north section.

The town clerk, Louis Farmer, will also be opposed, the other candidate being P. W. Cameron, and according to hearsay, chances are about even on both sides. Treasurer A. S. Moore has no opposition, while the vacancy for Library trustee will be filled by either George E. Marshall or Mrs. Brooks Stevens.

The town warrant contains 33 articles, of more or less importance, among them being article 8: To see if the town will vote to sell the school house and lot in district No. 4, and appoint a committee to act thereon.

Article 10: To see if the town will vote to raise the sum of \$1145 to the tenth and last payment on the second Andover construction loan.

Article 11: To see if the town will vote to raise and appropriate the sum of \$100, for the proper observance of Memorial day, and appoint a committee to expend the money.

Art. 12: To see if the town will vote to borrow, if necessary, a sum not exceeding one twenty-fifth of one per cent, of the current year's valuation, such sum of money to be used in the suppression of the gypsy and brown lath moths, and not to be expended before Dec. 1, next, and to be raised in the tax levy of the year 1912.

Art. 21: To see if the town will vote to petition the railroad commissioners for a hearing relative to the extension of the transfer limit on Andover street.

Art. 28: To see if the town will vote to authorize the selectmen to make a contract with the Lowell Electric Light Corp. for the lighting of the streets; said contract to expire at the end of five or ten years as the meeting may decide, or take any action relative thereto.

Art. 31: To see if the town will follow this proceeding as an addition to its by-laws to be designated as article 7 of said by-laws, or take any action relative thereto.

Section 1. Hawkers and peddlers of fruit and vegetables in the town of Tewksbury, who are not engaged in the pursuit of agriculture, are required to be licensed by the board of selectmen. But the license, fee for said hawkers and peddlers shall be fixed by said board of selectmen at a sum not exceeding that prescribed by section 19, of chapter 65, of the revised laws and acts amendatory thereto for a license embracing the same territorial limits.

Sect. 2. A license under the preceding section shall be granted only to person who is or has declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States.

Sect. 3. Any person who is a hawker or peddler under the provisions

of chapter 345, of the acts of 1906, shall conduct his business in such a manner and at such a time as not unreasonably to disturb the comfort and peace of a person within the town.

Sect. 4. No person who is a hawker and peddler under the provisions of chapter 345, of the acts of 1906, shall deposit any rubbish, garbage or waste material of any kind within the limits of any town or public way or in or upon any common land or other land belonging to the town, except at such points within the same as the selectmen may designate.

Sect. 5. Every violation of any by-law in this article shall be punished by a fine of not less than two dollars nor more than twenty dollars.

Art. 32: To see if the town will vote to adopt the following by-laws:

Sect. 1. The selectmen may license such persons as they deem suitable to be dealers in and keepers of shops for the purchase, sale or barter of junk, old metals or second-hand articles, within the town; and as junk collectors to collect, by purchase or otherwise, junk, old metals and second-hand articles from place to place within the town, subject to the provisions of section 156, of chapter 102, of the revised laws, as amended by section 1, of chapter 157, of the acts of 1902, and to sections 137 to 189 inclusive, of chapter 102, of the revised laws, provided, nevertheless, that all licenses thus granted shall contain a clause that the person thus licensed agrees to abide by and be subject to all the provisions of the by-laws, or any by-laws which may be adopted by the town, relating to leaders in and keepers of shops licensed for the purpose, and to junk collectors licensed as aforesaid.

Sect. 2. All persons licensed as aforesaid, shall keep a book, in which shall be written at the time of every purchase of any such article, a description of the article or articles purchased, the name, age and residence of the person from whom, and the day and hour when such purchase was made; such book shall at all times be open to the inspection of the selectmen or any other person by them authorized to make such inspection; every keeper of such shop shall put in a suitable and conspicuous place on his shop a sign having his name and occupation legibly inscribed thereon in large letters; such shop, and all articles of merchandise therein, may be at all times examined by the selectmen or by any person by them authorized to make such examination; no keeper of such shop and no junk collector shall directly or indirectly, either purchase or receive by way of barter or exchange any of the articles aforesaid of a minor or apprentice, knowing or having reason to believe him to be such; and no article purchased or received by such shopkeeper shall be sold until at least thirty days from the date of its purchase or receipt has elapsed; such shop shall be closed from six o'clock in the evening to six o'clock in the morning, and no trade thereof and no junk collector shall purchase any of the articles aforesaid between six o'clock in the evening and six o'clock in the morning.

JAMES K. HACKETT.

Considerable interest is evinced in the forthcoming engagement here at the Opera House, of James K. Hackett, in the powerfully absorbing play "The Grail of Dust," by Louis Ivan Shulman. Mr. Hackett will be seen here immediately following the close

of his present Boston engagement, and with the same notable supporting company, and complete production.

"The Grail of Dust" is a dramatization of the late David Graham Phillips' novel of the same name and is said to be one of the best plays that Mr. Hackett has produced in some time. The cast includes such names as E. M. Holland, Frazer Caulter, Charles Standish and others of equal prominence.

KEITH'S LOWELL THEATRE

Colored comedy, dusky dancing and nigger nonsense, not to speak of a regular Alexander's rag-time band are among the features provided by Charles Smith and his "Ten Park Knights," the headline act at Keith's this week. There is also Estelle Worrell and company in the delightful playlet, "A Honeymoon in the Catskills." Dr. Mott and Maxfield presenting "The Manufacturer and the Salesman" with wit, song and imitations. The Steinert Trio on the horizontal bars have a wonderful comedy act. Helen Norma, the girl with two voices, gives pleasing songs. The Great Kreiger does a most enthralling magic and conjuring act. Weston, Fields and Carroll, the snappy singers of snappy songs and Hugo and Taylor in a great singing, dancing and tumbling act. The bill as will be seen is finely varied with no two acts alike and each act a new one. There are also the pictures, all new first run reels.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

With first class drama, pictures and good singing the public is getting a fine run for its money at the Hathaway theatre this week and the new order of things will be continued next week, when John Lawrence's great human interest drama "The Preacher and the Convent" will be presented by the Letoy Stock company, a well known young Lowell lady in the cast. This week's attraction, "Sunset Trail," a deeply interesting comedy drama of the west, is attracting large and well satisfied audiences. It is excellently staged and finely produced, special care having been given to the staging of the play. "Sunset Trail" brings out Messrs. LaRay and Price in two great parts, the former as the half breed Indian hero of the plot and the latter as a rollicking but love-lorn Irishman. The other members of the cast all are in congenial roles and the opening performance on Monday night had gone along smoothly and most acceptably. Between the third and fourth acts this week Mr. Frank Harrington, "dale of the Demian Thompson 'Old Homestead' quartet, is heard in popular and finely rendered songs. Mr. Harrington possesses a beautiful and well cultivated voice. The prices are: Matines, 10 and 25 cents; evenings, 10, 20 and 30 cents and no more.

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A no-license meeting will be held tonight at Harmony hall, Chelmsford for the Dracut voters. The meeting will open at 7:30 o'clock and the speakers will be Hon. John T. Shen, who is at the head of the Archdeacon Total Abstinence Union, Rev. F. E. Carver of the Hillsdale Baptist church and Rev. E. C. Bartlett of Dracut Centre. The assembly will be under the auspices of the Dracut Improvement Society.

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Miss Anna McMahon, assisted by C. W. Bradley and Miss May Monahan, of the Dows & Co.'s drug store,

PUTS 43 POUNDS OF FIRM FLESH ON HIS THIN BODY

Amazing Increase in Weight, Secured by Noted Specialist of Interest to All Thin People in Lowell and Vicinity

The following record signed "Case report" Mr. J. D. Medical Items for January will be found of especial interest to all thin readers who are ten pounds or more under normal weight and who would like to put from ten to fifty pounds of good, solid flesh upon themselves.

"Recently I was called upon to prescribe for a patient suffering from a species of nervous indigestion and catarrhal trouble. He was terribly thin and emaciated—skin drawn tightly over protruding cheek bones—a mere patch of skin and bone, nothing but skin and bone. His normal weight would have been about 100. He said he had always been thin and simply couldn't get fat, no matter what he tried. His appetite was good, but nothing he ate or drank seemed to turn to flesh and simply passed from his body as waste. His condition included a loss of Elixir of Calisaya. Thus Cardamom Comp. and Saffron in fluid form, all standard therapeutic drugs regularly prescribed, no doubt, by every physician who reads this, and by me certainly in hundreds of cases, never, however, to produce the desired result.

My prescription was 2 oz. Tincture Cardamom Compound, 2 oz. Fluid of Saffron, 2 oz. Elixir of Calisaya and enough water to fill an 8 oz. bottle.

The patient had this filled at his druggist's, getting at the same time an additional 2 oz. of Saffron. I directed him to take one teaspoonful twice daily, followed by a glass of milk.

On the first day he gained 12 pounds in weight. My instructions were to take one or two teaspoonsful twenty minutes before each meal. The next day the patient was two weeks later. Catarrhal symptoms were practically gone, nervousness and indigestion had vanished, and he was I expected. But, in addition, I was amazed to learn that in those two weeks he had actually gained 12 pounds in weight. I was deeply interested and urged him to continue the treatment, which he did, reporting his weight to me every Saturday, and gradually gaining steadily in weight, and health and strength. The increase in weight ran all the way from 2 to 6½ pounds a week, which I considered marvelous. In ten weeks his weight had arrived at 137 pounds, or practically normal—a gain of 43 pounds, or 33½% of his original weight, secured in a few weeks more. And further gain resulted, proving that the effect of the treatment was merely to induce a proper assimilation of the flesh-making elements of food and that this accomplishment was aided with nothing but the proper combination of drugs and in more than a dozen equally interesting experiments up to this point.

After a few weeks more I have found that it never varies. The increase in weight will average between 2 and 5 pounds per week. All the ingredients are absolutely safe and can have no possible harmful effect upon the system. I can particularly say this regarding the prescription, to my fellow practitioners or to the general public for home use, inasmuch as all the ingredients are obtainable at small cost right here in Lowell at Riker-Jaynes, or any other good drug store.

Although the results are not so rapid for treatment of nervousness, indigestion and catarrh, I should not owing to its remarkable flesh building properties, recommend it in any case where the patient did not desire to increase in weight."

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It is composed of music, song, dialogue and dancing and is certainly making a hit with the Lowell audience. Pictures of Cardinal O'Connel taken in Lowell Sunday will be shown here today and tomorrow. Our photo plays have never been seen in Lowell before.

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A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

WINTER SUITS

Must Go. These prices will do it.

8 WINTER SUITS, Marked \$7.50. From \$18.50

8 WINTER SUITS, Marked \$12.50. From \$35.00

SALE OF \$18.50 AND \$25.00

Ladies' and Misses' Coats AT \$10.00 EACH

75 Ladies' and Misses' Coats, in mixtures and plain blacks and blues, marked \$10.00, from \$18.50 and \$25.

Lingerie and Net Dresses at Half Price

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun
for the year 1911 was

15,442

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilette, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1912. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

One of the necessary elements in school education is the cultivation of the faculty of speech. The teachers are to give more attention to articulation, pronunciation, modulation of voice and other considerations that contribute to elegance in oral expression. They are at least to insist that the pupils in speaking stand upright and open their mouths so that they may the better pronounce the words used. There are a great many boys and girls taking piano lessons who would gain more if they took lessons in vocal culture and elocution.

GRAND TRUNK OBSTACLES

The Grand Trunk railroad is finding difficulty in securing the land necessary for a route to Boston. At a hearing before the railroad committee on Tuesday the counsel for the company asked to be exempted from the operation of the law compelling a petitioner to submit a map of the route. The reason given for this proposition is that if the map were submitted now rival companies and speculators would buy up the land to put the company to vast expense or perhaps defeat the project altogether. The demand under the circumstances is not unreasonable, but the committee expressed great surprise and refused to grant it. The plan of route must be submitted by March 20 in order to be acted upon by the legislature. It would seem that the legislature does not want to help the road to enter Boston.

THE UNFAITHFUL CHAUFFEUR

When a chauffeur forms an alliance with criminals to rob his employers he should be severely punished. The taxi is a new form of public conveyance in which the passenger is to a great extent at the mercy of the chauffeur. That was illustrated in the recent New York robbery wherein as has been shown the perpetrators were not swell desperadoes but novices in the burglar's art. They had made some small breaks prior to the \$25,000 daylight robbery, but not enough to cause any alarm. The auto is involved as an instrument for enabling burglars to escape arrest, and the time may come when even burglars may use an aeroplane to get out of a district in which they had committed some bold robbery. The New York incident will cause a good many people to be exceedingly careful whom they employ as chauffeurs.

AGRICULTURE SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED

The state of Massachusetts is not offering sufficient encouragement to agricultural education. The people are being taught along other technical lines in which they can do nothing without the expenditure of large capital, but in the cultivation of the soil a man can start upon small capital. It does not require any large amount of money to start a poultry farm, a piggery or even the raising of cattle. With the prices of the necessities of life soaring as at present, it is high time that the state should do something to encourage all agricultural pursuits. The legislature does not seem to appreciate this public need as the other day it threw out a petition of the state board of education for an agricultural school in the vicinity of Boston. It is not presumed that such a school would be confined to Boston. That would be a convenient centre for students from cities and towns for a considerable distance around.

The time has arrived when there should be more encouragement for agricultural education and less for some other technical lines if the actual benefit of the outlay to the state as a whole is to be considered.

There are vast tracts of land available for cultivation; some rough and some already well broken and of good quality.

There are thousands of men in every city who have time enough to cultivate a piece of land near their homes or in the suburbs. Some of them would be glad to do so if they only knew how, and to educate such people in the art would prove of vast benefit to the people.

We should have more agricultural schools; we should have more lectures and evening classes upon the business of farming so that the mechanic and the mill operative who know little or nothing of the subject can learn how to raise the ordinary crops, such as potatoes, corn, cabbages, turnips, beets, lettuce, celery and other vegetables that find a ready sale in the summer.

The man who earns small wages in a mill, working 54 or 56 hours a week, would have time enough to do a little farming by which to assist in supporting himself or family; but in most cases he does not know how to begin.

The owners of land should rent it for cultivation on moderate terms, for if land be properly tilled it thereby becomes more valuable.

The cry of "back to the land" had never more force or significance in this country than at the present time. The land is the fundamental source of wealth, and it is neglected to such an extent in this state that it is no wonder the people are robbed by speculators in eggs, by the meat trust and even by the dealers in potatoes. It may be true that the supply of potatoes has run short; but that was the cry when the price went up last year and yet late in the spring and early in summer carloads of potatoes were being offered at less than half the price that prevailed during the winter. That indicated that somebody had a big store of potatoes laid away awaiting the time when the price would reach the top notch. Either the quantity in store was too great or these had been kept too long; but it frequently happens that what appears to be a real scarcity is but the effect of storing away the supply in order to put up the price. It is the usual method by which speculators and cold storage operators corner the market and compel the people to pay exorbitant prices.

In order to overcome these agencies of extortion, the people must take more to farming. There should be more farm gardens, more farms well filled, more stock raising farms, more poultry farms, more piggeries, more slaughter houses. There is no reason why the farmers should not raise more hogs for the market, more poultry and even more beef. The people need assistance and encouragement and for both they should depend upon the legislature and the state board of education. The latter body will do its part if the legislature provides the money.

SEEN AND HEARD

How many people at the Opera House in applying the clever character work of Mr. Arthur Lewis, in the role of Monsieur DeFerney, recognized him as one of the men who opened the Lowell Opera house, almost a generation ago? Mr. Lewis was the husband of Zelie Tilbury whom the late John Casgrain started out with a company from Lowell playing at the Opera House at its very opening. Like old wine, Mr. Lewis has mellowed with age and he divided the honor with Miss Nazimova in Wednesday night's play. Two other members of the company, well known in this city, are William Hasson and Arthur Hurley, two Boston lads. Mr. Hasson will be recalled to Castle Square theatre patrons, where he is played for several seasons. Mr. Hurley is stage manager of the Nazimova company and hence has only an unimportant part. Both have frequent visitors to Lowell while playing in and around Boston. Both have been with Miss Nazimova for the past three seasons.

William W. Duncan, former city solicitor, is sojourning in the sunny south and having a very delightful time. Capt. McDonald, Inspector of claims at the city solicitor's office, received a letter from Mr. Duncan yesterday in which the former city solicitor very cheerfully stated that he was soon to become a benedict. He will be married March 15, and he said in his letter that he would have made the 15th falls on Sunday. Mr. Duncan was at St. Augustine, Fla., when he wrote to Capt. McDonald and he was about to leave for San Mateo where he said he would remain until March 4. He said in the letter that he had not quite made up his mind as to where he would locate and if it's just the same to him, here's hoping that he will return to Lowell.

The fine art of weaving is beautifully displayed in a picture at the Lowell textile school. It is a woven picture and was done at the Arlington mills Lawrence for the Columbus exposition at Chicago in 1893. It is a picture of Columbus, Eighty America, and it was very much admired by the legislative committee on education on their visit to the school a few evenings ago. The features are plain and the color effect is excellent.

THE QUARRY

'Twas leap year and the guarded youth All furtively drew nigh.
She was a canary lass in a south,
With a determined eye.
Her father half way up the stair ♫
Beside her mother sat,
With notebooks to take down with care
The bits of parlor chat.

Behind the screen a telephone
On duty held its place.
A telegraph each tender tone,
Was then prepared to trace.
But, oh, what youth, with hat in hand,
Had grown surprising shy!
He simply said, "Good evening," and
"I'll have to go. Goodby."

—Washington Star.

R. S. Marden was talking about his specially success. "Initiative, originality," he said, go far to make success. "I illustrate that. A little boy—he's a multimillionaire today—entered the office of a great insurance company, asked to see the president, was ushered in, and said: 'Mr. President, my father's life is insured in your company. He's very sick, and we can't afford a doctor. Don't you think it would pay you to get a doctor for him?'" "The president said, "How much is he insured for my child?" "Two thousand five hundred, sir." "And what is his name?" —John E. Brown, sir—"the president whispered to his stenographer, and then, patting the youngster on the head, he said: "Run on home. You'll find the doctor there on your arrival."

"And the upshot was," concluded Mr. Marden, "that John E. Brown recovered and the company escaped a probable loss of \$2500. The boy, I need hardly add, had acted entirely on his own initiative. Is it any wonder, he is now a millionaire?"

AEROPLANE FOR BURGLARY
Fall River Globe: The criminal class are always quick to avail themselves of new scientific discoveries and inventions which can be employed to advantage in their business. The automobile has become quite a common accessory in their nefarious activities and before long it is probable that the aeroplane will be pressed into service for like base uses. The writers of por teeth are knocked off or pulled. In

the air, to the glee of the police.

Lynn Item: That Secretary Knob in his Pawtucket address said that the division of two continents by a huge canal "brought the nations together with a force no power can break." A figure of speech, of course.

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THE FATE OF LORIMER

Boston Globe: The report of the Lorimer investigating committee will be rendered March 23, a date which some hope is significant.

COOLED OFF SINCE

Boston Herald: The Outpost's comparison of Mr. Roosevelt's declining the third term while still president and his feeling differently toward it now, with the man who refused a second cup of coffee for breakfast afterward taking one at another time in the day, vaguely to an interested reader of this column the experience of a patron of a restaurant who called for "cold rice" and was told by the waiter that it was all out. He ordered something else, but soon saw a man at an adjoining table ask for cold rice and receive it promptly. When the first customer called on the waiter, in some indignation, for an explanation, the aged servitor explained, "such rice as we had has cooled off since you put in your order."

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DAYLIGHT LIQUOR BILL Discussed at Public Hearing at the State House

BOSTON, March 1.—The merits and demerits of the so-called "daylight" liquor bill, presented on petition of Frederick Fosdick of Fitchburg and sponsored by the Anti-Saloon league, were discussed at length at the state house yesterday before the committee on liquor laws.

The proponents of the bill, which provides that nowhere in the commonwealth shall liquor be sold before 3 o'clock in the morning, were heard at the morning session. The opposition went on and the hearing was closed in the afternoon.

The hearing was conducted for the petitioners by A. J. Davis of the Anti-Saloon league. The opposition was represented by Jas. F. Nicholson and William E. Weld for the brewers' association of Massachusetts; and other organizations, Edward A. McLoughlin for the Massachusetts Wholesalers' association and John Weaver Sherman for organized labor.

Practically but one reason was advanced in favor of the measure by the Anti-Saloon league and its witnesses, namely, that to deprive drinking workmen of their morning drink would lessen the number of industrial accidents.

The number of these accidents, the petitioners contended, was greater before 10 o'clock in the morning and before 3 in the afternoon than at other periods of the day.

The opposition contended that the move was really a step toward absolute prohibition. The opposition, however, discussed the argument as to accidents and submitted figures to show that the number of industrial accidents was greater in the later hours of the forenoon and afternoon.

Manufacturers Favor Change

Several manufacturers claimed the change would be of great benefit in preventing accidents. Members of the committee asked them if they could give any incidents of accidents proper-

Final Mark Down on Waists

Black and colored messaline and taffeta waists, high and low neck, long, kimona and set in sleeve, which have \$2.50 sold up to \$5, now \$2.50

Messaline waists in black, brown and navy, high and low neck, long and short sleeves, formerly priced up to \$1.97 \$2.97, now

Lingerie Waists, lace and hamburg trimmed, high and low neck, formerly priced up to \$2.97, now

Lingerie waists, high and low neck, long and short sleeves, discontinued styles and counter milled, formerly priced 39c 97c, now

Lingerie Waists in long sleeves only, which have sold at \$1.97, reduced to... 97c

Black moirett petticoats, with tucked flounce, 69c 29c value, reduced to.....

Drawers of good cotton, tucked ruffle, open only, regular price 25c, for a day 25c or two, 2 pairs for....

Gingham and percale aprons, made princess, with strap across back, regular 29c price 50c, now.....

THE White Store

116 Merrimack St.

they are unwilling to accept outright.

Mr. Nicholson said that the bill discriminates against the man who can't afford an extensive wine cellar.

"First, it will decrease our business without accomplishing anything for temperance; second, it is class legislation; third, it will impose unnecessary and unfair hardships upon the brewing industry; fourth, it is unnecessary."

Mr. Nicholson contended that this measure was not sought in the interests of temperance, but was designed to serve the Anti-Saloon league as a stepping stone on which that league can pass to its ultimate goal of prohibition.

"I do not believe," he said, "that the people of this commonwealth are willing to have forced on them, on the installment plan, the prohibition that

is to be imposed on us."

To clean up our stock of Negligee Shirts we have taken about 500 Negligee Shirts, some a little soiled and thrown them in at this low price. Every Shirt in the lot was originally priced at \$1 and a few at \$1.50.

ON SALE TODAY IN OUR MEN'S FURNISHING DEPT.

2 FOR \$1.00

Regular Price \$1.00

Men's Negligee Shirts

59c EACH

Men's \$2.00 and \$1.23 Men's \$3.00 and \$1.49

Large sizes only, 9, 9 1/2, 10 and 11. Box

calf and gun metal, blucher and button style; narrow, medium and wide toes.

ON SALE IN BARGAINLAND SHOE DEPT.

Our \$10.75 Sale of

MEN'S LAST SPRING SUITS STILL ON

Sale of Children's Russian Suits

\$2.00 AND \$3.00
SUITS, AT 98 Cents

150 Odd Suits, sizes 2 1/2 to 4 years. Made in light and heavy weight chenilles and cashmeres, Russian style. This lot consists of clear ups from our \$2 and \$3 lines and every Suit is a bargain at 98c.

ON SALE IN CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT, MAIN FLOOR

THE OLYMPICS WON

Took Three Points From the Brownies

The Brownies and the Olympics met on the Crescent alleys last night in the City League series and the latter team took two strings and the total, Perrin was high man with a single of 133 and a total of 228.

The C. M. A. C. team took three points from the Mt. Groves in the Moody Bridge league series and the alleys of the same name. McDermott was high man with a total of 233. In the Y. M. C. A. league the Oxfords and the Giants split even in their game last night. The Oxfords took the first and second strings but fell down on the third. The Giants won the last string by a good margin and gave them the total by 20 pins.

In the Nochem league series the Cads took two strings and the total from the Arts in a game on the Crescent alleys. The Unks and Dids also of the Nochem league met on the Crescent alleys and the Dids were done to the tune of two strings and the total. The scores:

Brownies				
1	2	3	Tot	
Jewett	99	82	87	275
Gilligan	88	103	93	282
Johnson	85	106	96	281
Wilson	77	87	96	260
Kelley	96	95	89	280
Totals	445	480	466	1391

Olympics				
1	2	3	Tot	
Perrin	133	95	101	329
Carpenter	90	101	99	290
Moody	102	92	65	270
McCarthy	101	83	84	283
Chester	88	87	83	258
Totals	514	486	452	1452

C. M. A. C.				
1	2	3	Tot	
McDermott	106	96	87	283
L'Heureux	91	94	86	271
Mullin	78	101	93	272
Plemon	105	92	87	282
Choquette	77	95	84	256
Totals	460	478	427	1365

Mt. Groves				
1	2	3	Tot	
A. Silcox	96	75	89	270
W. Slack	82	91	90	263
Sheehan	71	71	70	221
Crowe	93	86	85	264
W. Silcox	73	93	81	248
Totals	417	413	434	1266

Oxford				
1	2	3	Tot	
Noonan	92	100	85	277
Poye	92	96	81	269
McNegan	73	96	77	228
McCann	72	71	83	233
Roscoe	89	79	74	242
Carlton	84	84	80	248
Totals	515	526	480	1521

Giants				
1	2	3	Tot	
O'Loughlin	71	79	80	230
Hartley	101	83	77	261
Berry	77	82	79	238
Sullivan	73	72	96	241
Sheehy	76	93	94	265
Whalen	103	101	98	302
Totals	507	510	524	1541

Ares				
1	2	3	Tot	
Rousseau	88	71	80	235
Holdsworth	78	96	97	271
Curry	96	95	84	275
Hovle	82	100	74	256
O'Connell	55	102	84	271
Totals	429	464	415	1308

Cads				
1	2	3	Tot	
Gagan	84	97	87	268
F. Kinch	80			

Hoppe Has Strong Hold on Billiard Titles

By TOMMY CLARK.

HOW long will Willie Hoppe retain his billiard honors? This question is now uppermost in the minds of the cue enthusiasts. Finding a suitable opponent for the world's 18.1 and 18.2 balk line champion is just as hard as looking around for a man capable of relieving Jack Johnson of his pugnacious honors. Hoppe has defeated every cue artist of note during the last two years, and with few in sight able to make the holder of the two titles extend himself it looks as if it will be many years before he is dethroned.

The youthful master of the cue began the 1912 season with no titles clinging to his belt, but closed it the champion at both 18.1 and 18.2 balk line billiards.

Last year he won every match with ease, and his recent contest with Sutton in New York shows that he is as good as ever. His next match will be in April with Coughlin Demarest for the 18.1 championship.

While Hoppe has won matches all over the world and played before the nobility abroad, nothing pleases him more than the fact that he has been entertained by the president of the United States and has grasped the hand of the genial Mr. Taft. An added distinction is that Hoppe is the first man who ever showed the official family in the White House the mysteries of the cue and the ivories.

It was on New Year's eve a year ago that President Taft gathered together his family and the cabinet members and their wives and invited Willie Hoppe to play billiards for them.

"I had played in many championships where larger sums were involved as well as the championship," said Hoppe recently, "but I never before experienced the nervousness which I felt when giving the exhibition before the president."

Mr. Taft, however, made the "boy wonder," as Hoppe is known, feel at home by saying:

"My young man, just consider me an ordinary citizen tonight, for I want you to feel at ease and not get nervous."

As soon as Hoppe got his favorite cue in hand and started the ivories rolling he says the nervousness vanished, and never did the youth play more brilliantly than in the game with his manager, Burton Munk, when he ran 19 points, 18.2 ball. The Congressman Nicholas Longworth, son-in-law



WILLIE HOPPE, CHAMPION AT 18.1 AND 18.2 BALK LINE.

of Colonel Roosevelt, was Hoppe's next opponent, and although the Ohio statesman plays a good game, he proved an easy victim for the champion.

But it was Hoppe's exhibition of fancy shots which pleased President Taft most. He closely followed the rooming problems which Hoppe solved with his deft touch and was not satisfied until he tried several himself. It was after he had found how really difficult they were that Mr. Taft expressed his astonishment.

Miss Helen Taft and Mrs. Longworth also tried several of the fancy shots and seemed unwilling to believe that the varries, which seemed to do Hoppe's every bidding, rolled aimlessly about

when they tried to send them down the side rail in a single procession.

In speaking of the game of billiards recently Hoppe declared that the bridge is the most important part of the sport.

Every man starting to learn the game, he says, should first study his bridge and learn to use it so that the bridge hand never will become cramped.

In telling of the proper uses of the bridge and strokes Hoppe said:

"I have often been asked why such a small minority of the vast army of persons who find amusement and recreation playing different styles of billiards ever attain proficiency at the game. The answer is simply, they start wrong. And once having acquired an incorrect style it is a difficult thing to unlearn bad habits and begin again."

There are three things one must learn to play even an average game of billiards, making a correct bridge for all shots, holding the hand properly on the table with knuckles elevated and thumb extended. The cue, slipping easily between the hand and thumb, finds a solid resting place. This bridge I use most for the balk line when the balls are close together and a delicate stroke is needed. A few minutes' practice will serve to show how simple and effective is this manner of holding the cue. It gives perfect freedom of action and prevents a cramped movement.

"Then there is the draw stroke bridge. It is made with the hand lying flat on the table, with the index finger around the cue shaft and touching the thumb in a very firm manner, so as to prevent the cue from taking an irregular stroke, which is oftentimes caused by the executing hand. It will give the hand a firm setting and hold the cue in position for a terrible drive or a very heavy drawn shot strike, used for gathering the balls into position in most of the round the table shots.

"In addition is the bridge I use for close drawn shots when the balls are so near together that a broader bridge is impossible. Only a few inches of space are required, yet a strong, firm resting groove for the cue is attained.

"While all of the bridges I have mentioned are regularly used by the advanced player, the third and fourth will serve the needs of the beginner. Never allow the bridge hand to become cramped. Never start a shot through or over the bridge hand. The whole game of billiards depends upon ease of movement."

SCOUT LOWE HAS TRAVELED SOME.

Bobby Lowe, former American league star and at present on President Taft's scouting list, traveled 23,000 miles searching for players for the Detroit team.

GOOD SOUTHPAWS BECOMING SCARCE

WITH the training season now over does not seem that the American league managers will be able to bank very strong on their southpaw pitchers. In fact, the crop of port flingers in the B. Johnson circuit is not very imposing. Outside of Vean Gregg, the star of them all; Eddie Plank, the grand old veteran, and Ruy Collins of the Boston Red Sox, there is not much in sight to throw a scare into the left hand batsmen in the league.

The Athletics have four left handers lined up now—Plank, Krause, Danforth and Salmon. Plank looks certain to have another good year, while Krause has been endeavoring this winter to add weight and strength to his frame so as to be a more effective pitcher, as he was not of much use during the last year. Danforth is the young Texas collegian whom Cleveland tried to get.

He is a good prospect, having already demonstrated that he has the stuff. Salmon is a Princeton pitcher whom Connie Mack won in a battle to the finish (national commission) with Roger Bresnahan.

Jimmy Callahan of the White Sox has three in the veterans Doc White, Jess Baker and Mogridge. White seems to be slipping, but Mogridge may be developed, as he is a big, strong fellow.

Cleveland has a good pair in Gregg and Mitchell, a great pair if Mitchell will only pitch the article of ball he did in 1910, when he wound up his season by winning ten straight games. St. Louis is another club that is blessed with just two. Hamilton and George are the southpaws upon whom Wallace will rely. There is no denying the fact that Hamilton would be one of the best pitchers in the league if he were a trifle stronger. He is lacking in physique, however, and also has been handicapped by having a losing team behind him. But he is a man who must be watched. He will grow heavier and may prove to be one of the finds of the league. Lefty George is good, although no world beater.

New York has really only one—Jim Vaughn, who has been such an in and outter that his managers have never been able to depend upon him. Wolverton has one other southpaw on his roster in Hoff, but he is scarcely to be considered, being a semipro from Yonkers.

Ruy Collins is Boston's only left hand pitcher, but he is good, very good, being especially strong against certain clubs, including the Tigers and White Sox. Detroit managed to get along pretty well without a port flinger last season, but Jennings will try to develop Mitchell into a winner this season. The youngster has the makings. He also has Maroney of Utica, Washington, the only other club, will be bad off for left handers unless Becker comes through and delivers. Becker is Griffith's only southpaw, and he is but fair.

ATHLETICS POOR DRAWING CARD ON THE ROAD

OWNER FAIRFIELD of the New York club says that the Athletics were one of the poorest drawing cards that visited the New York grounds last season, and he expresses the hope that there is more in appearance on the field than one would believe. Then, too, the Athletics are a sort of quiet aggregation. Though Mack has an abundance of stars, they attract little attention to themselves and the games they take part in are usually affairs which do not arouse much interest for some reason or other.

Detroit outdrew the Athletics on the road last season, though the Tigers were virtually out of the race after July 4. This can be attributed to Cobb and Jennings, two attractions that draw people to a ball park regardless of where their team may be in the race.

ZBYSKO, WHO WILL MEET GOTCH

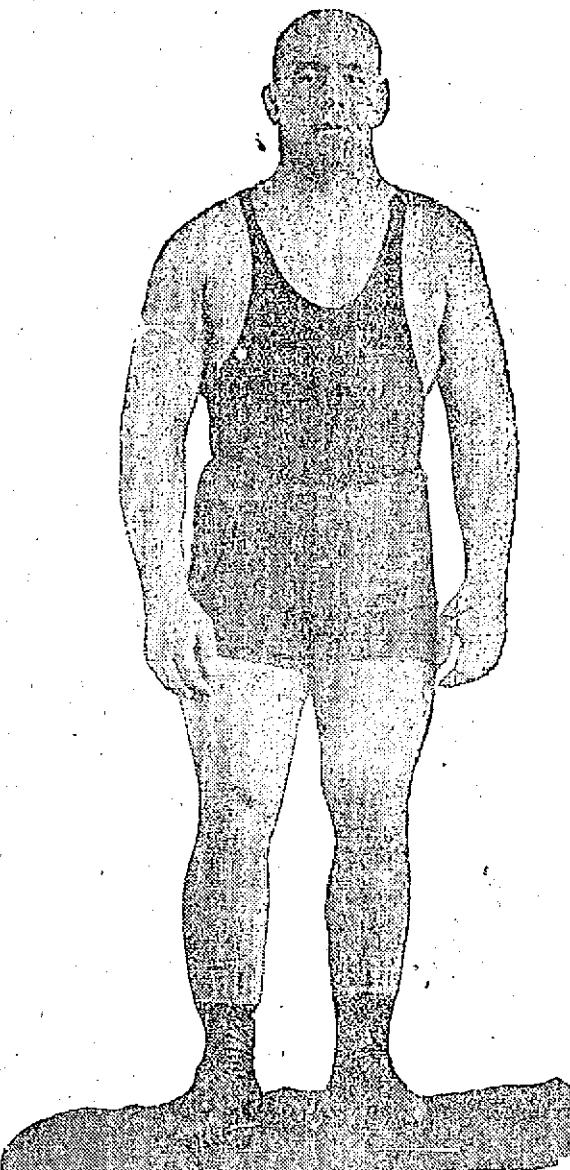


Photo by American Press Association.

ZBYSKO, the giant Polish wrestler, will be given a chance with Frank Gotch for the world's title. The foreigner has been clamoring for a crack at the honors for two years and has defeated every mat artist of note in America and abroad. The men will probably meet in March.

Managers Have System In Working Pitchers

MUCH of Connie Mack's success has been attributed to the capable manner in which he selects his pitchers, always picking the man who is most successful against certain teams regardless of whether it is his turn or not. Incidentally Mack never wastes a player against one team as another, and in his case it is policy to give him, say, three days' rest between games regardless of what team he is to go up against, but there are others who, when properly handled in this respect will be more successful.

—that is, if he has pitchers who are better against one team than another. Of course, if the entire batch is mediocre it matters not in what rotation they are worked.

A pitcher like Walter Johnson is about as effective against one team as another, and in his case it is policy

to give him, say, three days' rest between games regardless of what team he is to go up against, but there are others who, when properly handled in this respect will be more successful.

From the west, Gus Steele, Jimmy Bloun, Frank Brill, Dave Woodbury of Chicago, Louis Franz of Cleveland, Dan Koster of Erie, Tom Hale of Detroit, Charley Mountain of Milwaukee, Larry Sutton of Rochester, all of them champions have entered. Others from the eastern section will be Lee R. Johns of Newark, Harry Taylor of Paterson, Tommy Curtis of Trenton, Alex Johnston of Toronto, Charley Johnston of New Haven, Herman Trucks of Philadelphia, Cy Bradley and "Scotty" Leutbecker of Baltimore.

It is probable that nine games will be the route, with special prizes and medals offered for the winner and runner-up. These men, besides bowling for the world's title, will be eligible to roll regularly with their respective clubs in the five man, two man and regular individual events. The world's titanic event will be restricted to those bowlers who have performed in an acknowledged championship fashion in previous events of the National association or those who have become famous for their bowling ability.

John J. Fitzgerald, the tournament manager, has received word from various cities indicating that the western bowlers will be strongly represented. He has been promised four teams from Chicago, team from St. Louis, the Kandy Kids of Madison, Wis., half a dozen teams from cities in Ohio, a dozen from Kentucky, a couple from Milwaukee, two or three from a couple from six or seven from West Virginia, one from Georgia, ten from the New Eng-

NATIONAL BOWLING ASSOCIATION TOURNAMENT



ALEX DUNBAR, CRACK BOWLER.

of ten pins that has led the managers route than the customary three games, of the sixth annual tournament of the total pins to count. This special event National Bowling Association, which will be held in Paterson, N. J., from March 9 to 30, to add to the regular individual championship. Scarcely had the decision been imparted to Jimmy Smith, four time champion of Greater New York, and the greatest bowler that ever trod a runway, than

Philadelphia Athletics' \$100,000 Infield

BAKER, Harry, Collins and Melvin are called Mack's \$100,000 infield, and the name is not misapplied, for there is not the slightest doubt that this quartet were placed on the market. It would easily bring that sum. The cheapest one of the four would undoubtedly be Melvin, but the bidding for the other three would be lively enough to bring up the price to over the amount mentioned, even if the young first baseman's price fell below the average.

Mack undoubtedly deserves credit for the wisdom he displayed in developing these players, and yet he was lucky in doing it. It is undoubtedly one of the greatest infields the game has ever known, and the fact that they are all youngsters means that it will remain at the top for some years yet.

Championship teams have always been blessed with sensational infields. Burns, Williamson, Pfeffer and Anson formed a great quartet in the early days in Chicago. Boston had four wonders in Collins, Long, Lowe and Tenney, and there never was a more sensational infield than Baltimore boasted of in the days of the Orioles, when McGraw, Jennings, Reitz and Doyle were

at their best. Not none of these was better than the one which has helped the Athletics to two world's championships.

O'DAY WILL BE WATCHED

There is the greatest curiosity among followers of the game as to the efficiency of Henry O'Day as a manager. There are at least two advantages which the Cincinnati pilot will have over other leaders. From his long experience behind the plate O'Day probably knows the weakness and strength of every batter in the league. He must also know just what every pitcher has and what ball he depends on when the batter has him in a hole. This knowledge should prove invaluable.

MERMAIDS IN OLYMPICS.

Members of the fair sex are not to be overlooked in the coming Olympic games in Sweden. While they are not good runners or shotputters, they are natural runners and shotputters. They are the best in the field than Baltimore boasted of in the days of the Orioles, when McGraw, Jennings, Reitz and Doyle were

been placed on the program.

ONLY NINE PLAYERS Remaining in Big Leagues Who Were in Harness in 1901

Only nine players remain in the two big baseball leagues who have served continuously in their respective circuits since 1901. Of all the 200 players who were in the American league in the season of 1901, the year the younger organization really made its bid for equal honors with the National, only three are listed for American league births as players during the coming season. It is peculiar that each of the three is still regarded as a star in his department of the game and is expected to deliver the goods as well as he has done for years. Nap Lajoie of Cleveland, Eddie Plank of the Athletics, and Billy Sullivan of the White Sox, are the three survivors and each of them is likely to survive several more seasons in fast company.

In 1901 Lajoie was with the Athletics, but the following spring joined the Naps, of whom team he has been a member ever since. Plank, however, has remained with the Athletics all these years. Philadelphia being the only big league club to which he has belonged. Sullivan has been Chicago's mainstay behind the bat and its manager one year.

Should Norman Elberfeld be retained by Washington he will be the fourth survivor of the American League's inaugural as a big circuit. Elberfeld, in fact, has served longer in the American than any other player, he being a member of the Detroit club of 1900, the sole player of that year to be still in Dan Johnson's organization. But the "Kid" is slated for the minors.

Apart from those mentioned there are others who were big leaguers in 1901 who cast their fortunes with the American the following year and have been in that circuit ever since. For instance, Sam Crawford was with Cincinnati in 1901. He has been a star Tiger ever since. Bobby Wallace and Jack Powell were with the Cardinals that year, coming over to the more aggressive league the following spring. It was also in 1902 that Doc White and Bill Donovan deserted the National League and joined the White Sox and Tigers. Tom Hughes and Topsy Hartzel were members of the Chicago Nationals in 1901 and went over to the American to start the campaign of 1902. Hartzel has just left for the minors, but Tom Hughes, after an absence of one year, is again in the American.

Cy Young went over in 1902, but is a National leaguer once more. Charley Hammill, Jimmy Callahan, and Matty McNamee are three others who came close to getting into the honor list. Hammill, however, is in the same class as Hartzel, retiring to become manager of a minor league club, while McNamee, a member of the Athletics in 1901, served a season or so at Buffalo before going back into the National.

The National league can point to but six players who have served continuously since the spring of 1901. They are Wagner, Clark, and Leach of the Pirates, Mathewson of the Giants, Kling of Chicago and now of Boston, and Chance of the Cubs.

Although Hartzel was displaced in center field in the middle of the 1910 season by Iris Lord, he was kept with the club and has participated in two world's series because of his fidelity to Connie Mack and his determination to come to the house of Mack when his services were needed, although he was offered a post elsewhere at a higher salary.

Now Hartzel is further rewarded by being sent to the Toledo club, where he will enjoy the emoluments of membership of the Mudhens.

Mack was asked recently who was the greatest pitcher in the world. He answered without hesitation that Chief Bender was the most reliable man on the staff and therefore was at the head of the list. He said he had never called upon the big chief and found him wanting in an emergency. That, too, was sentiment. Mack wouldn't know how to express himself otherwise.

Both Duffy and Mack are members of the sentimental school in baseball. One has been lucky and the other unfortunate. Both are good judges of a ball player and both have dug up and developed some of the South Side.

This means that the best man for each place on the outfit and infield



A RICH ORPHAN.

will be chosen if it is possible to get such players before the championship season opens. It means that some of the old-timers on the club will have to hustle if they hold down their posts as regulars when the championship struggle starts in full blast.

In this respect Manager Callahan will end a practice of recent years on the White Sox.

Former Manager Duffy is one of the best all-round baseball men in the United States beyond a doubt. He is almost perfect in judging a ball player. This has been proved in many instances. He had one fault, however, which his critics lost no time in mercilessly pointing out. Duffy is kind-hearted and lenient to a degree when he should have been otherwise at times.

It will be remembered that Manager Duffy started the season of 1911 with the ex-pats as he had at the beginning of the training trip to Mineral Wells. Although this so-called second team defeated the "regulars" in nearly every clash, the same club was used in the championship season. Although Duffy was not altogether to blame for this he should have insisted on amalgamation of the forces of the two clubs. It will be remembered the White Sox lost consistently in the opening games of the season. Accidents forced Ping Bodie and John Collins, two heavy-hitting members of the so-called "insurrectos" into the regular lineup, and then White Sox's chances of being in the race became stronger.

It is Callahan's intention to find out as soon as possible the true value of his recruits. The best men for each post will be chosen to form the regular club" is the ultimatum of the famed comeback leader.

Hugh Duffy is not the only sentimental in baseball. Connie Mack, manager of the world's champion Athletics, is pre-eminently one. He is at times inclined to be quite emotional, in spite of his sphinxlike and stolid demeanor.

Fans wondered why Connie Mack sent Stuffy McInnis to first base to make the last play of the world's series. It was sentiment that is at McInnis' affections in a short space of time than any other young ball player who ever came along from the minors.

Connie Mack saw this player injured in the waning days of the season and deprived of a chance to participate in a post-season series which his grand playing at first had helped make possible. It gave Mack a great deal of satisfaction to send this youngster to first and give him the honor of having had part in winning the world's championship.

Other fans wondered why Mack kept Topsy Hartzel so long when that player's usefulness to the Athletics was practically at an end. That was sentiment, too. Hartzel had on many occasions shown devotion to Mack, and the leader of the Athletics kept the sore-tempered outfielder on his payroll long after many managers would have given him his passport to minor league society.

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This means that the best man for each place on the outfit and infield



NOT A DESIRABLE ACQUAINTANCE.

"I feel sorry for that poor, motherless girl."

"Well, why don't you marry her?"

"What I want is a motherless girl with a fair income."

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6.45 7.53 8.43	6.45 7.53 8.43	6.45 7.53 8.43	6.45 7.53 8.43
8.40 8.55 9.57	8.40 8.55 9.57	8.40 8.55 9.57	8.40 8.55 9.57
10.00 10.60 10.60	10.00 10.60 10.60	10.00 10.60 10.60	10.00 10.60 10.60
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LAWRENCE STRIKE

Continued

END OF STRIKE

IS THOUGHT TO BE AT HAND NOW

LAWRENCE, March 1.—The end of the great textile strike involving 20,000 operatives which began on Jan. 11 is thought to be in sight. The outlook today was more hopeful than at any time since the beginning of the strike. The optimistic sentiment which pervaded the ranks of business men, operatives and all classes of citizens was due to the action of many of the mills in posting notices announcing an advance in wages of at least five per cent beginning next Monday.

The advance will affect nearly 5000 operatives in Lawrence and vicinity.

While the Industrial Workers of the World, whose 12,000 or more members are idle, have not agreed to return under the increase as posted, it is thought that many of the strikers will return to their machines next week. The members of the Industrial Workers are largely unskilled. The skilled employees of the mills that are organized are members of unions, most of which are allied with the American Federation of Labor. A meeting of the general committee of the Central Labor Union has been called for tonight and a meeting of the strikers' committee of the Industrial Workers has been summoned for 1 p. m. The mills of the Arlington corporation, manufacturers of woolen and cotton goods, were the first to post notices announcing a wage increase of five per cent. William Whitman of Boston, for many years president of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, is president of the Arlington mills, which are entirely independent of the American Woolen Co. Mr. Whitman's plant employs about 5000 persons when all the machinery is active. The action of the Arlington mills was quickly followed by the Uswood mills of the United States Worsted Co. in South Lawrence. The Uswood plant employs 500 hands.

A daughter was born early this morning to Mr. and Mrs. Wolfred P. Calisse, Jr., the former one of the proprietors of La Croix Rouge pharmacy. Refused rates to Arizona, California, Nevada and Utah via the Southern Pacific and Maffery Lines. Rates and further information at Murphy's Ticket Agency, 18 Appleton St., opp.

Mr. John H. Murphy, secretary of the Lowell board of trade, will speak to-night before the citizens of Dunstable, who are at present making plans for the formation of a board of trade of their own.

Walter Thalet, aged nine years, residing at 46 Circuit avenue, while coasting on Woburn street in South Lowell last night, was thrown from his sled and suffered a fracture of the left leg. He was taken to his home and later was removed to the Lowell hospital.

A very enjoyable seafarable was held Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. Frank George, 91 Hillbush street, under the auspices of the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Presbyterian church. Miss Grace Smith gave a very pleasing solo on the piano. Mrs. Charles Lovejoy entertained with a dialect reading and the songs of Mr. William J. Wilson and Mr. Winslow Rice were of their usual pleasing character. Miss Smith and Mr. Brock accompanied. Refreshments were served by Mrs. George assisted by Mrs. Craig, Mrs. Love, Mrs. Russell and Miss Mackay. The evening's program was directed by Harry K. Dick.

For rates, tickets and information to all points in Florida via Savannah Line, Civil Line and Merchants and Miners T. Co. at Murphy's Ticket Agency, local agents, 18 Appleton St. Agents for New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co. to Havana, Cuba.

NO MISSIONARIES ARRESTED
SEOUL, Korea, March 1.—No Christian missionaries have been arrested in Korea and the reports of the persecutions of Christian converts are groundless, according to the statement of a prominent official here today.

WRIT OF QUISTER DENIED
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 1.—The Missouri supreme court today denied the writ of quister asked by the state against the Missouri Pacific from Mountain and Wabash railroads, the Pacific Express company and the American Refrigerator Transit company.

OIL CANS
STRONG GALVANIZED OIL CANS
1 Gal. Can 25c
2 Gal. Can 40c
5 Gal. Can \$1
You can buy oil
Tanks here too

C. B. COBURN CO.
61 MARKET ST.
Free City Delivery

THE OTHER MILLS
EXPECTED TO FOLLOW ARLINGTON IN ANNOUNCING INCREASE

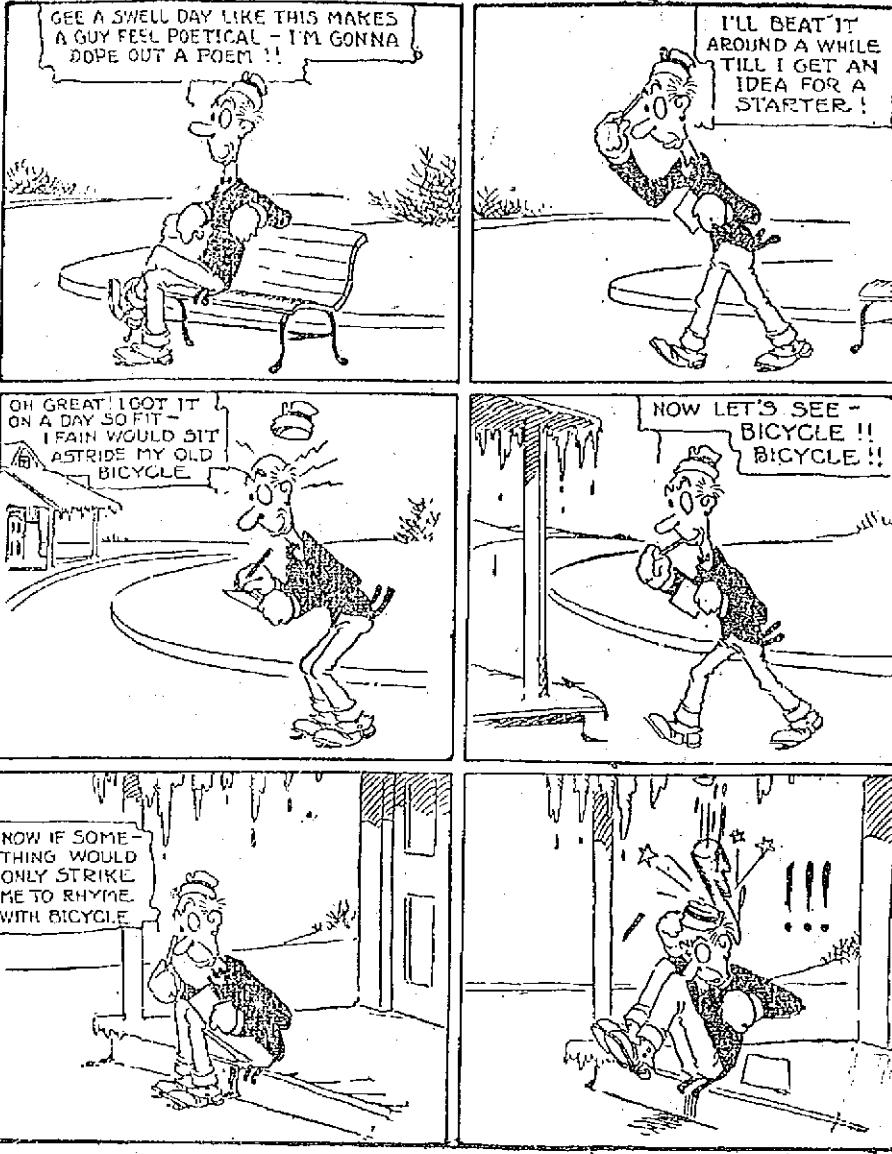
LAWRENCE, March 1.—The posting of notices in the Arlington mills today announcing a wage increase of at least five per cent, to take effect next Monday was expected to prove an important step toward the speedy settlement of the great textile strike which involves nearly 20,000 persons and is now in its eighth week. It was believed that the other mills affected by this strike would follow the action of the Arlington corporation.

The notice of the Arlington mills informed the employes that a readjustment of wages will be made upon a comparative basis as to occupation, including increases in the rates now paid by the hour and by the piece, such advances in no case to be less than five per cent. The statement concluded: "We hope to furnish our people with steady employment and shall welcome back and give work as rapidly as possible to any of our old employes, without discrimination, who apply for work on or before Wednesday, March 6, 1912."

Many of the operatives who have been working in the mill during the progress of the strike entered the gates without pausing to read the notice. A series of strikes doing picket duty was apparent during the hours preceding the time for beginning work. No trouble of any kind engaged the attention of the police and militia during the early forenoon hours. There appeared to be a slight increase in the number of people entering the various mills today.

The belief was expressed among several millmen and public officials today that the wage increase offered by the Arlington mill would tend to cause a

A DISASTROUS RHYME



ters earned about \$13 a week, of which Pearl took \$4 and her older and more expert sister received \$9.

The committee in charge of the children has planned for each child of foreign birth to be taken to the embassy or legation representing the country of his nativity in order that the foreign diplomats may learn how the children of their respective nationalities fare in American industrial establishments.

Every member of the Washington party wore on the lapel of the coat a red lettered, red bordered card bearing one of the two following inscriptions: "Don't be a scab" or "I am not a scab."

During the trip on the elevated railroad in Boston from the north to the south station the boys were greatly interested in the harbor shipping and in the warships that could be seen at the navy yard.

The party left for New York and Washington on the 10.02 a. m. train on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad.



The Right HAT

Means a happy head.
We sell right hats.
We can assist you in your selection, having spent much time in selecting a proper stock of the smartest styles. The Talbot Special style, 48-48, is one of the best styles this season; comes in five different heights of crown and widths of brim. It is the correct hat and costs but..... \$2.00

The "TEX DERBY" is our special hat in the better grade, six styles to choose.... \$3.00 from.....

STETSON DERBIES in the new shapes,
\$3.50 and \$5

All the new things
in Soft and Stitched Hats,
\$1 to \$3

TALBOT

American House
Elk, Central St.

ISABELLA GOODWIN

is Made a First Grade Detective

NEW YORK, March 1.—Mrs. Isabella Goodwin, a police matron, who is credited with the capture of the taxicab robbers who recently held up two taxi messengers and procured \$5,000 was advanced today to the fund of first grade detective at a salary of \$2,500 by Police Commissioner Walsh in recognition of her services.

The notice follows:

"A new schedule of wages involving an increase in rates whether paid by the hour or piece will be put into effect these mills March 4."

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

NOTICE!

We Have No Last Year Old Style Suit Display in Our Windows

Why? Because we clean up our stock every season. We never rest our heads on last year's pillows. We show you brand new goods, this season's make, up-to-date goods at lower prices than you can buy an old, last year style suit. Look at our display windows—compare the prices and goods—come in, examine the goods, then you will return home happy with one of our new up-to-date suits, new spring style hat and a new model union made shirt. Everything up-to-date at

ROY & O'HEIR'S

88 Prescott Street, Facing Market

LITTLE STORE WITH THE BIG TRADE.

Otto Coke

Preston Coal and Coke Co.

23 Merrimack Street.

Telephone 1366

STOP! READ! THINK!

What value do you place on your eyesight? Do they make you feel like an eye add? Does he make a specialty of the eyes or does he do a number of other things? Is he qualified in every way to substantiate his claims? Think over the above questions and see if you are considerate of your worthiness of your practitioner. If you are satisfied we have proven to the public in Lowell and vicinity that we are the leaders in our profession. Glassie & I and in

CASEY OPTICAL CO.

11 Bridge Street, Merrimack Square

Brockton Glasses Duplicated White

You Wait.

The Big Meet

BOSTON ENGLISH HIGH

VS. LOWELL HIGH

SATURDAY EVENING

11.30 P.M.

Admission 50c

Box Seats 75c

Box Seats 100c

Box Seats 125c

Box Seats 150c

Box Seats 175c

Box Seats 200c

Box Seats 225c

Box Seats 250c

Box Seats 275c

Box Seats 300c

Box Seats 325c

Box Seats 350c

Box Seats 375c

Box Seats 400c

Box Seats 425c

Box Seats 450c

Box Seats 475c

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Box Seats 550c

Box Seats 575c

Box Seats 600c

Box Seats 625c

Box Seats 650c

Box Seats 675c

Box Seats 700c

Box Seats 725c

Box Seats 750c

Box Seats 775c

Box Seats 800c

Box Seats 825c

Box Seats 850c

Box Seats 87

WAGES ADVANCED

MORE PAY GRANTED

Notices Posted in Mills of American Woolen Company

BOSTON, March 1.—The American Woolen Co. today notified its agents in all of its 33 mills in New England and New York state to advance wages five percent. The order affects about 30,000 operatives employed by the company.

The notices were posted in all the mills of the company shortly before noon. A copy of the notice follows:

"In all mills of this company a new schedule of wages will be put into effect March 4, 1912, involving increases in the rates now paid by the hour and the piece. The wages will be readjusted according to classes and occupations but in every case the increase will amount to at least five percent."

The action of the American Woolen Co., which is the largest manufacturer of woolen and worsted goods in the world, is expected to have far-reaching effect in the woolen industry of the country. There are a large number of independent mills, especially in New England, which generally follow closely the schedule paid by the American company, and it is expected by mill men here that many of these independents will also decide to advance wages. There is also a strong feeling in Boston textile circles that the action of the American Woolen Co., Arlington mills and Uswoco mills in Lawrence in posting notices of a wage advance will contribute materially to a speedy ending of the strike in that city.

REJECT WAGE INCREASE

LAWRENCE, March 1.—The general strike committee of the Industrial Workers of the World voted in executive session this afternoon to insist on their original demands, namely, a wage increase of 15 per cent., double pay for overtime work, the abolition of the premium system and no discrimination against strikers. The committee voted further to insist that Joseph J. Ettor and Arturo Giovannitti, the strike leaders now in jail awaiting grand jury action on charges of being accessories to murder, be released before the strikers will return to work.

This afternoon a committee of the strikers prepared to go to Boston to meet the mill owners in a conference.

The general strike committee declares that no proposals for a settlement of the strike have been officially transmitted to the committee. Ettor is chairman of this committee, but on account of his enforced absence from the conference the committee will act without him.

Continued to page nine

SENATOR BRISTOW

Says Stephenson Corruptly Used Money

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Insisting that any act of corruption that contributes to nomination in a senatorial primary is just as culpable as if it occurred in election by a legislature Senator Bristow of Kansas, today urged the senate to reject the majority report of the committee on privileges and elections exonerating Senator Isaac Stephenson of Wisconsin of the charge that corrupt practices were employed in securing his election.

"I believe," said Senator Bristow, "the evidence shows that corrupt methods and practices were used, that Mr. Stephenson and his managers not only corruptly used money to secure his election, but also flagrantly violated the laws of the state of Wisconsin against corrupt practices in elections, and that by mere technicalities they seek to avoid the responsibility for their conduct. Any man who will openly violate the statutes of his state that

have been passed to protect the honesty of its elections is not worthy a seat in this body, yet the primary question for the senate to decide is not, were the statutes of Wisconsin violated, but did corruption in the election of Mr. Stephenson actually occur."

"Mr. Heyburn in his opinion in the report takes the amazing position that corruption in the primary election cannot be considered as having any bearing on the legislative election, that the primary practically has no more connection with the action of the legislature than a "sham vote" would have."

"The methods and practices which they used in the primary Mr. Heyburn himself condemned, in the following language:

"The amount of money expended in the primary campaign was so extravagant and the expenditures were made with such reckless disregard of the propriety as to justify the sharpest criticism. Such expenditures were in violation of the fundamental principles underlying our system of government, which contemplated the selection of candidates by the electors and not the selection of electors by the candidate."

"Yet, by an ingenious argument, continued the senator, "Mr. Heyburn attempts to exempt Mr. Stephenson from the results of corrupt practices in the primary, the boldness of which is shocking to the patriotic sense of every honest American citizen."

"The majority of the candidates for the legislature publicly declared that they would vote in the legislature for the man for United States senator who secured the party nomination in the primary; so that it was necessary for Mr. Stephenson to have that nomination in order to secure the election; and the corrupt or unlawful expenditure of money in securing votes in the primary was just as felonious as would have been its expenditure to get votes in the legislative election."

Senator Bristow then quoted Senator Stephenson's testimony admitting that he had expended \$107,793 and made a detailed statement in regard to the organization of the Stephenson campaign committee. Quoting from the testimony, he said that Mr. Stephenson's managers paid money to different candidates for the legislature, three of whom were elected, and that if the votes of these members had not been cast for Stephenson he would not have been elected, and that Stephenson hired a large number of men to go about the slate and disburse money in counties, townships and wards to different individuals to induce them to work for Stephenson at the election. Senator Bristow declared that not only was this done with Stephenson's knowledge but that he actually participated in the distribution of these funds.

"If such campaigns as that of Mr. Stephenson are to meet the approval of this body," concluded the speaker, "then it

J. A. McEvoy
Cameras and Supplies
Optical Goods. Eyes Examined
222 MERRIMACK STREET

FOUR REGISTERED Pharmacists
Just ask your doctor if we can fill
your prescriptions.

CARTER & SHERBURNE
PURE DRUGS
In the Waiting Room

Deposit All
Surplus Cash

Promptly in the bank, then you
will not run the risk of losing it
or having it stolen.

We cordially invite you to
start an account with us.

4 PER CENT. INTEREST PAID

MERRIMACK RIVER
SAVINGS BANK

417 Middlesex Street,

Interest
BEGINS
Tomorrow

SAVINGS DEPT.

Traders Nat. Bank

39 TO 45 MIDDLESEX STREET

Hours: 8:30 to 3. Saturdays:

8:30 to 12:30; Saturday evenings:

7 to 9 o'clock.

COAL ARGE STOCK
LOWEST PRICES

FRED H. ROURKE

LIBERTY SQUARE TEL-1177-1

MODERN HOUSE, CHELMSFORD

Centre to lot: 7 rooms, bath, large att-

ic, three minutes' walk from electric

depot and postoffice; lot of land, rich

soil for garden. Apply Mrs. C. Nichols

Centre st., Chelmsford Centre.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK THE SLATER ESTATE

Discusses Situation in Colombia Efforts of Widow to Keep the Securities Intact Failed

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The conspiracy which resulted in the dismemberment of the Colombian republic occurred in the United States with the approval of the highest United States officials, and the spoliation was largely to the interest of a combination of influential capitalists who controlled the French Panama canal company," declared Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, in the senate today. Mr.

Hitchcock was speaking in support of his resolution calling upon the president for the complete correspondence with Colombia in connection with the canal. From this, he said, he expected the people would know "whether we are honest and just and whether the time has come when we should act the part of decency, if not generosity towards Colombia."

The senator assailed the Washington government's course and referred to what he said was a blunt declaration of ex-President Roosevelt. In a speech recently delivered in California, he "took the canal zone."

"It is not possible," he said, "to lock up in official archives the sensational and disgraceful record of our treatment of Colombia, our breach of solemn treaty, our instigation of an insurrection, our spoliation of a weak sister republic."

It was too late to restore Panama to Colombia, he declared, because of the United States' title to the Panama canal, and through the influence of the United States, the existence of the Panama republic was settled for all time by international agreement. He believed, however, that justice would not be done until the canal controversy had been re-opened and Colombia's claims against this government for damages had been settled by diplomatic arrangement or through arbitration.

"The American people know," continued Senator Hitchcock, "that President Roosevelt cut short all negotiations with Colombia for possession of the canal strip and at the psychological moment ordered the Nashville of our American navy to Colon, arriving there November 2. On November 2 a Colombian gunboat arrived with troops for garrison duty at Panama, and at that time our American officers had reported everything quiet on the isthmus and that Colombia was in indis-

putable control of the province. High officials in Washington were frantic for news as to the revolution and the next day, while representatives of the American navy were re-training the troops which Colombia had sent to prevent disorder and down any insurrection, that ridiculous comic opera revolution occurred in the town of Panama, a few miles away.

"The American people knew that if the 500 troops of Colombia had been permitted to reach the town of Panama, there would have been no revolution. This was done notwithstanding the solemn treaty of peace and friendship that existed between the United States and Colombia under which the United States guaranteed to preserve Colombia's sovereignty on the Panamanian isthmus in return for certain rights and privileges which the United States had secured there."

"The pretense for all this was that Colombia had refused to accept United States terms as to the Panama canal. We were proposing to buy from the Panama Canal company, represented by Cromwell and other New York financiers, their rights to the Panama canal. Whatever rights they had came from Colombia. Our representatives drew up a treaty under which the United States was to pay the company and secure rights in the canal strip needed to perfect its title. Either government had a right to reject the treaty. It was naturally ratified by the United States, but Colombia finally rejected it because it had no power to surrender sovereignty over the strip without some amendment to its constitution. Colombia was absolutely within her rights."

Arbitration Treaty
Senator Hitchcock referred to the pending arbitration treaty as likely to lead to entanglements with Great Britain and said he would like to know why "some of these associations are spending Andrew Carnegie's money and some of these orators talking for arbitration under its pay do not advocate arbitration of this claim of our sister republic."

FUNERALS

PARENT.—The funeral of Loretta Parent, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Parent took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of her parents, 312 Llewellyn street and was largely attended. A Liberia was sung at St. Louis' church at 2 o'clock by Rev. R. A. Porter. The bearers were Philippe Parent, Donald McAllister, Raymond Parent, James Keith, Edmund Parent and Arthur Parent. Burial took place in St. Joseph's cemetery in charge of Under-

BOSTON, March 1.—The effort of the corporation to keep intact the securities held by the trustees to a small sum.

Mr. Slater died in 1889 and left a trust which will terminate in 1909. The widow claimed that the securities ought to be held in order that her two minor sons might have the incentive of looking forward to active participation in the management of their father's business.

taker Amédée Archambault. Among the floral tributes were: Spray of pinks from Grandpa and Grandma Clement; spray of lilies and roses, the Miron and Clement families; spray of tulips from her god-mother and god-father; spray of daffodils and roses from Uncle Phil; spray of pinks and narcissus from Uncle Amédée and Aunt Nellie; spray of pinks from Miss Conant and Miss Everett, kindergarten teachers; spray of white roses from Mr. and Mrs. J. Kerr; spray of white roses from Mr. Frank Thornton; spray of pink from Mrs. R. McAllister; spray of pinks from Mr. W. Connor; spray of narcissus from Marion and Ralph Charles.

R. Wright a number of citizens have signified their intention of joining. The principal speaker and organizer will be Secretary John H. Murphy of the Lowell board of trade.

FOURTEEN INJURED

Trolley Cars in Collision
in New York

NEW YORK, March 1.—Fourteen persons were injured today, two of them seriously, in a collision between two trolley cars on Webster avenue, the Bronx. Mrs. Charles Corde and Miss Besse Kates, the most seriously injured, were taken unconscious to a hospital.

LOCAL OPERATIVES

To Receive An Increase
in Wages

The five per cent. increase granted by the American Woolen company will affect about 1500 operatives in this city and Dracut. The Bay State is the American Woolen company's mill in Lowell and about 450 hands are employed there. In the company's mills in Collingsville about 1000 hands are employed. Notices of the increase have been posted in these mills.

The Best Way? Go To Your Doctor
No sense in running from one doctor to another! Select the best one, then stand by him. No sense in trying this thing, that thing, for your cough. Carefully, deliberately select the best cough medicine, then take it. Stick to it. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for throat and lung troubles.

GAS RANGES

At Reduced Prices During March

The second annual March discount sale of Gas Ranges starts today.

During this month we allow a special cash discount of ten per cent. on orders for any type of Gas Range to be installed and connected during this month.

If you have in mind purchasing a Gas Range this season it would pay you to take advantage of this special offer.

All Gas Ranges sold under this special offer will be connected free.

LOWELL GAS LIGHT COMPANY

John and Merrimack Sts.

Tel. 349

INTEREST

ON DEPOSITS FROM

Saturday, Mar. 2

MECHANICS

SAVINGS BANK

50 Central Street

LOWELL ELECTRIC
LIGHT CORP.

50 Central Street

LOWELL GAS LIGHT COMPANY

John and Merrimack Sts.

Tel. 349

COMMITTED SUICIDE**Man Shot Himself While Riding
in a Taxicab**

BOSTON, March 1.—Frederick E. Sands, a traveling salesman, who had been living for some time in New York, shot himself in the right temple about 8.30 last evening in a taxicab in front of Hotel Maxim, at 25 Harrison avenue, in Chinatown, and was rushed to the Tufts Emergency Hospital, where he died at 10.30.

Sands was out of work and had grown dependent owing to the lack of money. He was in the cab with his brother at the time, and, although the shot was heard distinctly in the street, no great amount of excitement was created, as it was thought it was the report of a backfire from the automobile engine.

At noon yesterday Sands arrived from New York and went to the home of his brother, Elijah M. Sands, at 47 Ronwick road, Melrose Highlands. Last evening the brothers came in town and were joined by William F. Harrington of 65 Richmond street, Boston. Elijah M. Sands is local agent for the Logan Coal Company, with offices at 141 Milk street, Boston.

The three spent a short time together and then the brothers got into a taxi-cab to drive to the North Station, where they were to take a train for Melrose Highlands. The brothers were seated in the cab and Mr. Harrington had just said "good night," when there was a report of a revolver shot.

David Kaplan of 58 West Concord said he had never heard.

MRS. ELIZABETH LEW**Observing Her 91st Birth-
day Today**

Today is the 91st birthday of Mrs. Elizabeth Lew, of Ayer, and the day is being celebrated by many friends at the chamber work, helps about the house-home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary Darrow, with whom she is staying for the winter.

Mrs. Lew made the journey from the home of her son at 52 Mt. Hope street, this city, to Ayer, recently, all alone. In appearance, this aged colored woman is not more than middle-aged.

Mrs. Lew was born in Derry, N. H., and came to Lowell when a young woman, where she married Ernest Lew, at that time one of the prosperous farmers in this locality. She has four sons living, John and William of Lowell, Fred of Monroe and James of Cambridge. All her sons are engaged in the dyeing business.

When Mrs. Lew first came to Lowell, the place where she lives on Mt. Hope street did not look much as it does

**ENDLESS
TROUBLE****Folows an Attack of the Grip
Unless the Blood Is Built Up
and Purified.**

Few diseases so shatter the health as the grip. Its victims all tell the same story. They are left despondent, tired, faint and wretched in every way. They have no appetite, ambition or strength, cannot sleep, and suffer from headaches, backaches and nervousness. In this weakened condition lies the real danger of the grip. The body falls an easy prey to bronchitis, pneumonia and even consumption. Nearly every form of nervous trouble has also been known to follow an attack. The work of the grip is so complete that many of its victims date their years of sickness from a single attack.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People give the quickest and most thorough relief from the after-effects of the grip. They build up and purify the blood, drive the poisons out of the system and give strength and tone to the entire body. They make the body able to resist the dangerous disease which follows an attack.

Mr. M. D. Rorland, of No. 123 Allendale Street, East, Lansing, Mich., says: "After an attack of the grip my stomach was lost in a very bad condition. My appetite was poor and what little I did eat my stomach could not digest. After each meal I had terrible pains and cramps which could be relieved only by vomiting. I was getting in bad shape and worked only part of the time. I doctor for over a year and was relieved for a time but would soon feel as bad as ever. I noticed in a paper that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were good for my trouble and gave them a trial. I was helped after taking them a while and finally entirely cured. The cure must be permanent. I haven't had a return of my trouble in any form."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the most direct cure for all diseases due to having an inveterated blood, as amebiasis, chlorosis, rheumatism, weakens & chronic fevers or operations in a general rundown condition often overwork and worry.

A valuable book, "History of the Grip," containing full information will be sent on request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are \$1.10 per bottle, or will be sent postpaid, on receipt of price, the post paid six bottles, \$2.50, by mail. William Williams Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

**QUINN'S
Red Star Nut Coal**

For the kitchen range or parlor stove has no equal. A trial order will convince you.

Telephones 1185 and 2450.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Shop With Us
—OR—
We Both Lose

The Bon Marche

Satisfaction
—OR—
Your Money Back

LADIES OF THE HIGH STREET CHURCH OPENED A FOOD SALE TODAY AT 10 O'CLOCK

A Big Sale of New Spring Silk and Wool Dresses

Opened This Morning at 8 O'Clock

These dresses were purchased from three different New York manufacturers; the quantities were large in each case. The manufacturers were eager for early business and besides we made "Spot Cash" transactions in each instance. See these dresses in our window. Where alterations are necessary we shall be obliged to make a small charge, as at the very low prices at which these dresses will be sold, we cannot make free alterations.

Special New Serge Dresses in Tan, Copenhagen, Navy or Black..... \$5.98 || **Special** New Serge Dresses in all colors, Value \$5.75..... \$5.98

White Serge Dresses \$5.98

White Serge is in great demand, hard to procure, and that is one reason why this lot of Dresses should appeal to every woman, when the low price is considered.

These Dresses are made round neck, 3-4 sleeves, have wide band of wide soutache down front, neck and sleeve of plain satin in Copenhagen, Royal, Black or Red.

Cream Serge Dresses \$5.98

This lot of Dresses made with square sailor collar of Copenhagen Blue, Royal Blue, Black or Red Satin, sleeve cuff, tie and buttons down front in color to match collar and cuff. All sizes in this lot for Women and Misses, 14, 16, 18 and 34 to 46 bust.

\$7.50, \$8.75 and \$10.00
Messaline Silk and Wool
Serge Dresses
All at One Price
\$5.98

Silk Messaline Dresses \$5.98

These Silk Dresses are less than half price. We say not a dress in the lot worth less than \$10.00, some \$15.00. The colors are Black ground with White stripe or Navy ground with White stripe, also Copenhagen ground with White stripe. Sizes for Misses and Women. Sizes 34, 36, 38 only.

**A Showing in NEW HAMBURGS
AT POPULAR PRICES**

NEW DESIGNS IN
Stamped Goods

Swiss Embroidered Flouncing—45 inches wide, beautiful designs, at

\$2.50 a yard

Batiste Embroidered Flouncing—With Irish crochet effects, 45 inches wide, at

\$2.00 a yard

Swiss Embroidered Flouncing—in Van Dyke effects, 45 inches wide, at

\$1.75 a yard

Swiss Embroidered Flouncing—in eyelet and floral effects, 45 inches wide, at

\$1.50 a yard

Swiss Embroidered Flouncings—Beautiful patterns, 45 inches wide, at

\$1.19 and 69c a yard

Swiss Embroidered Flouncings—In Irish crochet effects, 27 inches wide, at

\$9c, \$1.00 and \$1.19 a yard

Swiss Embroidered All-Overs—in eyelet effects, 20 inches wide, at

69c to \$1.00 a yard

Swiss Embroidered Gauze Bands—to match flouncings, all widths, at

19c to 45c a yard

Nainsook Flouncings—18 inches wide, at

25c a yard

Convent Needlework—Edgings and insertions to match, at

25c to 39c a yard

Cambric Edgings and Insertions to match—in solid and eyelet effects, from

10c to 50c a yard

Bedulings—in all widths, on Swiss, nainsook and cambric cloth, at

10c to 50c a yard

**New Spring Dress Goods
Ready For Your Inspection**

Our Entire Department devoted to Dress Goods All This Week. Come in and Look Them Over. You will not only see the prettiest line of goods we have ever shown, but you will also find the prices (as usual) very reasonable.

36 in. Latvian Suiting, half wool, in all the staple shades, also cream and black. Special at..... 25c yard

36 in. Storm Serge, navy, garnet, brown and black. Special at..... 39c yard

Navy Serges

36 in. All Wool Navy Serge..... 50c yard

40 in. All Wool shrunken and Sponged Navy Serge, regular price 75c.

Special at..... 59c yard

44, 46 and 52 in. Navy Serges, guaranteed all wool. Special at..... 75c yard

50 and 54 in. Navy Serges, extra quality, regular price \$1.25.

Special at..... \$1.00 yard

56 and 58 in. Mennish Navy Serges, soft or hard finish, regular price \$2.00.

Special at..... \$1.50 yard

40 in. Whip Cord Serges, either plain or with white pencil stripe, colors, brown, tan, wine, garnet, gray, navy, royal and black.

Special at..... 50c yard

40 in. Cream Serges with black stripes, fine and heavy black stripes, from 1-2 inch to 1-2 inch apart. Special at..... 50c yard

Cream Dress Goods

36 in. Cream Bedford Cord. Special at..... 50c yard

36 in. Cream Storm Serge. Special at..... 59c yard

44 in. Cream Storm Serge. Special at..... 75c yard

52 in. Sailing Serge, a very fine grade, regular price \$1.50. Special at..... 125c yard

50c yard

Colored Suitings

56 in. Crochet Suiting, guaranteed all wool, just the right weight for

the new manly coat suits, colors are leather, mode, tan, open,

reseda, bordeaux, navy and black, regular price \$1.50 yard.

Special at..... \$1.00 yard

Novelty Suitings

40 in. Novelty Suitings, grays, browns and taus. Special at..... 50c yard

46 in. All Wool Cream Serges with black stripes, regular price \$1.25.

Special at..... \$1.00 yard

56 in. Extra Heavy Fancy Serge with black stripe, regular price \$1.75.

Special at..... \$1.25 yard

40 in. Manish Checks and Stripes in a large variety of colors, all

this season's designs, copied from \$1.50 goods. Special at..... 50c yard

44 in. Wool Peau de Soie, otherwise known as the dull finish Prunella,

in all the new shades, regular price \$1.25. Special at \$1.00 yard

36 in. All Wool Batiste and India Twills, in all the evening and street

shades. Special at..... 50c yard

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

Women's \$5.00
Queen Quality
Boots
\$1.98

Patent leather, buttons and lace
with brown suede tops.
All sizes and widths. \$5.00 grade,

\$1.98

CHILDREN'S
Patent leather
Lace and
Blucher Boots

Well known makes, such as Educator, Buster Brown, Nature Shape, etc. For this sale only. They cannot be duplicated:

\$2.00 grades..... \$1.59

\$1.75 grades..... \$1.35

\$1.50 grades..... \$1.15

\$1.25 grades..... 98c

You must come early, while we

have all sizes and widths.

DONT FAIL TO ASK FOR
YOUR GRAPHOPHONE
COUPONS

A Graphophone

Free

When your purchases amount
to \$25.00 you simply have to
buy 27 records.

**Clean Up Sale
OF
Shirt
Waists**
Exactly 115 Waists in the lot.

Regular prices run from
\$5.98 to \$10.98

Clean Up Sale Price

\$2.98 Each

Fine Batiste, Voiles and Lawns in most
every style; trimmed with handsome em-
broideries, laces and Panels.

Not every size in every style, but your
size in several models; you seldom get the
chance to buy \$5.98, \$6.98, \$7.50,
\$8.98 and \$9.98 Waists at

\$2.98

THE SCHOOL AGE BILL Was Defeated in Lower Branch of Legislature Yesterday

BOSTON, March 1.—The Massachusetts house yesterday, after a heated debate, rejected the bill providing that children shall remain in school until they are 15 instead of 14, as at present. The vote on rollcall stood 72 to 131.

The committee on military affairs unanimously reported a bill to abolish the naval bureau. The bill substitutes an aid of naval rank in the department of the adjutant general and one inspector of naval rank in the department of the inspector general.

The committee on taxation reported the two-cent stock transfer bill.

Mr. Underhill of Somerville renewed the discussion on the schoolchildren bill, referred to above.

He expressed surprise at the attack made on the bill by Representative Parks of Fall River. He defended the bill as in the interest of the children.

The bill was opposed by Messrs McGrath of Boston and Mr. Burdick of Adams, who contended that it would cause great hardship in many cases.

SOUTH BOSTON MASS CLASH

The debate was enlivened by a clash between Reilly and Sullivan of South Boston. The latter opposed the bill, causing Representative Reilly to declare that Representative Sullivan "unrepresented" his district.

Representative Sullivan replied that he informed his constituents last fall that he had voted against the bill last year and promised that he would do so again if re-elected.

Representative Parks opposed the bill, saying that there is no question of the value of an education, but the poorer families are facing an actual condition.

Representative Sanborn of Lawrence favored the bill, as did Representative Clifford of Barnstable and Representative Holmes of Medford, while it was opposed by Representatives Rothfeld of Newton, Smith of Gloucester and James J. Brennan of Boston.

On a rising vote the bill was defeated, 49 to 79, and on a rollcall this

result was sustained by a vote of 77 to 131.

Committee Reports

The house committee concurred with the senate in the adoption of an order requesting the directors of the port of Boston to transmit certain information relative to drydock and their uses.

These reports were received:

Roads and Bridges—Leave to withdraw on all the bills relative to the use of signaling devices on automobiles and relative to the operation of automobiles at intersecting ways.

Counties—A bill providing for the reconstruction of Fox Hill bridge, between Lynn and Saugus.

Education—Leave to withdraw on bill of Mayor Fitzgerald, providing for the establishment of an independent agricultural school for the Metropolitan district.

Education—Leave to withdraw on bill of Norman H. White for investigation by state board of education of the economic and physical condition of graduates of the public schools.

Agriculture—A bill appropriating \$2000 to be expended by the state board of agriculture in holding special exhibitions devoted to the products of special lines of agriculture.

Agriculture—Reference to the next general court on the bill to provide for the licensing of cats.

Education—Leave to withdraw on bill to authorize cities and towns to provide free meals for school children.

Merchandise Affairs—Leave to withdraw on bill to prohibit the use of trading stamps.

Election Laws—Leave to withdraw on bill to require registrars of voters to sit each Monday and Thursday evening during August.

Election Laws—Leave to withdraw on bill to make voting compulsory.

Public Health—Leave to withdraw on bills to amend the vaccination laws.

Representative Cut of Lowell dissent and favors a bill permitting parents to excuse their children from vaccination.

SUPREME COURT

Rules in the Sweetser Will Case

BOSTON, March 1.—In a finding handed down by the full bench of the supreme court yesterday, it is decided that beneficiaries who receive bequests from estates outside the state will not be compelled to pay a legacy or succession tax on such property.

The decision was in the case of the attorney general against Charles N. Barney, ancillary administrator in this state of the will of Frank D. Sweetser of Martinez, Cal. The will was executed in California, the estate amounting to \$16,444, of which \$11,155 was in Massachusetts. The testator gave to a niece \$500, and bequeathed the residue to two sisters and a brother in equal shares.

The legacy of \$500 was paid by the executor in California and he distributed the residue, amounting to nearly \$5000 each to the sisters and brother. Charles N. Barney, an ancillary administrator in Massachusetts, paid from what was in his hands the debts due Massachusetts creditors, the expenses of administration and the funeral charges here and divided what remained, \$331, equally among the residuary legatees.

The state treasurer and receiver general assessed a legacy and a succession tax upon the estate thus paid over by the ancillary administrator and brought the bill through the attorney general, to enforce its payment and the supreme court ruled against them.

CASCARETS SURELY STRAIGHTEN YOU OUT

No Headache, Biliousness, Upset Stomach, Lazy Liver or Constipated Bowels by Morning

Are you keeping your bowels, liver and stomach clean, pure and fresh with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passageway through these alimentary or drainage organs every few days with Salts, Cathartics, pills, Castor Oil or Purgative Waters.

Stop having a bowel wash-day. Let Cascarets thoroughly cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the undigested, sour and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry off of the system all the decomposed waste matter and poisons in the intestines and bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken or cause any inconvenience, and cost only 10 cents a box from your druggist. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Biliousness, coated tongue, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipated Bowels. Cascarets belong in every household. Children just love to take them.



"Come in and make a noise like a new hat."

The new suit makes the old hat look rusty, but a new hat helps the looks of the old suit. Moral, a new hat anyway.

Here's every new fad, fact or fancy in head gear; soft, stiff, or the shining topper.

Prices \$1 to \$5

MACARTNEY'S
Apparel Shop

72 MERRIMACK STREET

Any Voter in the Town of Chelmsford

Who wishes to be a candidate for any of the following town offices, to be voted on at the caucus to be held Thursday, March 7th, 1912 at 3 o'clock p.m., will please send his name to any member of the committee on or before Tuesday, March 6th, 1912 at 2 o'clock p.m.

Town clerk for three years.

Three selectmen, one for one, one for two and one for three years.

Three overseers of poor, one for one, one for two, and one for three years.

Town Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for one year.

One Assessor, for three years.

One School Committee man for three years.

One Street Fund Commissioner for three years.

One Cemetery Commissioner for three years.

Two trustees of Adams Library for three years.

Three Auditors for one year.

One Auditor for one year.

One Tree Warden for one year.

One Park Commissioner for three years.

E. T. ADAMS, Centre.

W. H. QUIGLEY, North.

F. E. BICKFORD, West.

D. P. BROWN, South.

H. O. BUNTON, East.

Ballot Committee.

EDWARD L. COOPER, Chairman.

CHARLES C. COOPER, Vice-Chairman.

JOHN R. COOPER, Secretary.

JOHN R. COOPER, Treasurer.

JOHN R. COOPER, Auditor.

JOHN R. COOPER, Street Fund Comm.

JOHN R. COOPER, Cemetery Comm.

JOHN R. COOPER, Library Comm.

JOHN R. COOPER, Auditor.

TAFT'S TARIFF PLAN

The President Explains His Position On Tariff-Making

NEW YORK, March 1.—President Taft has given an authorized interview on tariff-making. It is entitled "Common Sense vs. Replaced Methods," and appears in the current issue of *The Outlook*. It was secured by a special representative of *The Outlook* and is in part as follows:

"Not that I wish to see the tariff question made the mere football of politics. President Taft explained, 'we have had too much of that already. But I should like to have the people of the United States pass their deliberate judgment on the issue as it has been made up within the last year—the difference between the common sense way and the haphazard way of making a tariff law. As you know, I am a believer in the republican policy of protection. I want to see it continued; but I also want to see our party strengthened by giving it an underpinning which cannot be swept away by the first passing flood of popular sentiment.'

"And this purpose could be accomplished—how?" I asked.

"First, by fixing the rates at figures not dictated by a group of domestic producers for their own enrichment,

Purpose of Tariff Board

"A good many persons evidently think that the whole purpose of a tariff board is to collect material for a single tariff bill or series of bills; and, naturally, those who wish to see the government economically administered question the wisdom of spending so much money and employing so many experts for the preparation of the tariff legislation of 1912. In view of the possibility that all this work may be torn up and

done over as soon as a new set of hands take charge of our public affairs. Now, it is just such a contingency that the tariff board is designed to avoid. The collection of data to guide this year's legislation is only a first step from now on. If congress consents to prolong its existence, the board will continue collecting data through the channels it has already opened, and with the aid of men trained in their duties."

After reviewing the work of the board at considerable length the interview continues:

"To return to the board question of tariff revision, you are not disheartened by what some critics say about the danger of keeping the country in a perpetual ferment of nervous apprehension regarding 'comics changes'?"

"Nothing could do more to prevent such a ferment than the very plan we are now considering. Hitherto, we have seen the whole tariff structure torn to pieces and rebuilt whenever there has been a change of parties in control at Washington, and even sometimes when the same party has remained responsible but the personnel of the group in command has changed. Such overhaulings are always accompanied by a more or less violent convulsion of business, followed by a whole state of stagnation protracted through the whole period while the outcome continues at all in doubt. The new bill is talked about for a long time before it is framed; there are extended hearings in committee, and afterward a series of secret sessions behind barred doors and debates at some length on the floors of congress; and after all this there is a possible interval of ten days during which, if the bill is suspected of being distasteful to the president, his fate at his hands remains uncertain. At the committee hearings ex parte statements are presented by men peculiarly interested in the several trades and industries which are liable to be affected by the proposed legislation. Everybody with an ax to grind either brings it to congress himself or tries to influence that body through an agent on the ground. In every instance the length of time which has elapsed since the last revision, and the changes of conditions in various lines of production and commerce in the interval, raise a general dread lest there be heavy increases of duty in one quarter or deep cuts in another; and, uniformly, a feeling has widely prevailed that the decision where to make such increases and cuts would be reached, not by a calm consideration of the merits of each case, but by a log-rolling or back-scratching process."

Patcheting the Tariff

"Such unsystematic ways of patching a tariff together open wide the avenues for perjury and other fraud for special pleading, for appeals to the most sordid political motives, for the exercise of gross favorites and the wreaking of petty revenges, and have given rise even to charges of bribery and investigations shadowing the good repute of men high in the counsels of the nation. Is it a pleasant reflection that such an atmosphere is liable to continue surrounding our tariff legislation indefinitely?

"What have we to offer as a substitute? A system which keeps always at the disposal of congress, and open to the people, a chart of the world's producing activities, corrected almost from day to day. The changes noted in the foreign cost of production of various commodities are doubtless individually slight; in one case they may swing pendulum-like, a little this way and a little that, ending their agitation at about the same point where it began. In another, there may be a steady trend to one side for a while, due to causes not difficult to discover through the machinery of the tariff board; but by the time the divergence has become so marked and continued so long as to make a change in this schedule desirable, everybody will be prepared for it and can estimate just about how much of a change it ought to be. This eliminates the new customary shock of surprises. Thus we have a highly important part of the work of lawmaking brought down to an almost automatic basis; at any rate, we can always be sure of an automatic warning of what had better be done and if congress doesn't do it, or the president withdraws his approval from a tariff amendment manifestly right, the people will know where to place the responsibility. At one stroke we can get rid of a lot of the old scandals about log-rolling and favoritism, and the charges of perjury and bribery, which were freely bandied between the parties in past times; make our tariff changes gradual instead of precipitate and partial instead of sweeping; and be able to defend a rate, when fixed, by showing with substantial accuracy the measure of protection. It extends to the home producer. Can any reasonable citizen object to such a logical and self-consistent plan as a substitute for our present

Anty Drudge Visits the School

Schoolteacher—"Why are you late, Theodora?"

Theodora—"Please, Miss Brown, my mother was so busy stirring the boiling clothes in the washboiler that she couldn't get us our breakfast and dress us in time."

Anty Drudge—"Theodora, you tell your mother to use Fels-Naptha next Monday, and I'll guarantee you'll never be late for school on account of the washing."

The old-fashioned boiling is uncertain in its action on disease germs. Epidemics of typhoid fever have been traced to the mingling of clothes in a washing, done in the old, boiling manner. Fels-Naptha soap, while it is fatal to germs, contains no

substance which will harm clothes in the slightest manner. This is a scientifically-proven fact. Be sure and get the genuine Fels-Naptha. It has a red and green wrapper, with directions which you should follow carefully.

from the manufacturer.

THE DEPENDABLE DRUG STORE

IN our service, in our advertisements, in the quality of goods we sell, our one aim is to impress you with the fact that Riker-Jaynes is the safe drug store always.

By experience you will learn that Riker-Jaynes prices are the lowest, not for a day or a month, but for every day in the year. We make it our business to keep in touch with the lowest prices quoted anywhere and you can save many tiresome steps in shopping by coming to Riker-Jaynes first.

We pledge our reputation with every sale we make and guarantee every article we sell, regardless of price, to be the best value for your money.

If a reduction in price is possible without sacrificing quality you may be sure that we are the first to reduce our price to you.

Peroxide Hydrogen

This wonderfully efficient product is fast becoming a necessity in every home. It has hundreds of uses, such as a mouth and throat wash, complexion and nail bleach, as an antiseptic on cuts and sores, etc. We guarantee this to be the highest grade produced. At one time it sold for 50c a pound and over. Modern process of manufacture has brought the cost down to 1b.....

19c

5c Chewing Gums

Including all the popular brands; 3 packages for

10c

Riker-Jaynes Employees

The seventy Riker-Jaynes drug stores in New York, New England and New Jersey furnish employment to over three thousand people. We believe that we have a body of men and women who, for intelligence, skill, courtesy and honesty, cannot be duplicated in any similar institution. We are as particular about the quality of our employees as we are about the quality of our Drug Store Goods.

If among these thousands of loyal, industrious men and women there should come by chance one who does not practice the principles of fairness, courtesy, honesty and politeness, which we preach, we would consider it a great favor to ourselves and a matter of simple justice to our loyal employees if customers would report such shortcomings to the management. In this way and only in this way, can we maintain to the fullest extent the integrity of the Riker-Jaynes institution.

Our Usual Bargains in Tooth Preparations

If your dentist should recommend some particular preparation, you can save time by coming to us first; we have most every dentifrice made, and all at reduced prices. A few examples follow:

Pebecco	27c	Kolynos Paste	15c
Euthymol Paste	2 for 25c	Odol	35c
Lyon's Powder	15c	Redox Paste	19c
Culox Powder	17c	Sozodot	17c
Jemison's Powder	19c	Riker's Tooth Powder	15c

SICK ROOM AIDS—TRUSSES AND ELASTIC HOSIERY

A feature greatly appreciated by physicians, nurses and the public is our special department for the sale of all rubber goods, sick room aids, nursery supplies, trusses, crutches, elastic hose, etc. This department is under the supervision of experienced attendants, who understand each article and can advise intelligently. A private fitting room forms a part of every Riker-Jaynes Drug Store.

We mention a few articles selected at random and call particular attention to the bargain prices which we maintain regularly:

Hot Water Bottles	47c to \$2.50
Crutches, pair	97c to \$7.47
Elastic Trusses	\$1.73 to \$3.25
Spring Trusses	\$2.97 to \$6.73
Bedside Tables	\$3.98 and \$5.47
Nursing Bottles	2 for 5c to 10c
Rubber Sheetings, per yard48c to \$1.47
Fountain Syringes47c to \$3.50
Rubber Urinals	\$1.28 to \$4.79
Enamel Glass and Porcelain Urinals60c to \$1.50
Enamel and Porcelain Bed Pans87c to \$3.79
Enamel and Zinc Douche Pans79c to \$2.47

A Choice Bit of Confectionery

Be sure and take home a pound of delicious Fudge Walnut Caramels, a dainty confection that will be enjoyed by every member of the family.

33c Lb. 17c ½ Lb.

A GOOD SPRING TONIC

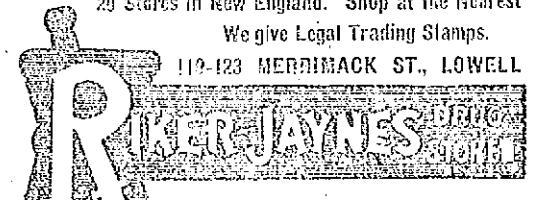
Jaynes' Blood & Nerve Tonic, a simple home remedy, made from wholesome herbs.

Large bottle.....\$1.00

20 Stores in New England. Shop at the Nearest

We give Legal Trading Stamps.

119-123 MERRIMACK ST., LOWELL



You are SAFE when you buy at

Riker-Jaynes

Protects Fair Complexions From March Winds

Riker's Violet Cerate, the greaseless, dainty, complexion cream and skin food. 50c In Porcelain Jars....

Price Reduced on a Popular Cigar

Our sales in Capulet Bargains have grown to such an extent that we have succeeded in getting a reduction in price from the factory. It is an excellent 10c cigar, which we have been selling for 7c; 4 for 25c; reduced to

6c STRAIGHT

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

New Spring Dresses

Styles that are practical and very smart looking, \$5.98 to \$10

MEN'S DEPARTMENT

The New Spring Suits Have Arrived

It isn't too early to come in and look at them—Many are buying now while the selection is largest. Prices.....

\$12.50 to \$27.50

Caesar Kisch Store
F. A. Kirschbaum
220 CENTRAL STREET

CREDIT

NO MONEY DOWN

CREDIT

on which so many people speak apparently without understanding, or at least without consideration. Let him have his way, in order to keep the demands of our manufacturers for protection down within bounds which will be just to the consuming public as well as to themselves."

The second answer is that congress is never as indifferent to the welfare of our people as to entitle to the quick in such matters. We are as far from the bold ideal of free trade as from that of the Cliffs wall. Each has had its day and gone its way. It is everywhere recognized now that the foreigner is not going to be turned loose on our market. His only function is that of a restraining influence.

We consider what he might do if we

let him have his way, in order to keep the demands of our manufacturers for protection down within bounds which will be just to the consuming public as well as to themselves."

"Doubtless you are still hearing echoes of the criticism called forth by your action on the wool and woolen tariff committing yourself to a reduction, and then voting the first bill as soon as it had its day and gone its way. It is everywhere recognized now that the foreigner is not going to be turned loose on our market. His only function is that of a restraining influence.

"Certainly, I hear them; but they only make me wonder how their authors can become so absorbed in one

Continued to page five.

Every Woman's Complexion

is bound to show whether or not she is in good physical condition. If the complexion is mucky, the skin sallow; if pimples or skin blemishes appear it is then attention must be given to improve the bodily condition. There is one safe and simple way. Clear the system and purify the blood with a few doses of

Beecham's Pills

This well known vegetable family remedy is famous for its power to improve the action of the organs of digestion and elimination. They will regulate the bowels, stimulate the liver, tone the stomach and you will know what it is to be free from troubles, from headaches, backaches, lassitude, and extreme nervousness. They will make you feel healthier and stronger in every way. By clearing your system of poisonous waste Beecham's Pills will have a good effect upon your looks—those they

Will Beautify and Improve

The directions with every box are of especial value and importance to women, sold everywhere. In boxes 10c, 25c

A CARD
We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on 25-cent bottles of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.
F. H. Butler, Carleton & Harvey,
A. Thompson, Biomedic Pharmacy
F. C. Goodale, A. P. Storey & Co.
F. A. Burkhart, A. W. Davis & Co.
E. T. McEvoy, Charles & Son
P. D. Moody, Albert E. Moore,
Nathan Pettes, Bechtel & DeJello

I Am the Big Business Tailor



SPECIAL

My window display of new Spring creations is the talk of the town, and then some. I am featuring six new shades in olive and wine color browns. This is one of the most beautiful shades I have seen. In a corner of my window I display this cloth made up in a sack coat, lined with alpaca serge to match at a price to order \$15.

The Spring season business is on in the clothing line if I can judge by the spirited demand in my Lowell store during the past two weeks.

I scorn dull seasons—I revel in activity—the click of the chopper's shears is music to my ears and the salesman's cry "Take a measure please," drives me to ecstasy.

Give Me Your Business—Give Me a Chance to Show You My Withering Contempt for Value.

Have No Reverence for What Clothing Ought to Sell For—With Me It's What They Will Sell For

I say if woolens are too good to sell for low prices, they are too good to keep, to look at, to frame, to admire—while the moths gorge themselves in destructive feast upon the wool that may rot before it sells higher. I want business—there is plenty of cloth always if I can get the business to use and pay for that cloth. I am surprising more new customers these days than at any time during my three years in Lowell. I want new customers—the prices and qualities that keep my old customers ought to be guarantee enough for an especially large increase this week in the number of the new.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

I Am Featuring a Wanskuk Blue Serge

If it makes a hit with you, tell me to make a suit of it to your measure for \$12.50. That means I fit you to your satisfaction. Made any style you want. If my cutter slips up on an occasional customer, I don't want the customer to keep the suit and say nothing. I am perfectly willing to make you a new suit.

Suit to Order \$12.50

MITCHELL, THE TAILOR 24 Central St., Lowell

Open Evenings Till 9

SILVER LOVING CUP

Presented Judge Quinn by Jurors

PLYMOUTH, March 1.—At the close of the session of Plymouth county superior court here yesterday afternoon Judge Quinn discharged the jurors for the February term. Sheriff Henry S. Porter arose and said that the jurors had something to say to his honor and then introduced William Stedman of Brockton, who would speak for them.

Mr. Stedman said that the jurors were very much impressed with the justice that had been given out by Judge Quinn; that it had always been tempered with leniency. He then presented Judge Quinn with a handsome silver loving cup in behalf of the jury as a token of their appreciation.

Judge Quinn was for a moment taken back and then said he greatly ap-

preciated the gift and was gratified to know that the jurors were well satisfied with his rulings. Sometimes in the course of his duty, he said, he felt that he was a little alone as he had to hold the scales of justice impartially between the parties and as court work had been finished he thanked them man to man. "The cup," said Judge Quinn, "will always bring pleasant memories and have a conspicuous place in my home, and whenever I look upon it I shall remember this jury with personal satisfaction."

The loving cup is of silver, gold lined and stands nearly a foot high and suitably inscribed.

Judge Quinn has been sitting here at all the criminal sittings of the superior court of this county since February of last year, when he was appointed to the bench by Gov. Foss and he has not only endeared himself to all the court officers and lawyers, but to all the townspeople with whom he has come in contact.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

12TH ANNIVERSARY

Observed by Welch Bros.
the Plumbers

COST BROCKTON MILKMAN A
FINE OF \$100

PLYMOUTH, March 1.—Jesse B. Leonard of Brockton charged with violation of the milk law, was found guilty yesterday in the superior court. It was contended that Leonard watered his milk, and the defense claimed that a young boy who worked with one of the drivers was responsible for the doctored. Upon rendering the sentence Judge Quinn said:

"I am inclined to believe that all milkmen are more or less poor and their fellow does not look an exception to this. I shall impose a fine of \$150."

Attorney E. H. Fletcher of Brockton then made an appeal to the court and by agreement with District Attorney A. F. Barker the fine was reduced to \$100, and Leonard with "thank your honor" collected the money, which he had already paid to the sheriff and walked away with a smile.

The Christian Endeavor society of which Miss Ethel Eno was chairman,

TAFT'S TARIFF PLAN

phase of a subject as to lose all sight of another equally important and equally pertinent to the discussion. You remember, of course, the grounds on which I voted that wool and woolen tariff bills knocked together as it was with a few blows of the ax and mallet, instead of being laid off with measuring instruments and adjusted with fine tools as it ought to have been? I frankly said that I was unwilling to sign such a bill in insufficient knowledge, when by waiting a few months we should have before us all the material gathered by the tariff board and could proceed with our eyes open. They declared that it was almost a crime to wait for the report of the tariff board; for here was winter coming on, and the people would soon be shivering with cold, but unable to buy warm clothes because they cost so much under the onerous duties of schedule K; yet here I was standing heartlessly, all alone, in the way of a reduction in price—and so forth, and so forth.

Wool and Woolen Bill

"What happened? The tariff board brought in its report, which I sent to congress at once, so that they could get to work on a wool and woolen bill. Up to date this has not been forthcoming. They have switched their attention to another schedule, and brought in a bill to reduce the steel tariff, in which the Payne act had already made some radical cuts. As far as I can learn, this has been most widely exploited as a blow aimed at the United States Steel corporation. If such was its purpose, it must have fallen far short of the mark. The big trust doesn't seem to care whether the present tariff rates stay or go. The fellows who do care are the smaller men—the makers of machine tools and the like, whose factories dot the country here and there, and on whose success depends the prosperity of a hundred little towns."

"In a week or ten days the tariff board will make its report on the cotton schedule, and then it will have exhausted its appropriation, or nearly so, and we shall need more money to secure a satisfactory report on the metal schedule and the chemical schedule and the sugar schedule. I don't know whether congress will give us what we need or not. I hope so, if not, the issue is sharply raised and must be fought out."

"So there you have the outlines of my tariff plan, and of the conflict between my administration and its opponents, in congress and elsewhere, on the tariff question. I am quite content to let the sober-thinking people of the United States decide between us."

FINE MUSICALE

GIVEN AT RESIDENCE OF MRS.
A. A. ROBINSON

A delightful musicalo was given last night at the home of Mrs. A. A. Robinson, 276 Pine street, under the auspices

dining room were: Mrs. C. M. Meader, Mrs. Barton, Mrs. Potter, Mrs. Bisson, Misses Florence Knowlton, Greta Cady, Charlotte Meader, Helen Stearns, Mildred Daggett, Ella Penn, Hayman, Robinson, and Florence Ramsey. The performers were Mrs. F. E. Harris and Mrs. Burton H. Wiggin, and Misses Ruby Hull, and Emily Wiggin served punch. Two pages were in constant and alert attendance upon the ladies. Wusters Milton Washburn and Chauncey Harris.

The matrons were Mrs. D. E. Tarnell and Mrs. J. T. Roy.

George H. Brown was last night tendered a surprise when a number of his friends assembled in the Tremont dining-room in Merrimack street and after partaking of a dainty luncheon presented him a gold watch and silk bow. The presentation was followed by a social time.

A LITTLE DANDERINE WILL MAKE YOUR HAIR LUSTROUS, SOFT, FLUFFY, ABUNDANT.

Get a 25 Cent Bottle Now and Forever Stop Falling Hair, Itching Scalp and Dandruff

If you Wish to Double the Beauty of your Hair in Ten Minutes surely Try a Danderine Hair Cleanse

Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a Danderine hair cleanse. Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

A delightful surprise awaits particularly those who have been careless, whose hair has been neglected or is scraggly, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff, cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

Try as you will, after one application of Danderine you cannot find any dandruff or a loose or falling hair, and your scalp will never itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yet really new hair sprouting all over the scalp. Danderine makes the hair grow long, heavy and lustrous and we can prove it. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it surely get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine from any druggist or toilet counter, and just try it.



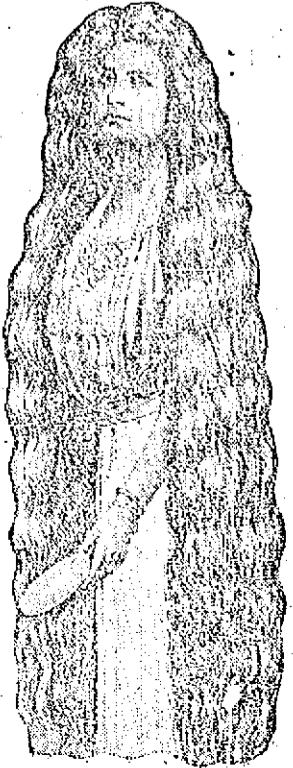
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

will help you, as they have helped others.

Good for all kinds of pain. Used to relieve Neuralgia, Headache, Nervousness, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Kidney Pain, Lumbago, Locomotor Ataxia, Backache, Stomachache, Coughs, Irritability and for pain in any part of the body.

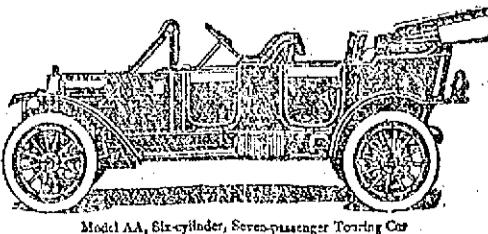
"I have always been subject to neuralgia and have suffered from it for years. While visiting my son and suffering from one of the old attacks, he brought me a box of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I used them as directed and after taking them it was the first time in years the neuralgia ceased from the use of medicine." MRS. E. O. HOWARD,
409 Greene St., Derryfield, N.H.

At all druggists. 25 doses \$2.00.
MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.



The Stevens-Duryea
is the result of Twenty
One years of Progres-
sive Development.

GEORGE R. DANA
2 TO 24 EAST MERRIMACK ST.



Stevens-Duryea Company Chicopee Falls Mass
Pioneer Builders of American Sixes

GRAND TRUNK ROAD

Plans to Build a Big Terminal
in Boston

BOSTON, March 1.—That he has a precedent for every section of the bill before the legislature authorizing the Southern New England Railway corporation to enter Boston, was the statement of President Fitch Pittsburgh, president of the Grand Trunk lines in New England yesterday afternoon to the committee on railroads.

Pres. Pittsburgh's reference to precedents was in answer to the expressions of surprise from some members of the committee at previous hearings in regard to the sweeping powers asked by the Grand Trunk's newest subsidiary. In closing his remarks he said on this subject:

"The Southern New England Railway Corporation is only asking for such privileges in Massachusetts as we have enjoyed in other states and in the Dominion of Canada. We have a precedent for everything that is asked for in our bill. Such powers are not new in the west or the east either, and they are very important for any transportation line that will serve you well."

Pres. Pittsburgh revealed some of the plans of his railroad if it is allowed to extend its lines to Boston.

"In connection with the building of our line to Boston from the north and south," he said, "if our intention, if the legislature gives us the right, to connect these two lines by what may be termed an outer belt line. In other words, together with other railroads with which we may form a connection, we hope to reach every industry in the city of Boston, of course offering reciprocal advantages to all other existing railroads."

"We desire to own stock in terminals and terminal railroads in order that all the lines may come in one terminal and become one great terminal railroad in the city of Boston. That is what lies in our minds as to future development."

Concerning the proposed acquisition of docks, he said: "We are heartily in accord with the state of Massachusetts adopting the policy of owning the docks. We simply ask this right in order that if the state does not acquire the docks of Boston we may get docks ourselves. We simply wish to protect that traffic which comes to us." "We hope, however," he added, "that we may arrange a satisfactory agreement with the great lines now running

**FRIDAY and
SATURDAY**

**ANY
Trimmed Hat**
In our store, each 98c

**ANY
Untrimmed Hat**
In our store, each 10c

Head & Shaw
THE MILLINERS
35 JOHN STREET.

**THE D. S. O'BRIEN CO. LABEL
GUARANTEES VALUE**

**THE FIRST WORD ON THE SPRING STOCKS,
THE LAST WORD ON STYLE FOR MEN**

**STEIN-BLOCH TOP COATS
AND RAGLANS**

Just in—smart and sensible—Fancy Cheviot fabrics in gray and tan mixtures—

\$20.00, \$22.50 and \$25.00

NEW SPRING HATS

From Stetson and other makers—derbies, soft fur and cloth hats—smart shapes—

\$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$3.50

NEW MANHATTAN SHIRTS

The best known—known as the best—a choice selection of madras, percale and silk shirts—every color guaranteed—

\$1.50, \$2.00 to \$3.50

D. S. O'BRIEN CO.

The Smart Clothes Shop

222 MERRIMACK STREET.

NIGHT OF RIOTING

Burning and Looting
Continued in Peking

LONDON, March 1.—The situation in Peking this morning was much calmer according to the Exchange. The night of rioting, started from 10 o'clock, burning and looting continued more or less actively throughout the morning hours, however. In the course of the night, however, the Japanese subjects were wounded, but there are thus far no reports of any casualties among the foreigners. The property of persons of all nationalities, outside the foreign quarter, was also heavily damaged at the hands of the rioters. It was reported that there was trouble during the night at Feng-Tai, 22 miles from Peking. Japanese troops, it is said, destroyed the railway station there.

SITUATION NOT SO SERIOUS

LONDON, March 1.—The British foreign office received a despatch this morning from Sir John Jordan, British minister of Peking, indicating that the outbreak in Peking itself was of a sporadic character and inflicting such a terrible view of the situation that the grave fear experienced by the first despatches received here has been greatly allayed.

Sir John called Yuan Shih Kai has notified the foreign legations that only two regiments stationed in Peking are concerned in the rioting and that he is confident that he will be able to control the situation. The British minister said that the damage in the Tung-tien city is not nearly so great as was at first reported. Sir John has not asked for troops to act as legion guards so the British government does not contemplate the despatch of more troops to Peking. The British government considers that Sir John Jordan's report is so favorable that it eliminates further necessity for the continuation of any international action roads to the occupation by foreign troops of Peking.

MORE LOOTING TODAY



Saturday Until 12 O'Clock
Noon
REGULAR 25¢ CAKES

LONDON, March 1.—Throughout the day looting of stores and residences has been going on in many parts of the city and there have been several skirmishes between the loyal troops and the mutineers in the outskirts. The majority of the mutineers, however, had left the central districts before morning.

MAY LOSE AN EYE**Boy Injured in a Coasting Accident**

Wilfrid Cessette, aged 10 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Emile Cessette, of 81 Ford street, met with a painful accident yesterday afternoon while coasting in Perkins street, and the boy might lose one eye.

The little chap, with several other boys was coasting in back of the old red shop in Perkins street on a hill which is pretty steep. The runners of his sled struck a rock, which caused the sled to turn away from its course. The boy struck his head against a tree and a wire sticking out of the ground stuck in the corner of his eye.

No one picked up in a semi-conscious condition and removed to his home, where a doctor was called. The little fellow also received a bad gash on the head.

GEORGE GROSSMITH**A WELL KNOWN ENGLISH ACTOR,
IS DEAD**

GROSVENOR STONE, England, March 1.—George Grossmith, senior, one of the best known English actors and public entertainers, died here today in his 65th year.

George Grossmith, senior, who started his career as a police court reporter, made his first appearance before the public as an amateur actor and was so successful that he decided to become a professional entertainer. For several years he confined himself to giving bantering recitals with his own musical accompaniment but then went on the regular stage. He made such a hit that he was engaged by D'Oyly Carte to play the leading parts in most of the Gilbert and Sullivan comic operas. In 1888 he returned to the humorous recital platform and since then had been touring continually in Great Britain, Ireland, the United States and Canada. He was the composer of hundreds of songs and sketches.

DEATHS

RONDRAU—Beatrice, infant daughter of Joseph and Aurore Rondrau, aged 1 day, died today at the home of her parents, 150 Salem street.

BOURNE—Mrs. Margaret Bourne, died yesterday in Taunton, aged 59 years. Her body will be brought to this city today by Undertakers C. H. Molloy & Sons.

COLOCVAPES—Mella Colocvapes, infant son of Louis and Pota Colocvapes, died yesterday at the Lowell Hospital, aged two months. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertakers C. H. Molloy & Sons.

SMITH—Edward Smith, an old resident of this city, died yesterday afternoon at the Chestnut Street hospital at the age of 69 years. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker William H. Saunders in Third street.

KELLEHER—William Kelleher, son of Thomas and Bridget Kelleher, died yesterday at the Lowell Hospital, aged two years, 11 months and 25 days. Besides his parents, he is survived by three brothers, Thomas, Frank and Daniel Kelleher; also three sisters, Sarah, Helen and Vera. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertakers C. H. Molloy & Sons.

CORBIN—Mrs. Rebecca H. Corbin, an old resident of this city, died yesterday at her home, 173 Hillcrest street, aged 21 years.

HYDE STILL UNCONSCIOUS

The condition of John J. Hyde, foreman of the Home Electric company, who was driving the automobile which collided with a car in Lawrence street about 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning, remains unchanged. At the time of going to press this afternoon he was still unconscious.

MARRIAGE INTENTION

The following marriage intention was registered at the city clerk's office this forenoon:

Walter Fair, 31 machinist, 15 St. Germain street, Boston, Mass., and Helen M. Wood, 27, stenographer, 115 Hell street.

ACTOR A SUICIDE

**SIMON F. CAIRNES JUMPED FROM
HOTEL WINDOW**

BOSTON, March 1.—The placing of his aged mother in an old women's home caused the suicide of Simon F. Cairnes, an actor, who formerly lived at 25 Corey street, Charlestown, who yesterday jumped from a sixth story window of the Commonwealth hotel, 60 feet to the ground. He was taken to the Relief hospital, where he died.

Cairnes had been in Brooklyn the

past week.

"How much did you get from Spa-

**PERFECT
SODA**

Made Right
and Sealed
Right
**HOT DUTCH
CHOCOLATE**
With
Whipped
Cream
**FRESH
STRAWBER-
RY COLLEGE
ICE** 10c

HALL & LYON CO.
OF NEW ENGLAND
APOTHECARIES
NATIONAL
CIGAR
STANDS

David L. Duggett, Pres.

Treat the folks
to a box of
**LEGGETT'S
CHOCO-
LATES**

The Sweetest
Story Ever
Told.
30c The
Pound
40c The
Half

SPECIAL!

Saturday Until 12 O'Clock
Noon
REGULAR 25¢ CAKES

IVORY SOAP

OUR CUT PRICE—
3 Cakes for 10c

SPECIAL!

Regular 25¢ Dot-
ice 100 2-grade

**QUININE
PILLS**

Tomorrow Only 15c

SPECIAL SALE!**"Intense" PERFUMES**

ALWAYS SOLD AT 50¢ PER OZ. 39¢ Per
OUNCE SALE PRICE TOMORROW.....

Your choice of ten delightful odors—Violet, Helio-
trope, Jasmine, Rose, Peau d'Espagne, Chimes, Treble,
Carnation, Crabapple and White Lilac.

A FRESH SHIPMENT JUST
RECEIVED OF

**DELICIOUS
MAPLE SUGAR**

Pure and wholesome. Made
from the pure Maple Sap—
that's all.

25c a Pound
13c a Half Pound

SPECIAL!

Regular 25¢ Dot-
ice 100 2-grade

**CASCARA-
SAGRADA
TABLETS**

Tomorrow Only 15c

SATISFACTION

Think what it means to be served as YOU want to be served—that's HALL & LYON'S way. Pleasant, intelligent clerks, prompt to wait on you, and every comfort and convenience for making your shopping enjoyable. We find a pleasure in entering to your wants and always offer you goods of the very highest quality and reliability. Remember, our Cut Prices are never undersold.

**A
Great
All Year
Round
Tonic**

**Revall
Beef, Iron & Wine**

An excellent appetizer and invigilator. Nothing better for persons who are tired out and are suffering from a run-down constitution.

Full Quart 90c Regular 84.25
Bottle for Value

We will cheerfully refund your money if this medicine fails to benefit you.

SEVERE COUGHS THAT HANG ON

ARE POSITIVELY DANGEROUS AND SHOULD BE
CURED WITHOUT DELAY.

We Recommend That You Get a Bottle of

**FRESHLY PREPARED
EMULSION****COD LIVER OIL**

An old-fashioned reliable remedy, recommended by physicians and sold by us for a quarter of a century. It thoroughly cures the cold or cough and builds up the body, bringing permanent health and strength. Unlike many emulsions, this is 75c

pleasant to taste. Price, per bottle

Delicious Candies**SPECIAL VALUES FOR TOMORROW**

DELICIOUS 40¢
MATINEE
PEPPERMINT PATTIES
TOMORROW A POUND 29c

SPECIAL!

Regular 25¢ New England
TOILET WATERS

SPECIAL TOMORROW 39c
THE REG. SIZE & 50¢

SPECIAL TOMORROW 50¢

The odors are fragrant and lasting. Let the clerk demonstrate.

**EXTRA SPECIAL!
FRESHLY MADE
FRUIT AND NUT
CREAM BON BONS**

Thirty different kinds. No better ever sold at 50¢ a pound.

OUR PRICE TOMORROW, A LB. 50c

**DELICIOUS
CHOCOLATE CREAM
RAISINS**

40¢ QUALITY
TOMORROW, A LB. 29c

REGULAR 60¢

**MILK CHOCOLATE
HONEY NOUGATINES**

EXTRA SPECIAL
A POUND 29c

SPECIAL!

REGULAR 10¢ HEAVY
TURKISH
FACE CLOTHS

4 for 25c

A Good Opportunity for You to Stock Up

SPECIAL!

YOUR CHOICE OF OUR
REGULAR 25¢ FRENCH

TOOTH BRUSHES

TOMORROW ONLY, EACH 17c

**WE ARE DISTRIBUTING THE
DURHAM-DUPLEX
DEMONSTRATION****RAZORS**

Complete With One
Blade, ready for use 35c

INNES MAKES DENIAL**Says He Did Not Furnish Money
for Seaver Campaign**

BOSTON, March 1.—All the evidence

Caillored Costumes Less Somber In Color This Spring



WHITE SERGE COSTUMES IMMENSELY SMART.

SPRING styles are going to add another trial to the already long list of sartorial troubles of the woman burdened with too solid flesh, for the new spring tailored suits are of light colored cloth. But now that hips have been sternly repressed and avoidupsols has in many cases yielded to heroic fasting and exercise an era of light-toned tailored costumes may not be the distressing thing it would have been, but there are still plenty of women who will do well to cling to dark shades. Indeed, all in-

dications point to a season of costumes less somber in hue than those of last year. Light shades of lawn and sand and brown and gray and charming suitings in all the light tones are now to be seen in the shops. There are many attractive possibilities among the light-toned fabrics, and all the whipcord varieties of cloth and the Bedford cords are much approved of fashion this season. In soft two-toned lawns and light grays these materials make up delightfully into coat and skirt suits for early spring wear. There

are, too, charming loose woven diagonals and basket weaves in these mixtures, and of serges fine and soft there is no end.

A very lightweight covert cloth is

finding acceptance in Paris, and it is both practical and good looking. Years ago when this cloth was popular many women objected to it on account of its heavy weight. This objection has been overcome by the present covert cloths, which are light in weight and color,

Very Lightweight Covert Cloth Is Indorsed
by Parisian Tailors—A Great Season
For White Fabrics



PRETTY EASTER SUIT OF VIOLET CLOTH.

TOUCH OF COLOR BRIGHTENS THIS SPRING SUIT.

THE SHAMPOO QUESTION

THE shampoo question is to be treated from many standpoints. Some skilled hair doctors say it should be done once in six weeks; others advocate half that time as the limit to go unshampooed. Of course, every one knows that oily hair must be washed often than dry hair. The way to dress it at night has also been disputed. "Loosely braid it," cries one adviser. "Tightly braid it" declares another. "If it is in loose strands one hair will brush against and brush another."

There is one treatment that few heads enjoy as much as they should—namely, an airing. Once a day, for an hour if possible, it should hang and float and stray and do all the pretty poetic things a breeze can help it to do.

Twice a week the following is good for the scalp: Combs and parts the hair from the middle of the forehead (where the bad little girl's curl came) to the middle of the nape of the neck. Divide each side into three strands, then roll each strand into a tight coil, secured with a hairpin. This will expose the scalp, or a great part of it, to the air, always a remedial agent when the temperature permits. Zero weather is not the best time, of course, to sit with one's hair so coiled by an open window.

One advantage of the work is that it is quickly done and when finished is very attractive.

ARTISTIC TABLE COVER

THE woman who is interested in needlework as employment for the long winter evenings will enjoy making a table cover or scarf of monk's cloth appliquéd with linen figures.

Cut the cloth the size you desire of a very dark green shade and baste in a two-inch hem all around for a square cover—and at each end on a scant portion opening over a petticoat of gray satin, and the same gray satin appears on the revers of the coat. The hat is cerise straw trimmed with white and black. CATHERINE TALBOT.

stuff for trimmings on tailored coats. Too much popularity before the season is well under way is apt to make collar and cuffs of this material not desirable for the woman who likes exclusive trimmings. Leather trimmings are the swaggers things this year, and when the leather is soft and pliable it is treated to an embroidered design.

Big revers or collars figure upon many of the best looking models in spring tailor made suits, some originality in the collar in many instances constituting the costume's only claim to distinction. But, on the other hand, one often finds a suit of this type which is collarless, the model usually crossing in front to fasten down the left side, giving more or less of the Russian effect.

It is to be a great white season; but, strangely enough, all the white fabrics have a tinge of ecru or cream in their coloring, and in sheer materials they tone toward a yellowish tint. For the tailored suit cream serge is very smart with a touch of black in the coat trimmings. But white corduroy is the swaggers thing.

The newest short coats show the cut-away effect, some models having only a slight departure from the more usual straight closing, but others are cut away abruptly in front. Short cutaway coat lines are not for every figure, however fashionable they may become. Where the hips are small enough they are very becoming, but on a dumpy, stout woman the silhouette is grotesque.

Coat sleeves in the more severely tailored modes are, of course, long, but more dressy models show the three-quarter sleeve, which is very dressy and pretty for warm weather.

Skirts, despite the rumors of more fullness, are tight and slim in outline, but they are not as severely plain as have been the winter models. Straps, buttons and trimmed panels give variety to many of the smartest spring models. As for length, they are not so short that from a distance a woman might reasonably be mistaken for her sixteen-year-old granddaughter, but they do clear the ground about two inches, or three in some cases. Trotting skirts are naturally shorter than the skirt designed for occasions when a tailor made suit is in order.

A stunning white serge suit is pictured among the cuts. It will figure prominently in the Easter parade. It has a slashed tunic and a short, straight coat trimmed with black velvet closely soutachéed with white.

Another smart Easter suit is illustrated of a new material consisting of a mohair in worsted weave which is much favored by Paris tailors. The color is a rich violet, the beauty of tone being enhanced by trimmings of silver braid and facings of gray bengaline. Hat and parasol are in shades of violet.

A touch of color brightens many of the smartest spring suits and proves a dominant note in the pretty little suit of pale gray worsted that is illustrated. This note is accomplished by the aid of the chiffon cape collar, which is in a vivid shade of cerise. Black velvet trimmings on the dove gray material somewhat soften the effect of this cerise color contrast, but the effect is striking and undeniably attractive.

The skirt has a peculiar cut, the front portion opening over a petticoat of gray satin, and the same gray satin appears on the revers of the coat. The hat is cerise straw trimmed with white and black. CATHERINE TALBOT.

VERY STYLISH SUMMER FROCK

THIS hat worn with this pretty lin-gerie frock is a parma model faced with black and trimmed with green and white ribbon. To match



NEW RETICULE WITH HAT TO MATCH.

There is a smart reticule made of very wide Dresden ribbon in shades of plum and green, with a frilling and loops of green ribbon in narrow width.

MAKING JABOTS

MANY of those who admire the fancy neckwear and dainty jabots with frills and lace to be seen in the shops may not know that some of these designs can be copied quite easily.

To make one of white and pale pink linen take a triangular piece of pink linen and apply to the white by means of a row of buttonhole stitching. Groups of coin spots are then worked on the linen, and a narrow lace edging is sewed around the linen, which is then laid in narrow plait and stitched in place.

An oblong piece of fine white cotton voile with a pointed end has three tiny thread tucks on the point run by hand. Wide lace is then sewed fast to the edge, with the corners mitred where the point turns. This is then laid in a triple box plait, the straight edge turned over and sewed down and a row of small black satin buttons sewed down the center.

From the topmost button two little inverted revers of black satin extend halfway to the point. This makes a novel looking jabot.

The jabot of embroidery, net and Irish lace is very elaborate, but with little trouble it can be made at home.

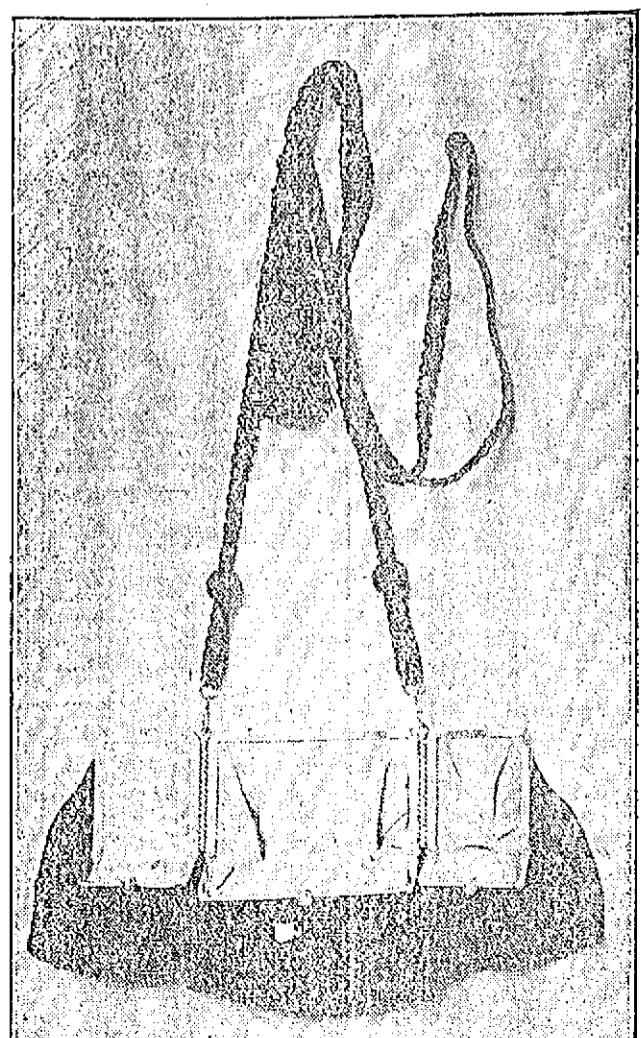
Not the Right Kind

A YOUNG bachelor, who was beset by a sewing machine agent, told the latter that his machine would not answer his purpose.

"Why," said the agent with voluble praise, "it is the best on the market in every respect."

"That may be," replied the supposed customer, "but the sewing machine I am looking for must have flaxen hair and blue eyes."

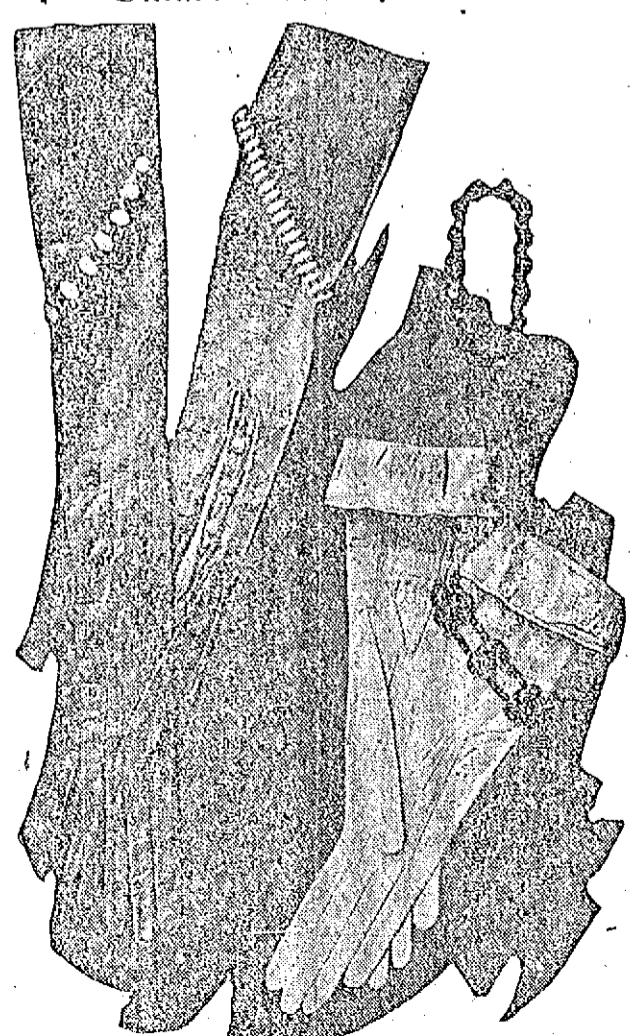
The Latest In Hand Bags



A CONVENIENT LIMOUSINE NOVELTY.

THIS bag may be limousined in the hand when desired, but it is really intended for use in the limousine, where it hangs for ready convenience. The large center pocket will hold various belongings, and the side pockets are for vanity trinkets and handkerchiefs.

Smart Glove Newness



THE BRACELET GLOVE.

WHITE BLOUSES WILL BE POPULAR

THERE is to be a revival in white, now frill of lace down each side of the blouses for the spring, according to fashion reports from Paris. The lace is nearly to the wrists. The other, in smartly dressed woman in tailored costume, immureselfe de sole, had a deep hemline, to have a blouse of snowy lawn, with long sleeves ruffled at the wrists and high collar, in place of the Simon design, to tone with the costume of the present season.

After having stoutly insisted on blouses of the latter type for some seasons back Parisians have already gone over to white and cream blouses entirely, the models being in fine net, delicately embroidered and trimmed with lace and fine tucks or fine lawn with similar trimmings.

Blouses in white lawns and nets are being worn in Paris even with the heaviest of velvet or tweed costumes, and there are many smart designs in white satin, white mousseline de sole or white crêpe.

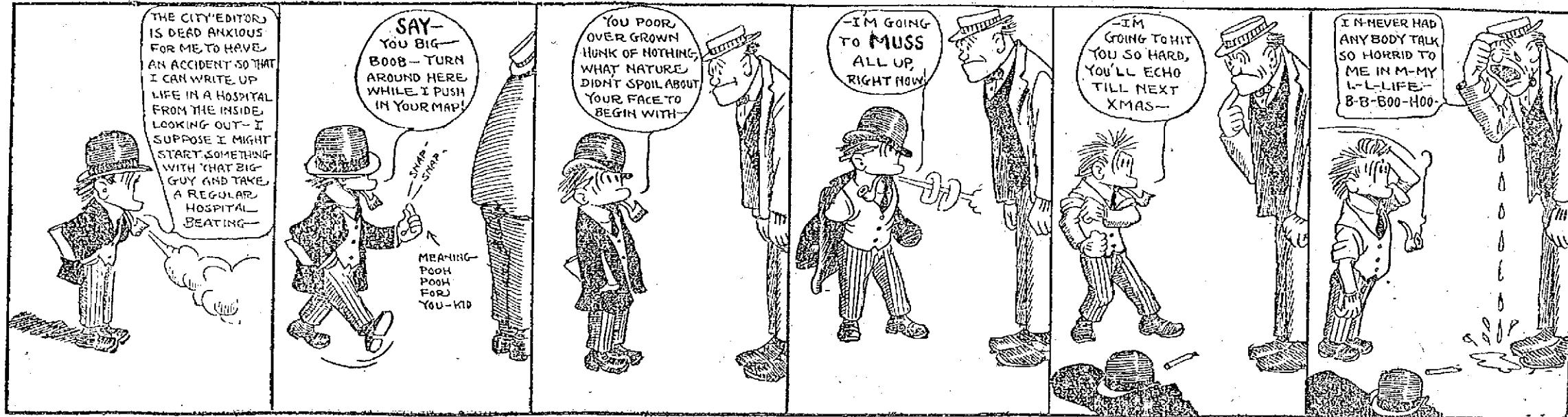
Two Parisian ideas of the white blouse for tailor made were seen recently. In one design of fine lawn, incised with insertion and trimmed with tucks and embroidery, there was a nar-

Nearly all the blouses in Paris have high collars, and very often plaited rolls of the materials fall over the hands from the long sleeves. Sometimes the high collars have a frill of lace along the top, but this fashion is only becoming to a few.

The satin blouses are mostly tailored, though they have none of the severity once associated with the word tailor made. They have long sleeves and tucked shoulders and yokes, some being softened in one way or another by dainty little frills of net or lace.

Some of the lawn blouses have lace and hand embroidery introduced in the frills and collars, but many are severely simple, though fine, and here again one finds the models with adjustable collars, allowing for the use of separate stocks and frills.

SCOOP EXPLODES ANOTHER WHITE HOPE—NO CHANCE TO CALL THE AMBULANCE



TWO GIRLS SENTENCED

They Came from Manchester and Led Dissolute Lives

Rose Hamel, aged 17 years, and Amy Malloux, aged 18 years, were arrested in a room in a tenement at the corner of Market street and Cummings' Alley yesterday afternoon on a warrant charging them with being lewd and wanton persons in speech and behavior. After being brought to the police station it was found that the Hamel girl was the one whom the Huel girl had been looking for since last November for having robbed a man of \$120, therefore an additional complaint was preferred against her. The arrests were made by Inspectors Walsh, LaRousse and McCloskey and Patrolman Abbott.

When arraigned in police court this morning the Hamel girl was charged with being a lewd person and also with the larceny of \$120 from the property of John Flaherty. She pleaded guilty to both complaints and the Malloux girl pleaded guilty to being a lewd person.

Despite the fact that the Hamel girl is 17 years old she has been married for some time and her husband at the present time is serving time in Manchester for stabbing a man. Last November Mr. and Mrs. Hamel occupied a room in Tyler Street and they managed to entice Flaherty into the house and when he left he was minus his roll of \$120.

The Malloux girl belongs in Concord, N. H., but of late has been in Manchester, N. H. She testified that she and Mrs. Hamel came to this city a week ago today and engaged a room at 27 Central street and later moved to Market street where they were arrested. Both girls showed signs of dissipation and the fingers of the right hand of each were stained with nicotine, showing that they are cigarette smokers.

Questioned by the court relative to the company she kept the Malloux girl said that her steady is in jail in Manchester, serving time for larceny.

The court after considering the case found Mrs. Hamel guilty and ordered her committed to jail for six months and the Malloux girl was sentenced to three months in jail.

Returned to Charlestown

Henry L. Friesell was charged with failing to provide for his wife but when the police learned that the defendant was a deserter from the United States navy it was decided not to press the matter but return the man to the Charlestown navy yard. It appears that Friesell deserted his boat at Portsmouth, N. H., and came to this city, where he was arrested on an old warrant.

B. F. Keith's

Theatre

THE TEN DARK KNIGHTS

MOTT & MAXFIELD
WESTON, FIELDS AND
CARROLL

STEINERT TRIO

ESTELLE WORDETTE & CO.

HUGEL & TAYLOR

THE GREAT KREIGER

HELEN NORMO

All Are Big Hits.

MERRIMACK

SQUARE THEATRE
Where Everybody Goes

The Famous Brothers Byrne
Presenting "A Carriage Ride and Its Mishaps."

"THE SONGFEST"

Given by Anna McMahon, May
Monahan, C. W. Brady.

JIMMIE VALENTINE

ACADEMY

By the Flatfield
Stock Co.
Addie St. Alva
Character Comedienne

Prior and Addison
Singers, Talkers,
Dancers, Musicians

Drunken Offenders

Patrick V. McCarthy and William Kelly, charged with being drunk, pleaded guilty and each was ordered to pay a fine of \$5. There was one first offender who was fined \$2.

Assault and Battery

Samuel Taylor was charged with assault and battery on Charles Sharf and after a short hearing the defendant was found guilty and a fine of \$7 imposed. Daniel J. Donahue appeared for the government and the defendant was represented by James H. Carmichael.

Mr. Sharf conducts an ice cream store at the corner of School and Pawtucket streets and according to his testimony Taylor was employed by him. Tuesday morning he left word to have one of the employees shovel the snow off the sidewalk and Taylor tackled the job. When Sharf came back later in the morning he did not like the manner in which the sidewalk had been cleared and remonstrated with Taylor. He admitted that an argument followed and when the two went into the store, Taylor struck him, breaking his glasses and causing him to fall to the floor, after which Taylor jumped on him and punched him.

John Brennan, another employee, corroborated the testimony offered by the complainant.

Mr. Taylor said he had carried out instructions relative to the removing of the snow as best he could but inasmuch as the snow was very hard he decided to leave a portion of the walk unshoveled until the sun made the snow softer. He testified that Mr. Sharf swore at him for the manner in which he was doing the work and called him vile names. Later he said Mr. Sharf pushed him and he lost his head and struck Sharf.

Levin McLean, aged 12 years, said he heard Mr. Sharf call the defendant vile names.

ROOSEVELT MEETING

TO BE HELD AT NEWARK, N. J., THIS EVENING

NEWARK, N. J., March 1.—Gov. Stubbs of Kansas, Governor Bass of New Hampshire and Gov. Carey of Wyoming were announced today as principal speakers at the Roosevelt mass meeting to be held here tonight.

ORDERS HIS COFFIN

Man Says He Expects to Use it Soon

Ordering a coffin before one dies is very seldom done, but this is what occurred last night when a stranger called at A. Archibald's undertaking room in Merrimack street, paid \$5 down for a casket and said he would pay so much a week. He also made the remark that he probably would soon use the casket.

At nine o'clock last night a fine appearing man entered the funeral parlor of Undertaker Archibald and

SPECIAL SALE

500 Regal and Marvel Fountain Pens, each.....**25c**

A limited number of Self-Fillers at**39c to 49c**

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

Julia Collier, Prop. and Mgr.

3 DAYS Commencing Friday

Marine Saturday Ed. W. Rowland and Edwin Clifford

(Inc.)

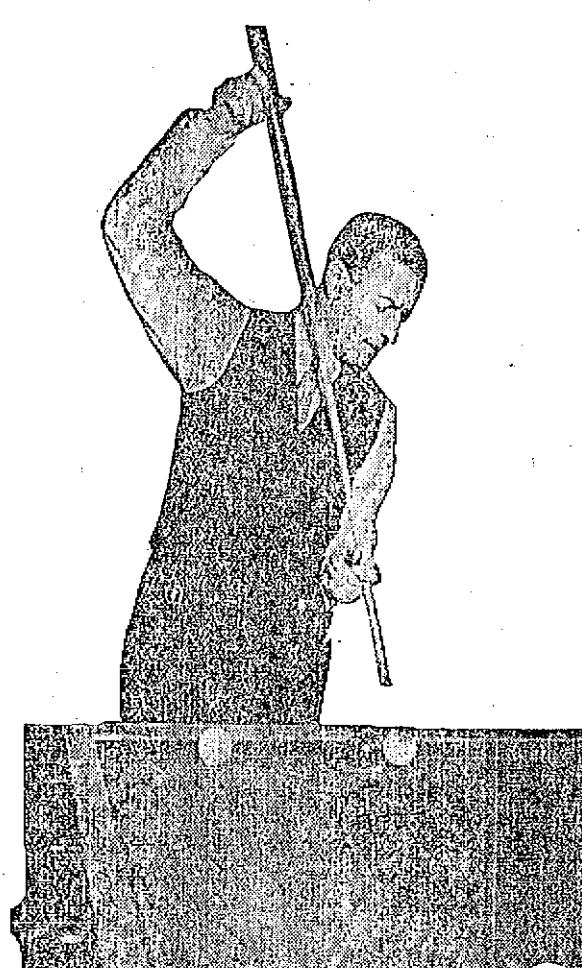
"The Rosary"

By Edward E. Ross Boston

Prices—Night, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.

Matinee, 10c, 25c, 50c. Seats on Sale

4



POGGENBURG, AMATEUR BILLIARD CHAMPION, WILL COMPETE IN EUROPEAN TOURNEY

NEW YORK, March 1.—J. E. Poggensburg, who captured the title of international amateur champion at 18.1 ball line billiards at the tournament held in this city recently, will participate in the European championship

18.2 ball line tourney to be held in Paris beginning March 15. Poggensburg will compete as a representative of the National Association of American Billiard Players. It will be the first time an American has taken in the French tournament.

asked to be shown the caskets. The

\$150 and that made him smile.

undertaker thinking someone was dead took the stranger to his show room and displayed a number of coffins at different prices.

The man after looking

them over carefully, selected a golden oak casket, sofa model, with

silk and chiffon trimmings and asked

that it be put away as he was going

in a short time.

He was then informed the price was

for a receipt. The undertaker refused

to pay it by weekly installments.

He was then informed the price was

to take the money, but the man in-

quired, "Who is dead?"

the undertaker answered the pur-

chaser, "No one,"

"This casket is for me. I will

give you five dollars down and pay

the balance in weekly payments, and I

assure you it will be paid for in a

short time and will probably be useful

in a short time."

Then he placed

a five dollar bill on the desk and asked

to pay it by weekly installments.

He was then informed the price was

to take the money, but the man in-

quired, "Who is dead?"

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16 PAGES 1 CENT

THE APPROPRIATIONS Voted by the Municipal Council at Meeting Yesterday

The following tables show the city's finances, the estimates and appropriations for the year together with the expenditures of last year. The biggest cut is in the street department estimate, but that department will be allowed to borrow for permanent improvements and if the suggestions offered by Alderman Barrett at yesterday's meeting are adopted there will be lots of work for street laborers and others when the season opens.

The street department estimate was cut from \$250,000 to \$140,000 and Alderman Brown, who has charge of that department, says that the amount allowed him is not sufficient to keep the streets in proper condition.

CITY'S FINANCIAL STATUS

Amount to be raised by Taxation.....	\$1,410,100.00
Estimated Department Revenue	470,300.00
Appropriated for Departments.....	\$1,880,400.00
Fixed Charges.....	\$1,430,146.00
Total Estimated Revenue.....	1,880,400.00
Total Appropriations	1,879,415.00
To Credit of General Fund.....	\$ 951.00
Fixed Charges:	
City Debt	\$278,799.23
Interest	140,000.00
Sinking Funds	30,500.00
Total	\$119,299.20

Department	Estimated	Voted Amount of Cut
Public Safety	\$401,951.62	\$362,655.00
Finance	62,362.18	56,740.00
Streets and Highways.....	419,201.37	268,500.00
Fire and Water	431,105.05	415,455.98
Buildings and Licenses	156,982.70	136,936.00
Education	438,000.00	399,500.00
Socials, Council	14,500.00	14,500.00
Totals	\$1,924,052.92	\$1,063,849.98
		\$270,202.94

ALLOWED THE DEPARTMENTS

Assessors	Expended 1911	Estimated	Voted
Auditor	\$ 15,344.65	\$ 14,453.60	\$ 14,500.00
Buildings	5,956.75	6,881.00	6,000.00
Charity, Hospital	23,565.41	26,172.70	21,000.00
Charity, O. D. Relief	62,876.76	66,446.50	50,000.00
Cemeteries	42,652.43	39,113.00	33,000.00
City Clerk	8,730.32	8,000.00	8,000.00
City Messenger	6,805.18	7,638.00	7,300.00
City Sealer	18,568.31	18,600.00	18,000.00
City Treasurer	2,630.00	2,300.00	2,300.00
City Weigher	15,344.65	14,453.60	11,500.00
Elections	810.16	810.00	810.00
Engineer	9,465.91	8,131.00	6,800.00
Fire	16,008.00	6,500.00	6,500.00
Fish Warden	176,600.88	207,401.07	191,755.00
Health	40.00	100.00	100.00
Insurance	73,425.97	80,753.52	71,000.00
Inspector of Animals	3,883.91	3,800.00	4,500.00
Inspector of Wires	510.00	510.00	510.00
Law	2,524.29	2,526.00	2,526.00
Library	15,500.00	18,000.00	14,500.00
Lighting	100,334.12	104,201.37	85,000.00
Mayer	5,083.55	4,900.00	4,900.00
Moth Extermination	8,775.62	12,000.00	8,500.00
Parks	14,314.33	20,680.15	12,000.00
Poundkeeper	5.00	5.00	5.00
Police	151,279.74	159,919.25	153,000.00
Registrars	5,172.74	5,053.00	4,000.00
Rifle Range	1,568.52	1,163.00	1,000.00
Schools	401,969.74	420,000.00	385,000.00
Schoolhouses	29,851.23	26,000.00	21,000.00
Sewer Maintenance	20,553.83	23,500.00	18,000.00
Smoke Inspector	89.80	400.00	400.00
State Aid	40,720.35	40,300.00	40,000.00
Supplies	6,874.26	7,110.85	6,610.00
Streets	214,938.09	250,000.00	140,000.00
Street Watering	20,800.30	28,000.00	19,000.00
Water Dept	227,221.61	223,703.98	223,703.98

Plus receipts.

ONE MAN WAS KILLED

PREMIER ASQUITH

Wanted Miners to Meet
Coal Owners

LONDON, March 1.—Premier Asquith today invited the miners' executive committee to meet the coal owners, but the men declined, saying they had nothing to discuss. They had, they said, placed their schedules of minimum rates on the table, and they would maintain that position until otherwise instructed by the miners.

THE PACKERS TRIAL

Was Resumed in Chicago
Today

CHICAGO, March 1.—William Fawkes, statistician for Sulzberger & Sons, was recalled to the stand in the packers' trial and questioned regarding the allowances made for by-products. He said that the test cost of Sulzberger & Sons Co. was lower than the figures used by the defendants but his company made full allowances for by-products at the current market price. This method necessitated frequent changes in the price, the defendant allowed for each by-product, the witness said.

LOWELL SOCIAL and ATHLETIC CLUB

Young Doyle vs. Young James
Young Walsh vs. Shaffer Murphy
Gardner Brooks vs. Joe Sears
Tommy Doyle vs. Young Hamilton

Mathew Hall, Friday Eve., March 1

and floral designs for all occasions, at reasonable prices. We grow them and they are always fresh and reliable.

McManmon, Florist
a PRESCOTT STREET

THE FRENCH MINERS

PARIS, March 1.—The French Federation of Miners today telegraphed to the British miners congratulations on the coal strike, adding "in a few days the French miners will strike."

LOWELL MASS. FRIDAY MARCH 1 1912

COAL MINES IDLE

1,049,407 Men are on Strike in Great Britain

LONDON, March 1.—With the exception of a few small collieries situated in isolated districts, all the coal mines of the country are idle this morning. Some of these places where work is still going on notably in Warwickshire, where 10,000 men are employed, the miners will join the strikers tomorrow.

The only mine in the country where the men have decided to remain at work and not to join the strike is a little one in northern Wales and here the mining is carried on under police protection.

An official return issued this morning estimates the number of strikers who have already laid down their tools as 1,049,407.

In most of the colliery districts the

public opinion generally endorses the government's decision to pass a minimum wage bill unless the remainder of the owners agree to that principle which has already been consented to by 60 per cent. of the employers.

The conference of the Miners' Federation adjourned after delegating the executive committee full power to continue the negotiations with the owners and to summon the conference to meet again whenever it shall be necessary. Several hundred steamers are held up at the various ports through lack of coal but the large trans-Atlantic lines assert that they are well provided with fuel.

Mr. Edward J. Rollinwell, ex-president of the chamber of commerce, made a speech that his fellow-members take an active interest in furthering the same class of work by contributing to its support.

Mr. Brewster, in starting the speaking, said that 90 per cent. of the population of the coast towns and cities in the North Atlantic states are Poles, Polish or Italian peasants, or their children. More than one-half the men of voting age, he said, in the same section of the country were born abroad. "Where you find a great economic disturbance," he said, "you find a great undigested lump in the community."

Must Not Go to Red Socialism

Owing to difference in language there is no adequate means of communication, he said, between that class of population and the local officials. In the next generation, he claimed, upward of 10,000,000 of that sort of immigrants are coming here, and are going to settle in the east. It is up to men like those he was referring to, he said, to see that they do not fall into the hands of leaders that will lead them into the ranks of red socialism or anarchism.

Mr. Marks, the next speaker, said he would have in every mill a "suggestion box," where the help could deposit written complaints or suggestions to be considered seriously by a body made up of employers, foremen and employees, and to be answered. He characterized strikes as brutal and inexcusable and spoke in favor of the Canadian labor act.

Gore Attacks Haywood

Hon. John N. Cole, while discussing the Lawrence troubles, said that "Haywood puts women bearing children in the front of a procession and begs the police to club them." Speaking of the alleged policy of the I. W. W. of taking over the operation of all mills for the benefit of the workers, he said, "I wonder what kind of a job Haywood would make of running a mill."

He said the average wage of the lowest grade of skilled labor in the mills is \$7.48 and in all the work of the mill, excepting that of salaried officials, the average is \$9.20 a week. He claimed that the above wages are much higher than are paid for similar work in any country in the world, even allowing for the difference in the cost of living.

Col. Sweetser highly praised the miners for their forbearance under trying conditions at Lawrence. He declared that no women have been clubbed or children trampled under foot by the police, or by any one else, during the strike.

Rev. Clark Carter, city missionary of Lawrence, related some of his experiences during the strike. A list of nine questions sent by W. C. Hinman to the banquet, with a challenge to each of the speakers of the evening to answer them, was practically ignored by all of them. The aim of the questions was as to whether the Lawrence strike is not due to favoritism in the tariff toward the Lawrence mills.

Continued to last page

16 PAGES 1 CENT

LAWRENCE STRIKE

Continued

COL. SWEETSER

CHEERED BY THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

DON'T BE GASHFUL

Ask for a sample of Howard's Pine-
Kalm for coughs and we'll give it to
you gratis. Enough to prove what a
really good remedy it is. Pleasant to
take and safe for children. Large bot-
tles 25¢. Howard, the Druggist, 197
Central street. (For roughness of
skin use Howard's Ilaac Cream.)

intended to advance wages until this
morning.

"I have not recovered from the sur-
prise," he added.

It was learned that Max Mitchell of
Boston and Archibald Adamson and
Thomas L. Riley, the latter two rep-
resenting the Industrial Workers of
the World, would confer with the
American Woolen Co. during the day.

A sentiment prevailed among the
operators of the Pacific cotton mills,
constituting one of the largest plants
of its kind in the country, that
commander of the militia at Lawrence
was commanding the militia at Lawrence
to meet again whenever it shall be
necessary. Several hundred steamers
are held up at the various ports
through lack of coal but the large
trans-Atlantic lines assert that they
are well provided with fuel.

"Great Undigested Lump"

The two principal speakers were
Marcus M. Marks, member of the
Roosevelt committee on Industrial
peace, and Hon. John N. Cole, ex-
speaker of the house, who spoke warmly
in behalf of the mill owners. William
M. Wood, president of the American
Woolen company, was present
though not conspicuous.

D. Chauncy Brewer, president of the
North American Civic League for Im-
migrants, presided and made a plea for
an extension of the kind of work his
organization is doing, namely, meeting
immigrants on the docks of the various
ocean ports, protecting them from
sharpers and doing what can be done
to give them a knowledge of American
institutions and ideals, and to disperse
them throughout the nation, instead of
encouraging them to congregate in
large cities.

Mr. Bernard J. Rollinwell, ex-presi-
dent of the chamber of commerce, made a
speech that his fellow-members take an
active interest in furthering the
same class of work by contribut-
ing to its support.

Mr. Whitman, president of the
Arlington corporation, whose wage an-
nouncement placed an entirely new
face on the local situation, was for
many years president of the National
Association of Wool Manufacturers and
is also prominent in the National Asso-
ciation of Cotton Manufacturers and
in the American Cotton Manufacturers
Association. He controls mills in New
Bedford and North Adams and is the
largest shareholder in the Arlington
mills. He was born at Round
Bill, Annapolis county, Nova Scotia, in
1812. He is well known as a writer
on economic subjects especially on the
tariff. His mill interests are not
connected with the American Woolen
Co., a corporation which controls more
than thirty woolen and worsted plants
in New England and New York state.

JOHN GOLDEN

SAYS A GENERAL STRIKE IS THREATENED</

THE SCHOOL CHILDREN

In This City Are Provided With Individual Towels

It has been brought to the attention of educators and others interested in school expenses by the state, Mr. Whitcomb said it ought to amount to \$5,744.56 and High school tuition, etc., will total \$7,400, making a grand total of \$13,144.66.

Asked today as to the towel supply in the public schools of Lowell, Surgt. Whitcomb said that individual towels, small hand towels such as are used in hotels and other places, are provided for the children and are distributed by the teachers or janitors. Mr. Whitcomb said that the school committee of last year was responsible for the present system of towel supply and he thought it would be impossible to improve upon it. The towels have supplied by a laundry company, said Mr. Whitcomb, and at a surprisingly low cost. The laundry company collects and delivers, and according to the superintendent, it would be pretty hard to improve upon the system of towel supply in the public schools.

Appropriation for Schools

Asked if he had anything to say relative to the appropriation for schools as allowed by the municipal council, Mr. Whitcomb said he had no facts to add. Discussing the reimbursements,

MURDER IS CHARGED

Husband and Wife Placed Under Arrest at Lewiston

LEWISTON, Me., March 1.—The known as Mary Montivano, is said to murder of an unidentified man at Bay to be an American woman whose maiden St. Paul, Que., about 50 miles north- name was Cochrane. She admitted to east of Quebec, is charged against Onofrio Rossi and his wife, who were arrested here today. The alleged murder occurred on Oct. 6th last in a lumber camp. Rossi and his wife fled and were trailed through eastern Canada and several Maine cities and towns by a Canadian government detective before they were located here. Rossi was arrested in a lumber shop in which he had secured employment and the woman was found in the tenement which they occupied.

Rossi, alias Montivano, alias Salvatore Daniels, refused to discuss the charge against him. His wife, also Quebec tonight.

MICHAEL A. LEE

Read Interesting Report to Local Carpenters

The first report of the convention of the state council of the Carpenters' union which was held in Lawrence was made by Michael E. Lee, the Lowell delegate and member of the council at the meeting of the Lowell union this week. Mr. Lee reported that the convention was one of the most successful that has ever been held by the carpenters.



MICHAEL A. LEE

ters of the state. It was decided at the meeting that the next state convention will be held in Springfield in February, 1912.

The local carpenters union, both locals 40 and 100 are in a flourishing condition and the members are anticipating much work this coming season. The locals hold meetings at the well appointed rooms of the carpenters' the Rand's building and at the present time there is considerable business under consideration. Michael Lee, the business agent of both locals is a very busy man these days making arrangements for the spring.

At the Lawrence convention many resolutions were adopted of great interest to the carpenters throughout the state. In the report that Mr. Lee made at this week's meeting he told of the great progress that has been made during the past year. One of the most important reports read at the convention was the one that announced that

during the year 22 locals were added to the council. Of this number four are in Mr. Lee's district. This is a great showing for the Lowell man and he received many words of praise at the convention.

Mr. Lee's report was as follows:

As a delegate to the convention of the state council of carpenters held at Lawrence I would report that in my opinion, it was one of the best and most instructive meetings ever held by the council. It was largely attended by fraternal delegates. The convention had the honor of the presence of four national officers, including Secretary Frank Duffy.

The roll call the afternoon of the first day was held to delegates present. On the afternoon of the first day the delegates listened to Secretary Frank Duffy who gave an account of the work of the unions throughout the country. He also answered many questions and gave some decisions. One of his decisions was to the effect that if a member of the brotherhood went into another jurisdiction to work and did not transfer, according to section 105, he loses his death benefit, should be the while in an outside jurisdiction.

Another decision was that no member of the brotherhood should use the words "scab" or "unfair contractor." Such terms should never be entered on the books, such terms or names have caused much litigation and expense to the general office. General organizer Bettiehill gave a very interesting explanation of the compensation act as applied at the present time. He is an eloquent speaker.

Brother Geo. H. Wright, fraternal delegate from the New York state council spoke concerning the conditions of trade and legislative work as carried on in that state.

A resolution was presented to the effect that an apprentice system be established at the ratio of one apprentice to six journeymen. This was referred to the executive board.

The working end question was considered.

Samuel Bettiehill gave some very good advice and suggestions, stating that funds in the district council made conditions and not the fund at headquarters.

The council made a gain of 22 locals during the year, two-thirds of all carpenters locals are now connected with the state council.

The object of the state council now is to get universal trade rules throughout the state.

The council accomplished much during the past year and spent much time trying to get all locals to act in concert.

Mr. Lee said that at the executive board meeting when nomination of committee came up he had the pleasure of getting Brother Handley of Lowell on the committee ononic respects. This is a very important committee and Mr. Handley was made secretary. Mr. Lee also had the pleasure of getting Brother J. Price on the committee on constitution.

He also read the many resolutions adopted and said that at the convention all delegates reported that the meetings were well attended.

In conclusion Mr. Lee thanked the members for the honor of representing them and the letter gave him a ringing vote of thanks.

The Wolf Tone Guards are preparing to celebrate the anniversary of their organization and of the club to be held Sunday morning at 11 o'clock it is expected that every member will be present.

Saturday Sale

On VIOLETS and JEWELS at \$1.00—Monarchs, the Birds, As we grow them and are overstocked, you get the best.

Large Bunch of Violets 50c

WAGES ADVANCED

IN MILLS OWNED BY MOSES STEVENS & SONS

HAVERHILL, March 1.—An advance in wages in the mills of this city, North Andover and Franklin, N. H., owned by the Moses Stevens & Sons Co., manufacturer of woolens, was announced today. The amount of the increase is not specified. The company employs about 2,600 hands.

There has been a strike in the Stevens Co. mills in the city for some time based on grievances over a new list of goods and pay on a wage increase. About 50 of the weavers went out but the strike did not extend to the other mills.

It is expected that the new wage schedule will assist in adjusting the difficulty.

GOV. WILSON

TO SPEAK AT MEETING IN DES MOINES

DES MOINES, Ia., March 1.—Accompanied by a party of leading Iowa democrats, Gov. John Edward Wilson is scheduled to arrive here tonight for an address in the Coliseum.

State Women Suffrage associations have appointed a committee that will submit to Gov. Wilson a letter asking for an explanation of certain statements he is credited with having made in criticism of women suffrage.

W. D. HOWELLS 70 YEARS OLD

NEW YORK, March 1.—William Dean Howells, the novelist, is quietly celebrating his 70th birthday at his home here today. To numerous friends who called to congratulate him he said he still feels young and works as hard as he did at 50. There will be a family celebration in his honor tonight, while tomorrow night his literary associates headed by Col. George Harvey will greet him.

WESTERN ECONOMIC SOCIETY

CHICAGO, March 1.—"The regulation of industrial combinations" was the theme scheduled for discussion at the sessions of the third conference of the Western Economic Society, which began here today. Among the topics of addresses were listed "regulation through trade commissions," C. C. Bartholomew of Boston, and "Trust control," Wade Hills, former attorney general of Ohio.

FUNERALS

SAVARD.—The funeral of the late Pierre Savard was held this morning from his late home, 26 Marshall street. High mass of requiem was celebrated at Notre Dame de Lourdes church at 8:30 by Rev. Leon Lanothe, O. M. I. The choir was under the direction of Mr. H. A. Racicot with Miss Alma Alexander at the organ. The bearers were Arsene Joseph and Jerry Thibault, Joseph Prevost, George Marchand and Joseph Savard. The floral tributes were as follows: Sprays, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Merrill; Rossi Brothers, H. A. Walsh, Arsene and Emma Thibault. Funeral was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Rev. Fr. Lavancier, O. M. I., recited the committal prayers at the grave. Funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker Joseph Albert.

PAULINT.—The funeral of Julius J. Paulint took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his brother, Lucius J. Paulint, 101 Livingston street, at 2 o'clock. Burial took place in the Edison cemetery in charge of Undertaker John A. Weisbeck.

COLGAN.—The funeral of the late Thomas Colgan took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers Higgins Bros. and proceeded to the Sacred Heart church where, at 9 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was celebrated by the Rev. P. Franklin Wood, O. M. I. The choir rendered the Gregorian mass. At the offering, "Pie Jesu" was sung and as the body was being borne from the church "De Profundis" was rendered by the sanctuary choir. Mr. John J. Kelly presided at the organ.

The casket was borne from the church to the hearse by the following bearers: Messrs. John McCann, Patrick French, Anthony McCarron and Frank McGrath. After leaving the church the funeral cortège proceeded to St. Patrick's cemetery, burial being in the family lot where the last sad riles of the Catholic church were read at the grave by Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O. M. I. The funeral was largely attended and under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

MCNAMARA.—The funeral of the late John J. McNamara took place this morning from the home of his sister, Mrs. Patrice Sorenson, number 179 Fayette street at 8:30 o'clock and was largely attended.

The service proceeded to the Immaculate Conception church where at 9 o'clock a funeral mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Owen McQuaid. The choir under the direction of Mr. Charles P. Smith rendered the Gregorian chant. At the of-

fice Miss Margaret Knowles rendered "O Meritum Passions" and at the conclusion the choir sang "De Profundis." Mrs. Hugh Walker presided at the organ. The bearers were: Thaddeus and John McNamara, James and Michael Kilmarin, and Thomas and John Brade. Among the many floral offerings were the following: A large pillow, "Husband" from the wife of the deceased; standing cross on base, "Our Brother" Nor and Joseph McNamara; large spray, Timothy McNamee and family; star, Mr. and Mrs. Patrice S. Sorenson; wreath, "Rest in Peace," Mr. and Mrs. John J. Tuell. The interment was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. McQuaid. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

KELCHER.—The funeral of William Kelcher took place this morning at 11 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers Charles H. Molloy & Sons and the interment was in St. Patrick's

cemetery. The funeral was private

as much as the child died of diphteria.

POLOUVARES.—The funeral of Mella Polouvaras took place this morning at 9 o'clock from the funeral parlors of undertakers Charles H. Molloy & Sons. The interment was in the Edson cemetery services being conducted at the grave.

FUNERAL NOTICE

WALTERS.—Died, Feb. 24th, at the Lowell Hospital, Miss Bertha J. Walters, aged 17 years and 27 days. Miss Walters resided at 1148 Lakeview avenue.

She is survived by her father, Joseph Walters, five brothers, George, Edward, William, Charles and Frank, and three sisters, Harriet, Matel and Lillian. Funeral services will be held at 1148 Lakeview avenue, Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice; burial private.

The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Hedley.

THE LOWELL SUN FRIDAY MARCH 1, 1912

THE SHOE STOCK OF

The 20th Century Shoe Store

F. H. Pearson Co. 120 Merrimack Street

Has Been Sold Out

THE ENTIRE STOCK ON SALE AT A FRACTION OF ITS COST

MR. I. H. MORSE, THE WELL KNOWN SHOE MAN, HAS TAKEN OVER THE STOCK AND WILL CONTINUE IT AS A CORPORATION. ALL OF THE PEARSON STOCK WILL BE CLOSED OUT TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW SPRING GOODS.

MEN'S \$3.50 and \$4 BUTTON or LACE, all styles, all leathers,

\$2.69

MEN'S \$4 TAN, PATENT CALF and KID, button or lace,

\$2.98

MEN'S \$4 and \$5 TAN and PATENT VICI and CALF, with invisible eyelets,

\$3.49

MEN'S \$5 and \$6 BLACK and TAN, all leathers, all styles,

\$3.98

HURLEY OR STETSON

LADIES' \$3, \$3.50, widths, A, B, C, sizes 2 1/2 to 4 1/2, kid, calf and patent leathers,

98c Pr.

LADIES' \$2.50, all styles, kid, calf and patent, button or lace,

\$1.79

LADIES' DOROTHY DODD, tan, kid, calf and patent, all styles, button or lace,

\$2.29

LADIES' DOROTHY DODD, button or lace, all leathers,

\$2.98

MISSES' \$2 EDUCATORS, all leathers, Goodyear welt,

11 to 2.....\$1.69

11 to 11.....\$1.49

5 to 8.....\$1.29

BOYS' \$2.50 EDUCATORS, all leathers,

I to 5 1-2.....\$2.19

II to I.....\$1.79

CHILDREN'S \$1.50 CALF and VICI, button or lace,

\$1.24

WOMEN'S FIRST QUALITY RUBBERS, with heavy rolled heels,

49c Pr.

ALL STYLES AND SIZES

DEMURRSERS WERE OVERRULED

BOSTON, March 1.—The demurrers of the investment committee of the Greenfield Savings bank, which was taken in charge by the state bank commissioner sometime ago against liability for losses on investments, were overruled today by the supreme court. The losses amounted to \$300,000, part of which was on the \$400,000 loaned on real estate in North Adams. The investment committee consisted of Robert Abercrombie, Levi J. Gunn, William A. Forbes, S. P. Blake and Charles L. Lowell, all of Greenfield. Lowell died a year ago. After taking charge of the bank, the bank committee brought suit against the committee for the losses covering a period of 18 years.

With the overruling of the demurrers the case returns to the equity session of the supreme court to be tried on its merits.

COL. FERRE WITHDRAWS RESIGNATION

HAVANA, March 1.—After a conference between Jose Miguel Gomez and the members of the cabinet at the government palace last night, Col. Orestes Ferre made the announcement that he would withdraw his resignation as representative but that he would no longer serve as speaker of the house of representatives which position he has held since the foundation of the republic. Another result of the conference is believed to be that President Gomez will recognize Alfredo Zayas, the vice president of the republic, as the presidential candidate of the liberal party.

Gentlemen=We Are Ready

WITH AS FINE A LINE OF SPRING WOOLENS as ever graced the inside of a tailor shop. All the newest and late shades of GRAY, BLUE-GRAY and BROWN EFFECTS, with the same wonderful Serges that have made BELL'S BLUE SERGE SUITS the talk of the town, guaranteed not to fade under any conditions, will stand the sun and salt sea air.

Nobody can, or does, give better woolens than Bell the Tailor, but good woolens do not make good clothes—we have a workshop of our own on the premises;

we employ only skilled master tailors; our clothes are made RIGHT, INSIDE and OUT. Every garment is cut by separate pattern, tried on

TEWKSBURY MEETING

Candidates for Town Offices Are Kept Quite Busy

All is now in readiness for the Tewksbury town meeting which will be held on Monday, March 4th. The candidates are doing their utmost to secure the votes, and the town warrant has been in shape for the past week, and the selection were this year congratulated for having things in shape as quick as they did, for generally, according to a number of residents of the town, the warrant was never in shape until the last minute.

There is great enthusiasm over the coming meeting especially in the selection contest, for each candidate is a sure winner although there are five on the list and only three to be chosen.

Buzzell King, the present chairman of the board of selection, declared he will not be a candidate for office under any consideration, al-

though many voters urged him to run again. Mr. King has served the town for the past five years in an honest and efficient way and he says it is now up to somebody else to assume the responsibilities of the town affairs.

The candidates for selection are J. K. Chandler and Harry L. Shedd, the present selection, and C. C. Waterman, Irving French and Charles D. Twiss, the latter of the north section.

The town clerk, Louis Farmer, will also be opposed, the other candidate being P. W. Cameron, and according to hearsay, chances are about even on both sides. Treasurer A. S. Moore has no opposition, while the vacancy for library trustee will be filled by either George E. Marshall or Mrs. Brooks Stevens.

The town warrant contains 33 articles, of more or less importance, among them being article 8: To see if the town will vote to sell the school house and lot in district No. 4, and appoint a committee to act thereon.

Article 10: To see if the town will vote to raise the sum of \$1145 to pay the tenth and last payment on the second Andover construction loan.

Article 11: To see if the town will vote to raise and appropriate the sum of \$100, for the proper observance of Memorial day, and appoint a committee to expend the money.

Article 12: To see if the town will vote to borrow, if necessary, a sum not exceeding one twenty-fifth of one per cent. of the current year's valuation, such sum of money to be used in the suppression of the gypsy and brown tail moths, and not to be ex-

ceeded before Dec. 1, next, and to be raised in the tax levy of the year 1912.

Article 21: To see if the town will vote to petition the railroad commissioners for a bearing relative to the extension of the transfer limit on Andover street.

Article 26: To see if the town will vote to authorize the selection to make a contract with the Lowell Electric Light Corp. for the lighting of the streets; said contract to expire at the end of five or ten years as the meeting may decide, or take any action relative thereto.

Article 31: To see if the town will adopt the following as an addition to its by-laws, to be designated as article 7 of said by-laws, or take any action relative thereto.

Section 1. Hawkers and peddlars of fruit and vegetables in the town of Tewksbury, who are not engaged in the pursuit of agriculture, are required to be licensed by the board of selectmen. But the license fee for said hawkers and peddlars shall be fixed by said board of selection at a sum not exceeding that prescribed by section 19, of chapter 65, of the revised laws and acts amendatory thereto for a license embracing the same territorial limits.

Section 2. A license under the pre-

ceding section shall be granted only to a person who is or has declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States.

Section 3. Any person who is a hawker or peddler under the provisions

of those of President Larraque are very valuable. Many sooths and smokers are being prepared in order to make it pleasant for the members who at the same time will transact business.

Mr. Melvin Rogers, Esq., who for the past few years has acted in the capacity of moderator at the town meeting will preside again this year, for he is unopposed.

Mr. H. F. Carson of the Centre was Wednesday night removed to the Lowell General hospital, where he underwent a serious operation.

Head Injured

Mr. Lewis Small, florist, suffered a painful accident Wednesday night while working in his greenhouse. One of the windows of the house suddenly closed, striking him over the eye, causing a large wound. Dr. Larraque was called and he was obliged to take several stitches in order to close the wound.

Miss Harriett G. Lee has returned from a pleasant trip to Providence. It was there she was the guest of her sister, Miss Margaret Lee, teacher at the Moses Brown School of the latter place.

Mr. H. O. Roby, who formerly occupied the property of N. F. Frost in the Centre has removed to the house formerly occupied by Mrs. Moody at Salem Junction.

Mr. A. S. Halnes, the town blacksmith, recently purchased beautiful Buick automobile, model F, two-cylinder touring car.

Mr. Henry Mason and family who, for a number of years have been residents of the town will soon remove to the Canadian northwest. Mr. A. Ord and family will also leave for the northwestern Dominion, where they will open new land and settle.

Dr. H. M. Larraque, Messrs. H. J. Farmer, A. J. Falgrave, A. S. Halnes and many other automobile owners of the village, will attend the automobile show in Boston Saturday.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

Those who complain about the decadence of the drama can offer no sound criticism of "The Rosary," which was the sensation of the popular priced houses last season. It is not a religious drama of the heavy sort, lacking in entertaining qualities. On the contrary, it is a delightful story of everyday life, in which the plot hinges upon the misery which creeps into a household through circumstances which lead to suspicion and jealousy, and of a part which a priest, Rev. Brian Kelly, plays in bringing about a correct understanding. A rosary of pearls figures in the unfolding of the plot and its final happy denouement.

The play is handsomely staged by the producers, Rowland and Clifford, and is enacted by a powerful acting cast. "The Rosary" is a play which every lover of clean and entertaining stage productions should see. Six companies, all equally formed as to strength of cast, are touring the country again this season, repeating the tremendous hit that this play made everywhere last year. It will be seen at the Opera House on March 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 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THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The average daily circulation of The Lowell Sun
for the year 1911 was

15,442

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy,
business manager, and Alfred Piotti, pressman, of The Sun, before
me, January 1, 1912. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

One of the necessary elements in school education is the cultivation of the faculty of speech. The teachers are to give more attention to articulation, pronunciation, modulation of voice and other considerations that contribute to elegance in oral expression. They are at least to insist that the pupils in speaking stand upright and open their mouths so that they may the better pronounce the words used. There are a great many boys and girls taking piano lessons who would gain more if they took lessons in vocal culture and elocution.

GRAND TRUNK OBSTACLES

The Grand Trunk railroad is finding difficulty in securing the land necessary for a route to Boston. At a hearing before the railroad committee on Tuesday the counsel for the company asked to be exempted from the operation of the law compelling a petitioner to submit a map of the route. The reason given for this proposition is that if the map were submitted now rival companies and speculators would buy up the land to put the company to vast expense or perhaps defeat the project altogether. The demand under the circumstances is not unreasonable, but the committee expressed great surprise and refused to grant it. The plan of route must be submitted by March 20 in order to be acted upon by the legislature. It would seem that the legislature does not want to help the road to enter Boston.

THE UNFAITHFUL CHAUFFEUR

When a chauffeur forms an alliance with criminals to rob his employers he should be severely punished. The taxi is a new form of public conveyance in which the passenger is to a great extent at the mercy of the chauffeur. That was illustrated in the recent New York robbery wherein as has been shown the perpetrators were not swell desperados but novices in the burglar's art. They had made some small breaks prior to the \$25,000 daylight robbery, but not enough to cause any alarm. The auto is involved as an instrument for enabling burglars to escape arrest, and the time may come when even burglars may use an aeroplane to get out of a district in which they had committed some bold robbery. The New York incident will cause a good many people to be exceedingly careful whom they employ as chauffeurs.

AGRICULTURE SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED

The state of Massachusetts is not offering sufficient encouragement to agricultural education. The people are being taught along other technical lines in which they can do nothing without the expenditure of large capital, but in the cultivation of the soil a man can start upon small capital. It does not require any large amount of money to start a poultry farm, a piggy or even the raising of cattle. With the prices of the necessities of life soaring as at present, it is high time that the state should do something to encourage all agricultural pursuits. The legislature does not seem to appreciate this public need as the other day it threw out a petition of the state board of education for an agricultural school in the vicinity of Boston. It is not presumed that such a school would be confined to Boston. That would be a convenient centre for students from cities and towns for a considerable distance around.

The time has arrived when there should be more encouragement for agricultural education and less for some other technical lines if the actual benefit of the outlay to the state as a whole is to be considered.

There are vast tracts of land available for cultivation; some rough and some already well broken and of good quality.

There are thousands of men in every city who have time enough to cultivate a piece of land near their homes or in the suburbs. Some of them would be glad to do so if they only knew how, and to educate such people in the art would prove of vast benefit to the people.

We should have more agricultural schools; we should have more lectures and evening classes upon the business of farming so that the mechanic and the mill operative who know little or nothing of the subject can learn how to raise the ordinary crops, such as potatoes, corn, cabbages, turnips, beets, lettuce, celery and other vegetables that find a ready sale in the summer.

The man who earns small wages in a mill, working 54 or 56 hours a week, would have time enough to do a little farming by which to assist in supporting himself or family; but in most cases he does not know how to begin.

The owners of land should rent it for cultivation on moderate terms, for if land be properly tilled it thereby becomes more valuable.

The cry of "back to the land" had never more force or significance in this country than at the present time. The land is the fundamental source of wealth, and it is neglected to such an extent in this state that it is no wonder the people are robbed by speculators in eggs, by the meat trust and even by the dealers in potatoes. It may be true that the supply of potatoes has run short; but that was the cry when the price went up last year and yet late in the spring and early in summer earloads of potatoes were being offered at less than half the price that prevailed during the winter. That indicated that somebody had a big store of potatoes laid away awaiting the time when the prices would reach the top note. Either the quantity in store was too great or these had been kept too long; but it frequently happens that what appears to be a real scarcity is but the effect of storing away the supply in order to put up the price. It is the usual method by which speculators and cold storage operators corner the market and compel the people to pay exorbitant prices.

In order to overcome these agencies of extortion, the people must take more to farming. There should be more farm gardens, more farms well tilled, more stock raising farms, more poultry farms, more piggeries, more slaughter houses. There is no reason why the farmers should not raise more hogs for the market, more poultry and even more beef. The people need assistance and encouragement and for both they should depend upon the legislature and the state board of education. The latter body will do its part if the legislature provides the money.

SEEN AND HEARD

How many people at the Opera house in appraising the clever character work of Mr. Arthur Lewis, in the role of Monsieur Delaney, recognized in him one of the men who opened the Lowell Opera house almost a generation ago? Mr. Lewis was the husband of Zella Tilbury whom late John Cossgrave started out with a company from Lowell playing at the Opera House at its very opening. Like old wife Mr. Lewis has mellowed with age and he divided the honors with Miss Nazimova. In Wednesday night's play two other members of the company, well known in this city, are William Hasson and Arthur Hurley, two Boston boys. Mr. Hasson will be recalled by Castle Square theatre patrons where he played for several seasons. Mr. Hurley is stage manager of the Nazimova company and hence has got an unimportant part. Both have been frequent visitors to Lowell while playing in and around Boston. Both have been with Miss Nazimova for the past three seasons.

William W. Duncan, former city solicitor, is sojourning in the sunny south and having a very delightful time. Capt. McDonald, Inspector of claims at the city collector's office, received a letter from Mr. Duncan yesterday in which the former city solicitor very cheerfully stated that he was soon to become a Benedict. He will be married March 16, and he said in his letter that he would have made it March 17, but for the fact that the 17th falls on Sunday. Mr. Duncan was at St. Augustine, Fla., when he wrote to Capt. McDonald and he was about to leave for San Mateo where he said he would remain until March 4. He said in the letter that he had not quite made up his mind as to where he would locate next. If it's just the same to him, here's hoping that he will return to Lowell.

The fine art of weaving is beautifully displayed in a picture at the Lowell Textile school. It is a woven picture and was done at the Arlington mills in Lawrence for the Columbus exposition at Chicago in 1893. It is a picture of Columbus sighting America and it was very much admired by the legislative committee on education on their visit to the school a few evenings ago. The features are plain and the color effect is excellent.

THE QUARRY
'Twas leap year and the guarded youth
All timidly drew nigh.
She was scarcely lass in a sooth,
With determined eye,
Her father half way up the stair
Beheld her mother sat,
With notebook to lay down with care
The bits of parlor chat.

Behind the screen a telephone
On duty held its place,
A dictograph each tender tone.
Was then prepared to trace,
But ah, what youth, with hat in hand,
Had grown surprising shy!
He simply said, "Good evening," and
"I'll have to go. Goodby."

—Washington Star.

O. S. Mardon was talking about his specially success.

Boston Herald: "The Outlook's" comparison of Mr. Roosevelt's declining the third term while still president, and his feeling differently toward it, now, with the man who refused a second cup of coffee for breakfast afterward taking one at another time the day, recalls to an interested reader of this column the experience of a patron of a restaurant who called for "cold rice," and was told by the waiter that it was all out. He ordered something else, but soon saw a man at an adjoining table ask for cold rice and receive it promptly. When the first customer called on the waiter, in some indignation, for an explanation, the aged servitor explained, "such rice as we had has cooled off since you put it in your order."

CUT APART OR BOUND TOGETHER

Lynn Item: That Secretary Knox in his Panama address said that the division of two continents by a huge canal "brought the nations together with a force no power can break." A figure of speech, of course.

AEROPLANE FOR BURGLARY

Fall River Globe: The criminal class are always quick to avail themselves of new scientific discoveries and inventions which can be employed to advantage in their business. The automobile has become quite a common accessory in their nefarious activities and among the speakers expected are the archbishop of Canterbury, Prof. Edward Dawden, Sir Oliver Lodge, Arthur C. Benson, William Watson, and the bishop of Ripon.

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Marriage customs

DAYLIGHT LIQUOR BILL

Discussed at Public Hearing at the State House

BOSTON, March 1.—The merits and demerits of the so-called "daylight" liquor bill presented on petition of Frederick Fosdick of Fitchburg and sponsored by the Anti-Saloon league were discussed at length at the state house yesterday before the committee on liquor laws.

The proponents of the bill, which provides that nowhere in the commonwealth shall liquor be sold before 8 o'clock in the morning, were heard at the morning session. The opposition went on and the hearing was closed in the afternoon.

The hearing was conducted for the petitioner by A. J. Davis of the Anti-Saloon league. The opposition was represented by Jas. R. Nicholson and William E. Weld for the brewers' association of Massachusetts and other organizations; Edward A. McLaughlin for the Massachusetts Wholesalers association and John Weaver Sherman for organized labor.

Practically but one reason was advanced in favor of the measure by the Anti-Saloon league and its witnesses, namely, that to deprive drinking workmen of their morning drink would lessen the number of industrial accidents.

The number of these accidents, the petitioners contend, was greater before 10 o'clock in the morning and before 3 in the afternoon than at other periods of the day.

The opposition contended that the move was really a step toward absolute prohibition. The opposition, however, discussed the argument as to accidents and submitted figures to show that the number of industrial accidents was greater in the later hours of the forenoon and afternoon.

Manufacturers Favor Change

Several manufacturers claimed the change would be of great benefit in preventing accidents. Members of the committee asked them if they could give any incidents of accidents pre-

Final Mark Down on Waists

Black and colored messaline and taffeta waists, high and low neck, long, kimona and set in sleeve, which have \$2.50 sold up to \$5, now \$2.50

Messaline waists in black, brown and navy, high and low neck, long and short sleeves, formerly priced up to \$3.97, now \$1.97

Lingerie Waists, lace and hamburg trimmed, high and low neck, formerly priced up to \$2.97, now \$1.15

Lingerie waists, high and low neck, long and short sleeves, discontinued styles and counter milled, formerly priced 97c 97c, now 39c

Lingerie Waists in long sleeves only, which have sold at \$1.97, reduced to 97c

Black moreen petticoats, with tucked flounce, 69c 29c value, reduced to 29c

Drawers of good cotton, tucked ruffle, open only, regular price 25c, for a day or two, 2 pairs for 25c

Gingham and percale aprons, made princess, with strap across back, regular price 50c, now 29c

THE
White Store
116 Merrimack St.

they are unwilling to accept outright."

Mr. Nicholson said that the bill discriminates against the man who can't afford an extensive wine cellar.

J. L. CHALIFOUX
49 to 59 CENTRAL ST.

SALE OF

Men's Negligee Shirts

59c EACH 2 FOR \$1.00

Regular Price \$1.00

To clean up our stock of Negligee Shirts we have taken about 500 Negligee Shirts, some a little soiled and thrown them in at this low price. Every Shirt in the lot was originally priced at \$1 and a few at \$1.50.

ON SALE TODAY IN OUR MEN'S FURNISHING DEPT.

Two Big SHOE BARGAINS for Men

Men's \$2.00 and \$1.23 Men's \$3.00 and \$1.49
\$2.50 Shoes, at \$3.50 Shoes, at

Large sizes only, 9, 9 1/2, 10 and 11. Box calf and gun metal, blucher and button style; narrow, medium and wide toes.

The Beacon Shoes in patent leather only; all sizes, blucher and button. Goodyear welt.

ON SALE IN BARGAINLAND SHOE DEPT.

Our \$10.75 Sale of

MEN'S LAST SPRING SUITS

STILL ON

Sale of Children's Russian Suits

\$2.00 AND \$3.00 SUITS, AT 98 Cents

150 Odd Suits, sizes 2 1/2 to 4 years. Made in light and heavy weight cheviots and cassimores, Russian style. This lot consists of clean ups from our \$2 and \$3 lines and every Suit is a bargain at 98c.

ON SALE IN CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT, MAIN FLOOR

THE OLYMPICS WON

Took Three Points From the Brownies

The Brownies and the Olympics met on the Crescent alleys last night in the City League series and the latter team took two strings and the total. Perrin was high man with a single of 133 and a total of 429.

The C. M. A. C. team took three points from the Mt. Groves in the Moody Bridge league series on the alleys of the same name. McDermott was high man with a total of 259. In the Y. M. C. I. league the Oxfords and the Giants split even in their game last night. The Oxfords took the first and second strings but fell down on the third. The Giants won the last string by a good margin and gave them the total by 20 pins.

In the Nochem league series the Cads took two strings and the total from the Aris in a game on the Crescent alleys. The Unks and Dids also of the Nochem league met on the Crescent alleys and the Dids were done to the tune of two strings and the total. The scores:

Brownies			
1	2	3	Ttl
Jewett	89	87	275
Gilligan	103	98	201
Johnson	105	96	287
Wilson	87	95	260
Kelley	96	89	280
Totals	450	455	1391

Olympics			
Perrin	95	101	320
Carpenter	104	99	293
Moody	92	55	279
McCarthy	103	81	293
Chester	87	83	259
Totals	514	456	1452

C. M. A. C.			
1	2	3	Ttl
McDermott	96	87	283
L'Heureux	94	86	271
Mullin	101	83	262
Pigeon	92	87	237
Choquette	95	84	256
Totals	478	427	1365

Mt. Groves			
A. Silcox	76	99	270
W. Stack	91	90	261
Sheehan	71	79	221
Crowe	93	86	264
W. Silcox	92	81	248
Totals	417	416	1266

Oxford			
1	2	3	Ttl
Noonan	100	85	277
Poye	96	81	267
Flanagan	95	17	252
McCann	71	83	233
Horsco	79	74	242
Carlton	84	80	218
Totals	613	526	1521

Giants			
O'Loughlin	71	80	230
Hartley	101	77	261
Berry	74	82	237
Sullivan	73	72	247
Sheehy	75	93	263
Whalen	103	101	302
Totals	607	610	1524

Aris			
1	2	3	Ttl
Rousseau	71	76	235
Holdsworth	73	96	271
Curry	85	84	276
Hoyle	82	74	256
O'Connell	85	82	211
Totals	429	464	1395

Cads			
Gagan	97	87	268
F. Kinch	87	72	239
D. Kinch	90	83	264
Gratidian	95	84	274
Hoezel	95	90	283
Totals	435	464	1318

Unks			
Berry	74	86	240
Whitehead	87	85	263
C. Lewis	98	100	285
H. Lewis	94	80	252
E. Lewis	88	89	266
Totals	412	436	1306

Dids			

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Hoppe Has Strong Hold on Billiard Titles

By TOMMY CLARK.

HOW long will Willie Hoppe retain his billiard honors? This question is now uppermost in the minds of the cue enthusiasts. Finding a suitable opponent for the world's 18.1 and 18.2 balk line champion is just as hard as looking around for a man capable of reliving Jack Johnson of his pugilistic honors. Hoppe has defeated every cue artist of note during the last two years, and with few in sight able to make the holder of the two titles extend himself it looks as if it will be many years before he is dethroned.

The youthful master of the cue began the 1912 season with no titles dangerous to his hold, but closed it the champion at both 18.1 and 18.2 balk line billiards.

Last year he won every match with ease, and his recent contest with Sutton in New York shows that he is as good as ever. His next match will be in April with Calvin Demarest for the 15.1 championship.

Willie Hoppe has won matches all over the world and played before the nobility abroad, nothing pleases him more than the fact that he has been entertained by the president of the United States and has grasped the hand of the great Mr. Taft. An added distinction is that Hoppe is the first man who ever showed the official family in the White House the mysteries of the cue and the ivories.

It was on New Year's eve a year ago that President Taft gathered together his family and the cabinet members and their wives and invited Willie Hoppe to play billiards for them.

"I had played in many championships where large sums were involved as well as the championship," said Hoppe recently, "but I never before experienced the nervousness which I felt when giving the exhibition before the president."

Mr. Taft, however, made the "boy wonder," as Hoppe is known, feel at home by saying:

"My young man, just consider me an ordinary citizen tonight, for I want you to feel at ease and not get nervous."

As soon as Hoppe got his favorite cue in hand and started the ivories rolling he says the nervousness vanished, and never did the youth play more brilliantly than in the game with his manager, Burton Mank, when he won 100 points, 18.2 balk line, Congressmen Nichols Longworth, son-in-law



WILLIE HOPPE, CHAMPION AT 18.1 AND 18.2 BALK LINE.

GOOD SOUTHPAWNS BECOMING SCARCE

WHEN they tried to send them down the side rail in a single procession.

In speaking of the game of billiards recently Hoppe declared that the bridge is the most important part of the sport.

Every man starting to learn the game, he says, should first study his bridge and learn to use it so that the bridge hand never will become cramped.

In telling of the proper uses of the bridge and strokes Hoppe said:

"I have often been asked why such a small minority of the vast army of persons who find amusement and recreation playing different styles of billiards ever attain proficiency at the game. The answer is simply, they start wrong. And once having acquired an incorrect style it is a difficult thing to unlearn bad habits and begin aright.

"There are three things one must learn to play even an average game of billiards, making a correct bridge for all shots, holding the hand properly on the table with knuckles elevated and thumb extended. The cue, slipping easily between the hand and thumb, finds a solid resting place. This bridge I use most for the balk line shot when the balls are close together and a delicate stroke is needed. A few minutes' practice will serve to show how simple and effective is this manner of holding the cue. It gives perfect freedom of action and prevents a cramped movement.

"Then there is the draw stroke bridge. It is made with the hand lying flat on the table, with the index finger around the cue shaft and touching the thumb in very firm manner, so as to prevent the cue from taking an irregular stroke, which is oftentimes caused by the executing hand. It will give the hand a firm setting and hold the cue in position for a terrific drive or a very heavy drawn shot strike, used for gathering the balls into position in most of the round the table shots.

"In addition is the bridge I use for close drawn shots when the balls are so near together that a broader bridge is impossible. Only a few inches of space are required, yet a strong, firm resting 'groove' for the cue is attained.

"While all of the bridges I have mentioned are regularly used by the advanced player, the third and fourth will serve the needs of the beginner. Never allow the bridge hand to become cramped. Never start a shot through or over the bridge hand. The whole game of billiards depends upon ease of movement."

SCOUT LOWE HAS TRAVELED SOME.

Richest Double Play on Record

BOBBY Lowe, former American league star and at present on President Nauvin's scouting list, traveled 22,000 miles searching for players for the Detroit team.

ATHLETICSPOOR DRAWING CARD ON THE ROAD

OWNER FARRELL of the New York instance, are clumsy and unsightly, and while it seems strange that this would affect the team's drawing qualities, yet there is more in appearance on the field than one would believe. Then, too, the Athletics are a sort of quiet aggregation. Though Mack has an abundance of stars, they attract little attention to themselves and the games they take part in are usually affairs which do not arouse much interest for some reason or other.

Detroit outdrew the Athletics on the road last season, though the Tigers were virtually out of the race after July 4. This can be attributed to Cobb and Jennings, two attractions that draw people to a ball park regardless of where their team may be in the race.

ZBYSKO, WHO WILL MEET GOTCH

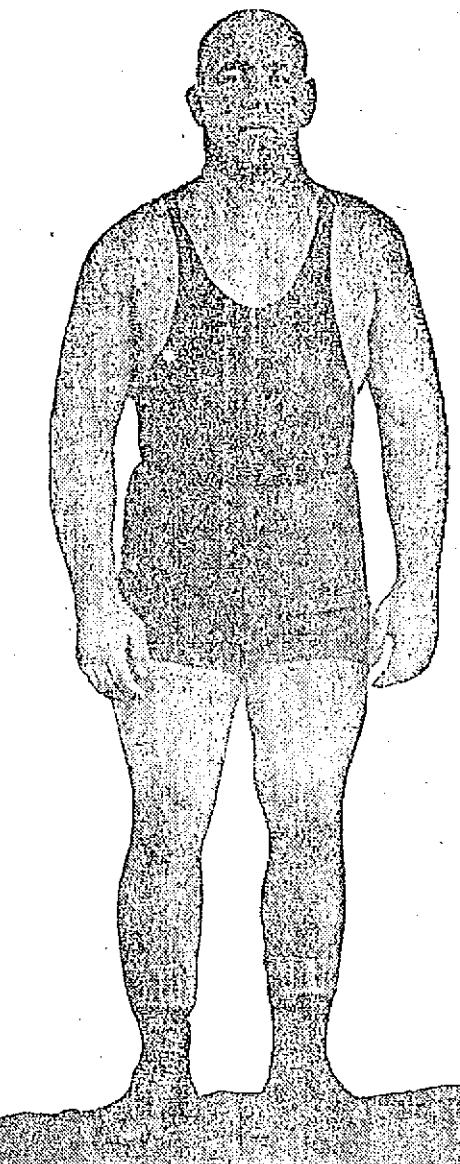


Photo by American Press Association.

ZBYSKO, the giant Polish wrestler, will be given a chance with Frank Gotch for the world's title. The foreigner has been clamoring for a crack at the honors for two years and has defeated every nut artist of note in America and abroad. The men will probably meet in March.

Managers Have System In Working Pitchers

MUCH of Connie Mack's success has—that is, if he has pitchers who are better against one team than another. Of course, if the entire batch is mediocre it matters not in what rotation they are worked.

A pitcher like Walter Johnson is about as effective against one team as another, and in his case it is policy to give him, say, three days' rest between games regardless of what team he is up against.

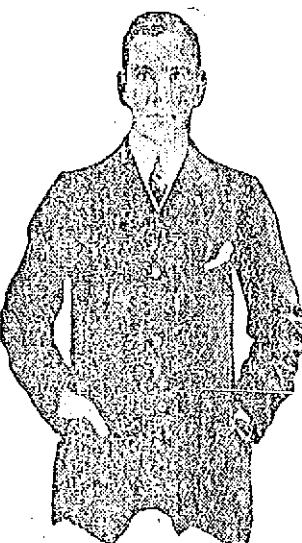
Griffith, like Mack, does not believe in working his pitchers in regular turn.

INABILITY TO HIT LEFT HANDERS DUE TO SIDE OF DELIVERY

WHY can't a left hand batter successfully hit a southpaw twirler?

This question was asked Doc White, the Chicago White Sox pitcher, who not only throws from the port side, but bats left handed, and who is recognized as one of the brainiest flingers in the big leagues.

"I know one left hand hitter who can walk a southpaw any old time he



DOC WHITE.

comes to the bat," was White's quick retort.

"Who?"

"A gent named Ty Cobb, who draws wages from the Detroit Tigers," was the answer.

"But, seriously, Doc, what's the answer? What is your theory?"

"It is the simplest thing in the world," he replied.

"The majority of pitchers in the big

leagues are right handed, are they not?

"When you were a kid and played on the lots the majority of pitchers then were right-handed. Isn't that so?"

The original questioner admitted it was.

"Well, then, isn't it reasonable to assume that a ball player from his earliest days to the time he gets into the big league bats against right handed pitchers twice as often as he does against southpaws?"

This also was admitted.

"Well," continued White, "that's the answer, and that's all there is to it."

"If the big leagues should decide to carry half a dozen left hand pitchers and only one or two right handers you would find that in the course of a very short time all these fellows who cannot hit left handed pitchers would have to be able to solve the part side shoots."

The inky dentist admits that there is something baffling about a southpaw's delivery to the average left hand batter, but declares emphatically that if left hand batters made a study of southpaw pitchers and batted against them as much as they could he believes they would probably overcome to a great extent their weakness.

"Take Ty Cobb, for instance," added White. "I used to like to pitch against him when he first broke into the American league. He was the easiest kind of a proposition for me. But now—well, I can't fool him any more, and no other left hander can—I don't care who he is."

"It is claimed that Vean Gregg, the Cleveland southpaw, was the only man who could serve up something Ty could not hit last season," Doc asserted. "This may be true, but you can gamble that if Gregg stays in the American league very long Cobb will be able to get to him."

At this stage of the conversation Bobby Cranson, the old Georgetown catcher, butted in and said: "Doc, do you remember when you used to work that hot fast ball on 'em? Didn't you wish you had it now?"

That last remark broke up the fanning bee, and Cranson had to beat it

to the cyclone cellar.

Philadelphia Athletics' \$100,000 Infield

BAKER, Harry, Collins and McNamee are called Mack's \$100,000 infield, and the name is not misplaced, for there is not the slightest doubt that if this quartet were placed on the market it would easily bring that sum. The cheapest one of the four would undoubtedly be McNamee, but the bidding for the other three would be lively enough to bring up the price to over the amount mentioned, even if the young fast baserunner's price fell below the average.

Mack undoubtedly deserves credit for the wisdom he displayed in developing these players and yet he was lucky in doing it. It is undoubtedly one of the greatest infields the game has ever known, and the fact that they are all youngsters means that it will remain at the top for some years yet.

Championship teams have always been blessed with sensational infields. Burns, Williamson, Pfeffer and Anson formed a great quartet in the early days in Chicago. Boston had four wonders in Collins, Long, Lowe and Tenney, and there never was a more sensational infield than Baltimore boasted of in the days of the Orioles, when McNamee, Jennings, Rickey and Doyle were

at their best. But none of them was better than the one which has helped the Athletics to two world's championships.

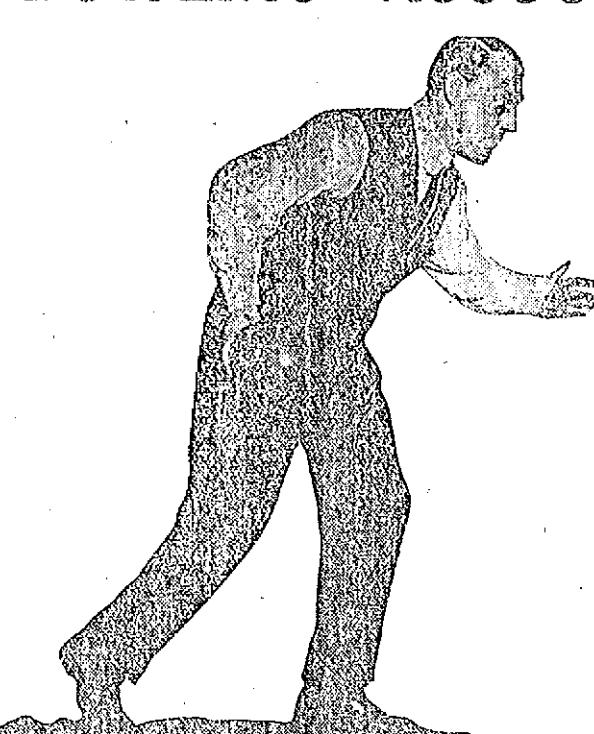
O'DAY WILL BE WATCHED

There is the greatest curiosity among followers of the game as to the efficiency of Henry O'Day as a manager. There are at least two advantages which the Cincinnati pilot will have over other leaders. From his long experience behind the plate O'Day probably knows the weaknesses and strengths of every batter in the league. He must also know just what every pitcher has and what ball he depends on when the batter has him in a hole. This knowledge should prove invaluable.

MERMAIDS IN OLYMPICS.

Members of the fair sex are not to be overlooked in the coming Olympic games in Sweden. While they are not good runners or shotputters, they certainly make good mermaids. For this reason six swimming events for women have been placed on the program.

NATIONAL BOWLING ASSOCIATION TOURNAMENT



ALEX DUNBAR, CRACK BOWLER.

In these modern times success in every walk of life seems on individuality. High personal quality is the one great demand. No matter what sphere a person becomes prominent, it is the personality that seems to predominate. Something original, out of the ordinary is the cry.

To narrow this matter down to the world of sports, personality is perhaps a greater element in the success of a person than any other feature. One might name a long list of champions or of quality athletes and the same question presents itself—that of personality. In no other game is the personal equation so excellently exemplified as in the great indoor sport of bowling—the premier winter pastime of America. A person may be called a good bowler, but unless he has some particular predominating feature about himself he never becomes prominent.

The deadly accuracy of Jimmy Smith, Johnny Vecchio or Alexander Dunbar, all of them known from coast to coast as premier pin spitters, is one of the secrets of their success, yet each has an entirely different style and in some department of the game is par excellence personalized.

The ability of Smith to overcome the peculiarity of almost any set of alleys ever laid is the one strong point of his game. The mechanical accuracy of Dunbar, who boasts that he known exactly to the fraction of an inch where his ball is going when he lays it down and that his inability to lay it exactly right each time is the only thing that prevents him from being a constant perfect bowler, is what made him famous. Vecchio's ability to make almost any kind of a spare and whose best game is rolled on absolutely new alleys is the known feature that has made him the crack bowler wherever he goes.

It is this personal touch to the game

of ten pins that has led the managers of the sixth annual tournament of the National Bowling Association, which will be held in Paterson, N. J., from March 8 to 30, to add to the regular national championships, in which the crack bowlers of America are involved, a special championship over a longer route than the customary three games, total pins to count. This special event will carry with it the title of world's individual championship. Scarcely had the decision been imparted to Jimmie Smith, four times champion of Greater New York and considered the greatest bowler that ever lived & runaway, than

the "Peerless One" promptly wrote his entry. Pitted against him will be his old time rival, Johnny Vecchio, and the present champion, Alexander Dunbar. John Koster, who looks like the winner this year in the Greater New York competition, has entered, as has Glenn Riddell, former champion who is at present bowling sensational ten-pins.

From the west, Gus Steele, Jimmy Blouin, Frank Brill, Dave Woodbury of Chicago, Louis Franz of Cleveland, Dan Koster of Erie, Tom Haley of Detroit, Charley Mountain of Milwaukee, Larry Sutton of Rochester, all of them champions, have entered. Others from the eastern section will be Lee R. Johns of Newark, Harry Taylor of Paterson, Tommy Curtis of Trenton, Alex Johnston of Toronto, Charley Johnston of New Haven, Herman Trucks of Philadelphia, Cy Bradley and "Scotty" Leutbecker of Baltimore.

It is probable that nine games will be the route, with special prizes and medals offered for the winner and runner-up. These men, besides bowling for the world's title, will be eligible to roll regularly with their respective clubs in the two man, two man and regular individual events. The world's titlist event will be restricted to those bowlers who have performed in an acknowledged championship fashion in previous events of the National association or those who have become famous for their bowling ability.

John J. Fitzgerald, the tournament manager, has received word from various cities indicating that the western bowlers will be strongly represented. It has been promised four teams from Chicago, a team from St. Louis, the Candy Kids of Madison, Wis.; half a dozen teams from cities in Ohio, three or four from Kentucky, a couple from Virginia, six or seven from West Virginia, one from Georgia, ten from the New Eng-

ONLY NINE PLAYERS Remaining in Big Leagues Who Were in Harness in 1901

Only nine players remain in the two big baseball leagues who have served continuously in their respective circuits since 1901. Of all the 290 players who were in the American league in the season of 1901, the year the younger organization really made its bid for equal honors with the National, only three are listed for American league berths as players during the coming season. It is peculiar that each of the three is still regarded as a star in his department of the game and is expected to deliver the goods as well as he has done for years. Nap Lajoie of Cleveland, Eddie Plank of the Athletics, and Bill Sullivan of the White Sox, are the three survivors and each of them is likely to survive several more seasons in fast company.

In 1901 Lajoie was with the Athletics, but the following spring joined the Naps, of which team he has been a member ever since. Plank, however, has remained with the Athletics all these years, Philadelphia being the only big league club to which he has belonged. Sullivan has been Chicago's mainstay batted the bat and its manager one year.

Should Norman Elsner be retained by Washington he will be the fourth survivor of the American league's inaugural as a big circuit. Elsner, in fact, has served longer in the American than any other player, he being a member of the Detroit club of 1900, the sole player of that year to be still in Ban Johnson's organization. But the "Kid" is slated for the minors.

Apart from those mentioned there are others who were big hurlers in 1901 who cast their fortunes with the American the following year and have been in that circuit ever since. For instance, Sam Crawford was with Cincinnati in 1901. He has been a star Tiger ever since. Bobby Wallace and Jack Powell were with the Cardinals that year, coming over to the more aggressive league the following spring.

It was also in 1902 that Doc White and Bill Donovan deserted the National and joined the White Sox and Tigers. Tom Hughes and Tony Hartset were members of the Chicago Nationals in 1901 and went over to the American to start the campaign of 1902. Hartset has just left for the minors, but Tom Hughes, after an absence of one year, is again in the American.

Cy Young went over in 1902, but is a National leaguer once more. Charley Hamphill, Jimmy Callahan and Matty McIntyre are three others who came close to getting into the honor list. Hamphill, however, is in the same class as Hartset, retiring to become manager of a minor league club while McIntyre, a member of the Athletics in 1901, served a season or so at Buffalo before going back into the American. As for Callahan, the manager of the White Sox, he dropped out of organized baseball for a few years.

The National league can point to but six players who have served continuously since the spring of 1901. They are Wagner, Clark and Leach of the Pirates, Mathewson of the Giants, Kling of Chicago and now of Boston, and Chance of the Cubs. Those then became catchers. With both Clarke and Chance retired to the bench, it may be said there are only four playing survivors.

JIMMY CALLAHAN

PLANS SHAKE-UP IN LINEUP FOR

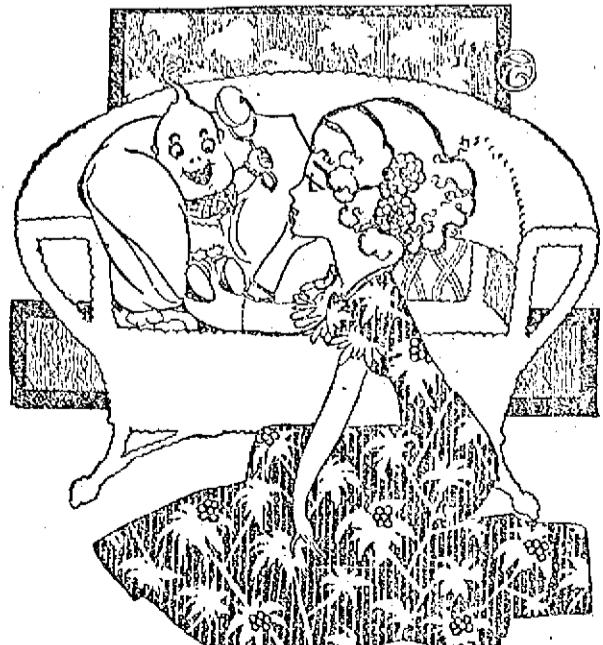
1912

CHICAGO, March 1.—James J. Callahan, "come back" manager of the Chicago White Sox, may prove a regular heart beat for discipline. He may be a czar in ruling his men and may bench players with a free hand if they fail to produce results expected of them early in the season.

Already the leader of Comiskey's club has announced that only one player can be co-captain of his post as a regular on the White Sox in 1912 and that is Harry Lord. Of course, Manager Callahan had no allusion to the catchers and pitchers, as Walsh, Sullivan, et al., are considered fixtures on the South Side.

This means that the best man for each place on the outfit and instead

THE SUN'S DAILY PICTURE PUZZLE



Miracles of unlacest
Ecstasy of ecstasies!
Event unmaginable!
Prodigy unparalleled!
Baby's got a little toof!

Find dad.

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

Upside down, nose at elbow.

A LITTLE NONSENSE



A RICH ORPHAN.

"I feel sorry for that poor, motherless girl."

"Well, why don't you marry her?"

"What I want is a motherless girl with a fair income."



NOT A DESIRABLE ACQUAINTANCE



MISUNDERSTOOD.

"Harry—I know my own mind. Said he was always a friend in need."

"Bessie—Don't introduce me."



ENDLESS ENTERTAINMENT.

"What are you so deeply interested in?"

"It's a serial story about some people who are saving for a steam yacht."

"Good story, is it?"

"Yes; and I expect it will run on for years and years."



HIS IDEA.

Mr. Smith (a wise man)—My son Tom is a veterinary surgeon.

Mr. Jones (not so wise)—Well, he's a pretty young lookin' feller to be a veterinarian.

Years and years."

SPECIAL NOTICES

CLAIMOVANT AND PALMIST
reads whole life. Lost, stolen property, sickness and business; call and be convinced. Call 29 Dalton St.

HORSE CLIPPING BY POWER, 50 Adams st. Horses clipped in the evening. If notified before 5 o'clock. Baron & Roll. Tel. 269.

SAFETY RAZOR BLADES SHARPENED; cut better than new. 25¢ each. Cox's Barber Shop, 47 East Merrimack st.

HORSE CLIPPING BY POWER, 20 years experience. General Bros. 13 Rock st.

SKATES HOLLOW CHUNDI
Knives and scissars sharpened. Saw blade and key fitting. 101 Merrimack st. Cutler, 123 Gotham st. Tel. 562-2.

BENT'S NO. 1 KILLS LICE ON CHILDREN. Excellent for brownish moth liching, poison ivy, mites, etc. rheum, falling hair. 25 cents at Falls & Burkinshaw st.

LIMBURG CO. CHIMNEY EXPERTS
Chimney sweep and repair. Residence 1128 Bridge st. Tel. 916.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK
In family of three; good home. Mrs. J. E. Blodgett, Billerica Centre.

BOY WANTED TO LEARN
automobile business, road driving and repairing. Send stamp for particulars. New England Auto School, 509 Tremont st. Boston.

LOT NO. 150 RESIDENTIAL TERRACE
for sale; 50 feet front, full length; must be sold before first of April. Send me a reasonable offer. W. E. S. Stanley, 19 Stoke st., Rochester, N. Y.

MERRIMACK STREET INVESTMENT
property for sale at a bargain. Pawtucketville 7-room-house \$1,500. Each wall from Pawtucket st. to Lowell, two four-room houses 9 rooms each \$2200. W. E. Dodge, 22 Central st.

FOR SALE

Poultry farm 1½ acres. 7 room house with bath, furnace heat, extra large lot of land, on cr. line. Taxed \$660. Out for immediate sale to \$300

COTTAGE \$1000

7 rooms, nice lot land, hot water heat, fruit trees, good location.

2-TEN—HIGHLANDS

5 rooms each, cement foundation, hardwood floors in parlor and dining room, set tubs, laundry, all modern, new house; rents \$360 per year. \$360

INVESTMENT

Near Broadway, 4 tenement block, renting for \$12 per year. Sold less than assessed value for \$5000

Member Lowell Real Estate Exchange

"Your Satisfaction Is Our Success!"

Eugene G. Russell

407 Middlesex St., Near Depot, Real Estate and Insurance

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, Middlesex ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin, creditors, and all other persons interested in the estate of John Leyrey, alias John Leyre, late of Lowell. In said County, deceased intestate.

Whereas a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to Anne Leyrey, of Lowell, in said County, or to some other suitable person.

And the petitioner is hereby directed to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex on the sixth day of March, A. D. 1912, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And the petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least, before the court.

Given, Charles J. McNamee, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twenty-eighth day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

James E. O'Donnell, Attorney.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, State House, Boston, Feb. 25, 1912. The Committee on Public Health will give a hearing to parties interested in the No. 1464 to 1500 of the practice of optometry; H. B. No. 1562, to provide for the election of members of the boards of Registration in Medicine, Dentistry and Pharmacy; and H. B. No. 1553, to regulate cold storage and the sale of articles which have been kept in cold storage, etc. At 10 a. m., 1886 State House, on Tuesday, March 5, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. Charles S. Chase, Chairman. Norman P. Wood, Clerk of the Committee.

CITY, VILLAGE AND COUNTRY PROPERTY, INVESTMENTS, HOTELS, ETC.

C. W. Johnson & Son

Houghton, Davis and Parker Sts. Phone 2030

EYES EXAMINED

7 Merrimack st., over Transfer station.

Glasses made and repaired. All work guaranteed. Lowest prices.

HELP WANTED

FIRST CLASS EMBROIDERERS
wanted; steady work and good pay. 120 Lawrence st.

BOY'S WANTED TO EARN MONEY
in spare time. Call Saturday or Monday, 10 to 11 a. m., 233 Central st. H. Roll.

YOUNG MEN WANTED TO LEARN
to be chauffeurs and carmen. Instruction given here in Lowell. Demand for these trained men cannot be supplied. The work is pleasant and out of doors. We give a complete course in driving and caring for horses, which will enable any man to hold the best position to be had. Day and evening classes. Private driving lessons given to anyone desiring same. For particular, etc., apply to P. O. Box 284, Lowell, Mass.

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GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK
in family of three; good home. Mrs. J. E. Blodgett, Billerica Centre.

BOY WANTED TO LEARN
automobile business, road driving and repairing. Send stamp for particulars. New England Auto School, 509 Tremont st. Boston.

SCOTCH COLLIE DOG LOST, LIGHT

brown, with white around neck, wore collar, with license tag. Strayed away about two weeks ago. Reward at 22 Agawam st.

POCKETBOOK CONTAINING SMALL
sum of money lost between Davis and Cedar st. Please return to 43 Cedar st. and receive reward.

GRAY CAT WITHOUT A TAIL, lost wearing collar and ribbon on neck. Reward at 13 East Merrimack st. room 8.

YOUNG BROWN WATER SPANIEL
lost, Centerville Monday. Reward if returned to Vincent's Bakery, 204 West Sixth st.

ENVELOPE CONTAINING LETTER
and money order, addressed to the Larin Soap Co., lost in Merrimack st. or Knox's 5 & 10c store. Finder will be rewarded at 67 West Fifth ave., Lowell.

POCKETBOOK LOST WITH A SUM
of money, between Moore's 5 & 10c store and 86 Appleton st. The owner will be rewarded at 66 Appleton st.

THINK IT OVER

A first class new drop head sewing machine with all attachments for the small price of

15 DOLLARS

This price seems unreasonable at this time, when everything is so high. Don't think these machines are poorly constructed. If you need a new machine it will pay you to see our machines, which are not second class machines. CARR'S POOL PARLOR, 98 Gorham st., near post office. Phone 2183-1, 2064-12.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE

Separate rooms \$1 per month for boxes, etc. Good place to store. The dry and cleanest place for storage in Lowell. Telephone connection G. F. French, 256 Bridge st.

STOVE REPAIRS—WE CARRY IN

stock and furnish flues, grates, cover, centers, water fronts, etc., for all kinds of stoves and ranges.

MAX GOLDSMITH'S NEW PAINT STORE

155 Chestnut St., Tel. 2807-1

THIS MEANS YOU

Every working man and woman.

Loans made while you wait. No delay. No charge for application.

Interest 1 Per Cent Per Month.

The size of your salary or wages

bars no honest working person from getting money on credit here. We loan to All.

LOWELL LOAN CO.

22 Central Street

Fourth Floor Take Elevator

Open 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Monday

and Saturday until 9 p. m.

STOVE REPAIRS

We carry in stock and furnish flues, grates, cover, centers, water fronts, etc., for all kinds of stoves and ranges.

Bring the name of stove or telephone 2877-2.

John Furniture Co., 160 Middlesex st.

MISCELLANEOUS

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

LAWRENCE STRIKE

Continued

END OF STRIKE

IS THOUGHT TO BE AT HAND NOW

LAWRENCE, March 1.—The end of the great textile strike involving 20,000 operatives which began on Jan. 11 is thought to be in sight. The outlook today was more hopeful than at any time since the beginning of the struggle. The optimistic sentiment which pervaded the ranks of business men, operatives and all classes of citizens was due to the action of many of the mills in posting notices announcing an advance in wages of at least five per cent, beginning next Monday. The advance will affect nearly 30,000 operatives in Lawrence and vicinity.

While the Industrial Workers of the World, whose 12,000 or more members are idle, have not agreed to return under the increase as posted, it is thought that many of the strikers will return to their machines next week. The members of the Industrial Workers are largely unskilled. The skilled employees of the mills that are organized are members of unions, most of which are allied with the American Federation of Labor. A meeting of the general committee of the Central Labor union has been called for tonight and a meeting of the strikers' committee of the Industrial Workers has been summoned for 1 p.m. The mills of the Arlington corporation, manufacturers of woolen and cotton goods, were the first to post notices announcing a wage increase of five per cent. William Whitman of Boston, for many years president of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, is president of the Arlington mills, which are entirely independent of the American Woolen Co. Mr. Whitman's plant employs about 5,500 persons when all the machinery is active. The action of the Arlington mills was quickly followed by the Union mills of the United States Worsted Co. in South Lawrence. The Uswoco plant employs 500 hands.

An advance of five per cent on Monday was next announced by the Wood, Washington, Ayer and Prospect mills of the American Woolen company in Lawrence and South Lawrence, together with all the other plants of the corporation in New England and New York state. The American Woolen Co. has about 12,000 operatives here and about 35,000 in other places. The strike inaugurated by the Industrial Workers of the World was mainly directed against the Lawrence mills of the American Woolen company and these plants were seriously handicapped by the absence of a large percentage of their unskilled employees. The notice posted in the American Woolen company's mills reads as follows:

"In all mills of this company a new schedule of wages will be put into effect March 4, 1912, involving increases in the rates now paid by the hour and the piece. The wages will be readjusted according to classes and occupations but in every case the increase will amount to at least five per cent."

The five per cent advance granted is based on the 54 hour law, or otherwise the increase will be added to the wages paid for 54 hours' work. The wage scale is on a per hour basis as well as the reduction in working time from 54 hours under the law and the effect of reducing the weekly aggregate of 1 per cent the net increase to operate over the 54 hour total is just 1.2 per cent on the average.

The strike was nominally due to a reduction in wages made under the two hours cut in time but the struggle later developed a demand for a 10 per cent advance in wages, the abolition of the premium system and double pay for overtime.

The certain mills of the Pacific corporation employing more than 5000 operatives posted notices this afternoon announcing that wages would be advanced next Monday. The amount of the proposed increase was not stated in the notices but it is understood that the advance will be substantially the same as that which the Arlington and American Woolen mills will pay. The Pacific corporation owns the Cocheco print cloth mills and print works in Dover, N. H., but the New Hampshire plant was not involved in the local strike. In all the Pacific mills in the two cities employ about 5500 persons.

Among the independent woolen mills which announced their intention of joining in the general advance were those of the Stevens & Co. in North Andover, Haverhill, Mass., and Franklin, N. H. The amount of the increase was not specified but it will affect 2000 employees on the firm's payroll. About fifty of the weavers in Haverhill have been on strike for some time.

Thirteen children, who have been employed in Lawrence mills, left here yesterday for Washington to give testimony before the congressional committee on rules which has before it a resolution to investigate conditions in Lawrence.

The resolution was introduced in Congress by Rep. Berger, socialist, of Wisconsin.

THE OTHER MILLS

EXPECTED TO FOLLOW ARLINGTON IN ANNOUNCING INCREASE

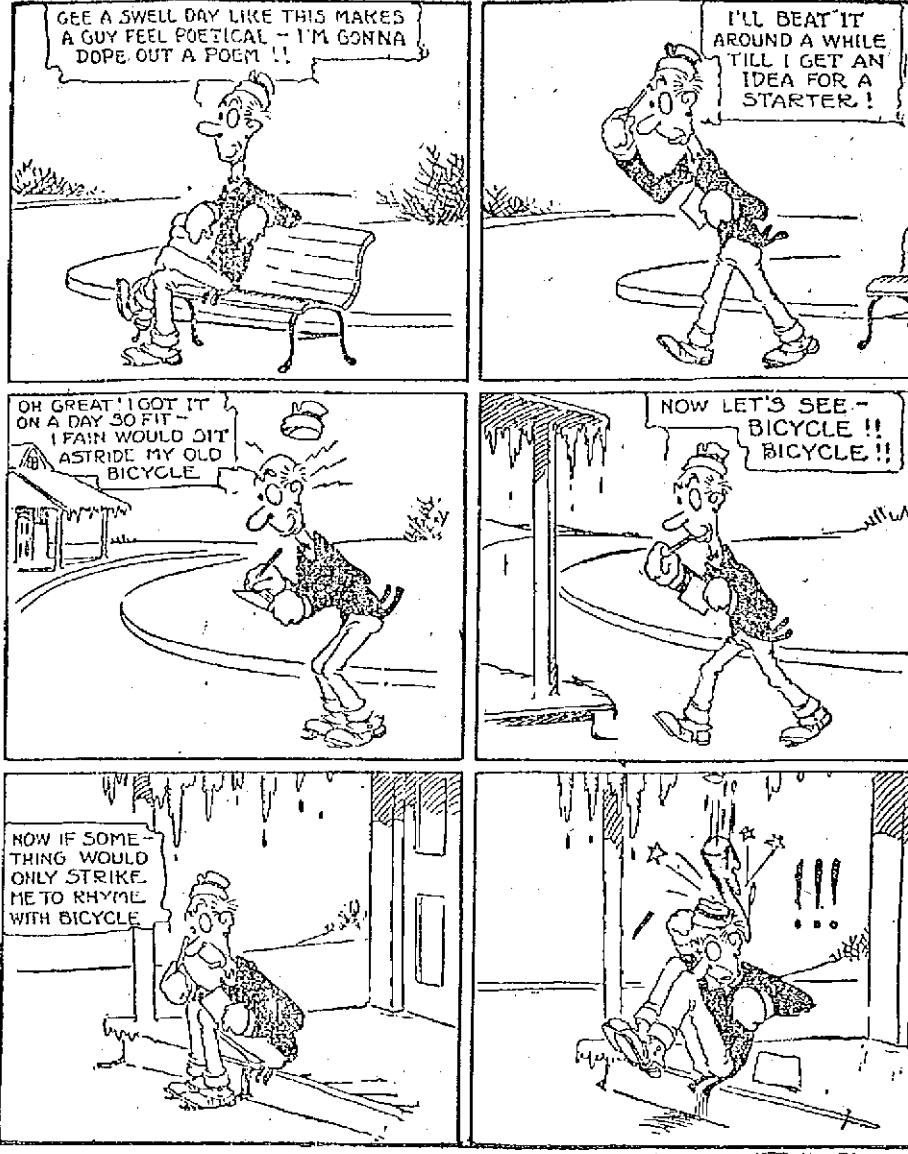
LAWRENCE, March 1.—The posting of notices in the Arlington mills today announcing a wage increase of at least five per cent, to take effect next Monday was expected to prove an important step toward the speedy settlement of the great textile strike which involves nearly 20,000 persons and is now in its eighth week. It was believed that the other mills affected by the strike would follow the action of the Arlington corporation.

The notice at the Arlington mills informed the employees that a readjustment of wages will be made upon a comparative basis as to occupation involving increases in the rates now paid by the hour and by the piece, such advances in no case to be less than five per cent. The statement concluded "We hope to furnish our people with steady employment and shall welcome back and give work as rapidly as possible to any of our old employees, without discrimination, who apply for work on or before Wednesday, March 6, 1912."

Many of the operatives who have been working in the mill during the progress of the strike entered the gates without pausing to read the notice. A scarcity of strikers doing picket duty was apparent during the hours preceding the time for beginning work. No trouble of any kind engaged the attention of the police and militia during the early forenoon hours. There appeared to be a slight increase in the number of people entering the various mills today.

The belief was expressed among several business and public officials today that the wage increase offered by the Arlington mill would tend to cause a

A DISASTROUS RHYME



tens earned about \$13 a week, of which Pearl took \$4 and her older and more expert sister received \$2.

The committee in charge of the children has planned for each child of foreign birth to be taken to the embassy or legation representing the country of his nativity in order that the foreign diplomats may learn how the children of their respective nationalities fare in American industrial establishments.

Every member of the Washington party wore on the lapel of the coat a red lettered, red bordered card bearing one of the two following inscriptions: "Don't be a scab" or "I am not a scab."

During the trip on the elevated railroad in Boston from the north to the south station the boys were greatly interested in the harbor shipping and in the warships that could be seen at the navy yard.

The party left for New York and Washington on the 10:03 a.m. train on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad.

NOTICES POSTED

OF WAGE INCREASE IN PROVIDENCE MILLS

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 1.—The American Woolen Co. employs 6000 operatives at its five plants in Providence and at each of the mills notices were posted this morning announcing the increase in wages. The mills of the American Woolen Co. here are the National and Providence comprising a group of eight buildings in which 2400 operatives are employed. The Riverside, employing 1800, Weehawken, with 700, the Valley employing six hundred and the Marion, employing 500 operatives. All the mills are running on full time.

COTTON MILLS

FEEL IN NO POSITION TO GRANT WAGE INCREASE

BOSTON, March 1.—The interests in this city which control the cotton mills in Lawrence have felt that the cotton industry was in no condition to grant an increase in wages at this time and one of the obstacles which the officials of the Lawrence cotton mills had to meet in considering demands for a wage advance is the possibility of many other New England cotton mills being compelled to follow any action taken by the mills in the strike-ridden city. There was, therefore, much interest in the announcement which was expected to be made in a short time by the treasurers of the Lawrence cotton mills.

The following is a list of the American Woolen Co.'s mills which will be affected by the advance in wages: Washington, Wood, Ayer and Prospect, Lawrence; Saranac, Blackstone, Beal and Arden, Fitchburg; Assabet, Maynard; Beaver Brook, Collinsville; Chase, Webster; Ray, Franklin; Hock, Uxbridge; Royalston, South Royalton and Puritan, Plymouth, Mass.; Fulton, Upton, N. Y.; Sawyer, Dover, N. H.; Lebanon, Lebanon, N. H.; Baltic, Endfield, N. H.; National and Providence, Valley, Riverside, Wyebosset and Marion, Providence, R. I.; Anchor, Harrisville and Pusey, R. I.; Mossup, Moosup, Conn.; Vassalboro, Maine; Kennebec, Fairfield, Me.; Brown, Dover, Me.; Oldtown, Me.; Burlington, Winona, Vt.; Winona River, Burlington, Vt.

Two or three small mills at other points are also affected.

PACIFIC MILLS

POSTED NOTICE OF ADVANCE IN WAGES

LAWRENCE, March 1.—Notices of an advance in wages March 4, were posted in all of the cotton mills of the Pacific Corporation this afternoon. The Pacific mills in Lawrence employ more than 5000 operatives and with the Dover, N. H., plant constitute one of the largest cotton concerns in the country.

The notice follows:

"A new schedule of wages involving an increase in rates whether paid by the hour or piece will be put into effect in these mills March 4."

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



The Right HAT

Means a happy head! We sell right hats. We can assist you in your selection, having spent much time in selecting a proper stock of the smartest styles. The Talbot Special style, 48-48, is one of the best styles this season; comes in five different heights of crown and widths of brim. It is the correct hat and costs but..... \$2.00.

The "TEX DERRY" is our special hat in the better grade, six styles to choose..... \$3.00

STETSON DERBIES in the new shapes, \$3.50 and \$5

All the new things in Soft and Stitched Hats.

\$1 to \$3

TALBOT
American House
Elk, Central St.

ISABELLA GOODWIN

Is Made a First Grade Detective

NEW YORK, March 1.—Mrs. Isabella Goodwin, a police matron, who is credited with the capture of the taxicab robbers who recently held up two bank messengers and procured \$25,000, was advanced today to the rank of first grade detective at a salary of \$2,220 by Police Commissioner Walsh in recognition of her services.

NOTICE!

We Have No Last Year Old Style Suit Display in Our Windows

Why? Because we clean up our stock every season. We never rest our heads on last year's pillows. We show you brand new goods, this season's make, up-to-date goods at lower prices than you can buy an old, last year style suit. Look at our display windows—compare the prices and goods—come in, examine the goods, then you will return home happy with one of our new up-to-date suits, new spring style hat and a new model union made shirt. Everything up-to-date at

ROY & O'HEIR'S
88 Prescott Street, Facing Market

LITTLE STORE WITH THE BIG TRADE.

Otto Coke

Preston Coal and Coke Co.
23 Merrimack Street.
Telephone 1366

SOUTHERN DIV.		WESTERN DIV.	
To Boston.	From Boston.	To Boston.	From Boston.
6:45 6:50	6:14 7:15	6:46 7:05	6:13 8:10
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